Mountain House Community Services District, Mountain House, California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report FY 2023-2024 | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024









MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT MOUNTAIN HOUSE, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2024

Prepared by the Finance Department



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Mountain House Community Services District

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October 31, 2024

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors, and Residents of Mountain House Community Services District:

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for Mountain House Community Services District (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's Revenue Bonds Continuing Disclosure requires the District submit audited financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated to apply to governmental entities from time to time by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This report fulfills that requirement for the year ended June 30, 2024.

District management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. We believe the data fairly represents the financial position and results of operations of the District. The disclosures necessary to enable the reader to understand the District's financial affairs have been included. The District's accounting system has been developed and maintained with due consideration given to the adequacy of internal controls. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The evaluation of the costs and benefits of a particular control requires estimates and judgments by management.

An annual audit is performed by an independent certified public accountant (CPA) selected by the District's Board of Directors. The accounting firm of Richardson & Company, LLP. was selected to perform the District's annual financial audits. The auditors have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, which is presented on page 1. The audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts.

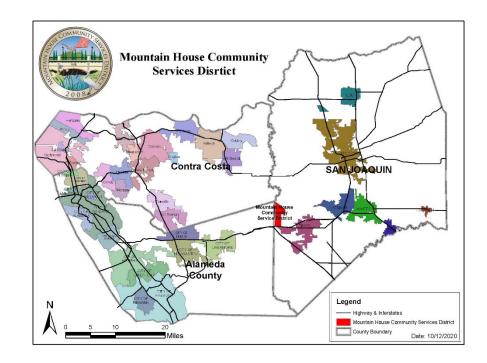
Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is designed to be read in conjunction with this transmittal letter.

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District Profile

The Mountain House Community Services District is located in the west area of San Joaquin County, approximately 61 miles southeast of San 52 miles Francisco, east of Oakland, 51 miles northeast of San Jose, and 76.5 miles southwest of Sacramento. The District occupies 7.5 square miles.

Created April 16, 1996, the Mountain House Community Services District is a Special



District, governed by a five-member Board of Directors with a Board-elected President and Vice President.

The Mountain House Community Services District is a Board-Manager form of government. The Board of Directors appoints the General Manager who appoints all other District personnel. The General Manager is charged with overseeing the District's daily operations.

The District is a political subdivision of the State of California, formed in 1996, in accordance with the Community District Services Law in Government Code Section 61000. When created, the Local Agency Formation Commission granted the District the following eighteen separate governmental powers to exercise within the boundaries of the District:

1. Water services Road maintenance 2. Sewer services 11. Transportation services 3. Garbage services 12. Graffiti abatement 4. Fire protection 13. CC&R enforcement 5. Public recreation 14. Flood control protection 6. Street lighting 15. Pest and weed abatement 7. Library buildings and services 16. Wildlife habitat mitigation 8. Convert utilities to underground 17. Telecommunications services 9. Police protection 18. Dissemination of information

In addition, the District has the following general powers: sue and be sued; purchase, receive by gift or bequest and hold land, make contracts and purchases and hold personal property necessary to the exercise of its powers, manage, sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of its property as the interest of its inhabitants require; levy and collect taxes authorized by law and exercise such other and further powers as may be especially conferred by law or as may be necessarily implied from those expressed. All services outside of the eighteen enumerated powers are performed either by San Joaquin County or the State of California.

Mission and Values

The District's missions is to provide responsive service to our growing community that exceeds expectations at a fair value.

The District's values are:

- Ethics: To hold to highest ethical standards, and to act with honesty and integrity.
- Responsibility: To accept responsibility for our individual and collective actions, and to have the courage to take right actions on behalf of the whole irrespective of political pressures.
- Vision: To be visionary, innovative, and resourceful.
- Community-Minded: To create a vibrant, thriving, and resilient community and to build strong, positive partnerships with residents and stakeholders.
- Respect: To interact respectfully, use active listening skills, and develop the self-awareness to monitor how our actions impact ourselves and others.
- Competence: To competently discharge our duties and seek opportunities to increase our efficiency as well.

Economic Growth and Development

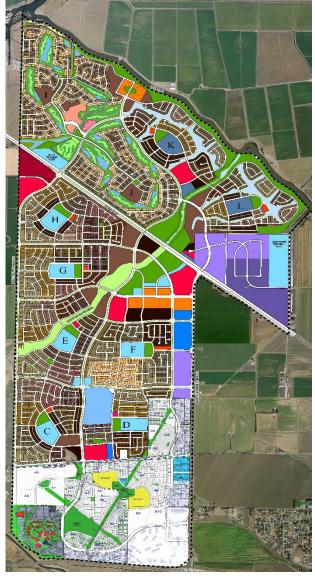
The District is planned to include approximately 2,619 acres of residential development of varying densities, 674 acres of commercial and industrial uses, and approximately 760 acres of open space, recreation and resource conservation areas. Essential public services, including streets, public safety, fire and emergency services, storm drain, water and sewer, are provided by the District, as required by the Master Plan. When fully built out, Mountain House is intended to provide approximately 15,700 units of housing and services for approximately 44,000 people.

In 1996, the County established the District. The District provides many, but not all, of the same services and receives many, but not all, of the same revenues as an

incorporated city in the State. Upon formation of the District, it was contemplated the territory in Mountain House community would someday incorporate. The Incorporation application process was approved by the Board of Directors in 2020 and is currently entering the final stages of incorporation.

Development within the District has been ongoing for over 20 years, and the community is expected to continue developing over approximately the next 25 to 30 years. As of June 30, 2024, over 7,869 units of housing have been built in seven neighborhoods, all being billed for utility services by the District. To date, nearly all of the planned homes in Neighborhoods C, D, E, F, G and H have been completed. Infrastructure Neighborhoods A and B are underway and multiple merchant builders are actively constructing homes, many of which have been completed and sold to homeowners. Construction infrastructure in Neighborhoods I, J, K and L has begun. These neighborhoods will be a mix of family and active adult housing.

To date, eight K-8 schools, a high school and one of the planned village centers have been built. In March 2020, the



District moved into its Town Hall and Library building in the town center. This building is expected to become an anchor and focal point for the Mountain House community. The Town Center Shopping Center is complete and anchored by Safeway. In addition, 525,000 square feet of industrial/commercial has been completed.

The major economic impact facing the District is the rapid rate of development occurring within the District. The District has reached a level and pace of development and operations and maintenance activity that requires additional staff to review, evaluate, and manage growth as it relates to infrastructure development and construction, operations and maintenance activities, regulatory permits, and plan review services. The goal is to facilitate development while protecting the interests of the community by ensuring compliance with the District's Master Plan and design standards and specifications. As we embark on this wave of economic activity, we anticipate rising to meet the following challenges:

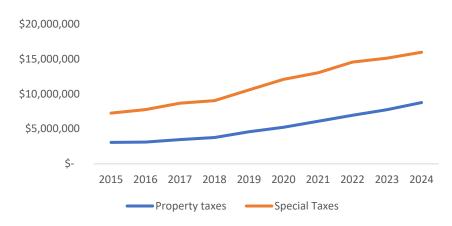
- It is estimated that the District will issue in excess of 150 residential building permits during fiscal year 2024/2025.
- New growth will include multi-family residential as well as commercial developments, which will present additional challenges unique to these types of development.
- Growth has triggered the expansion of the water and wastewater plants, stormwater system, neighborhood and community parks, and construction of public buildings.
- As the population of the community increases, staff will observe traffic patterns and recommend effective, affordable, and proven safety improvements that comply with state and county regulations.
- The District's parks require play equipment inspection, repair and replacement. Play surfaces for various sports activities require monitoring and management to ensure safe and reliable use for the community. As a result of the growth in development, more parks will be constructed and require similar oversight.
- Administrative staff is in the process of evaluating processes that will need to be enhanced to support increased development activity.
- Staff is in the process of evaluating policies and processes that will need to be developed and enhanced to support increased development activity.
- Staff will also be closely monitoring economic conditions to identify any budget requirements that may need to be adjusted during the fiscal year.

Financial Outlook

Growth in the District's property tax revenue continues to reflect a healthy and thriving community. Following a loss in overall Assessed Valuation (AV) during the recession, the District has increased total AV from \$1.1 billion in Tax Year 2013 to \$5.5 billion in Tax Year 2024, owing to the number of property sales, higher sales prices, and new developments. Total AV increased by \$416 million (8%) over the prior year.

Special taxes are the second major revenue source and have increased roughly 50%

over the last five years. The dramatic increases in the special taxes is the result of slight increases in rates but more largely due to increase in residential units in the community. Over the last five years the District has issued permits for over 1,700 of the roughly 7,869 housing units in the District.



While FY 2023-24 finished

with a General Fund addition to fund balance of approximately \$6.8 million, it is long-term fiscal sustainability that remains at the forefront of budget discussions. Even with the continued growth in property tax, special taxes, and the rising costs of contracted services, it is projected that the General Fund surplus is not expected to decrease in the near future, but the Special Tax funds will need to increase rates to stay balanced, as reflected in the most recent update to the 5-Year Forecast.

Financial Planning and Policies

The Board of Directors adopted a Strategic Plan in Fiscal Year 2022-23. Strategies were identified to establish the framework and overarching policy focus for the delivery of public services to the community. The Budget document has a section containing the Strategic Plan and Goals and Objectives. Updates to programs in the Budget document were tied to the prioritization of elements within the Strategic Plan.

The District adopts a balanced operational budget in accordance with District policies and uses an annual budget format. The District uses a five-year financial planning model for long-term financial planning within the budget. This model is based on financial assumptions, trends, and the infrastructures needs of the District. This allows the District to prepare for future needs and have cashflows available when needed. The District Board of Directors adopts a final budget and appropriates funds in advance of the July 1st start of the new Fiscal Year. The importance of being prepared to address long-term needs has always been a key principle supported by the Board of Directors.

Accomplishments

The District's accomplishments:

General Administration

- Collaborated with and engaged staff in achievement of shared values: transparency, accountability and service.
- Submitted application of incorporation to the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCo) and worked with San Joaquin County and LAFCo staff, and consultants to finalize the fiscal analysis studies.
- Hired the Deputy General Manager to oversee and manage Community Development and Public Works Departments and the Utilities and Operation and Maintenance Divisions to focus on a coordinated and strategically planned approach to addressing the evolving needs of the District.
- Developed baseline goals and objectives for department heads in alignment with Strategic Plan for fiscal years 2023/2024 through 2024/2025.
- Issued utility revenue bonds in the amount of approximately \$40 million to reduce balances of notes payable and secure fixed financing costs during a time of relatively low interest rates.
- Cultivated constructive, cooperative, and collaborative relationships with developers to envision and right-size improvements.
- Town Center Shopping Center: Worked with Shea Commercial Development and San Joaquin County Planning Department to bring these long-awaited projects to fruition.

District Clerk

- Worked with San Joaquin County Registrar of Voters to secure a ballot box dropoff location at the town hall lobby.
- Tested and operated new Boardroom equipment and adjusted to accommodate remote meetings via the Zoom platform.

Human Resources

- Updated Personnel Policy as needed.
- Negotiated contracts with the Service Employees International Union (SEIU) in effect through June 30, 2026.

- Successfully opened and/or completed recruitments for vacant positions.

Risk Management

- Identify options for liability insurance, workers compensation, and other related services.

Finance

- Awarded a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers' Association for the fiscal year 2023-2024 budget.
- Awarded an Operating Budget Excellence Award from the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers for the fiscal year 2023-2024 budget.
- Awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for fiscal year 2022-2023. The CAFR consists of three sections – Introductory, Financial, and Statistical – and presents a wider variety of information intended to help the reader more fully understand the basic financial statements.
- Completed AB1600 annual reports, information required by the State Controller, and reports required by bond covenants timely and accurately.
- Worked with financial consultant to develop plan to issue utility revenue bonds in the amount of \$40 million to retire notes payable and achieve fixed financing costs.
- Assisted with the preparation and review of financial analyses for incorporation.

Customer Service

- Maintained compliance with SB998 requirements related to utility services.
- Streamlined lien procedures so that property tax liens are approved by the Board annually, rather than throughout the year. In the interim, property liens are imposed throughout the year.
- In compliance with SB998, counseled utility customers on availability of amortization plans.

Information Technology

- Provided resources for staff to work and meet remotely.
- Used Zoom platform to conduct Board meetings and provide access to the public for participation.
- Implemented the use of DocuSign to facilitate approval of documents and forms.

Web Services, Social Media, and Other Communications

- Evaluated various web platform providers with respect to qualifications, features, ease of use, and successful installations at other public agencies. Staff selected Granicus as the platform that will best meet our needs to design a site that is informative, up-to-date, easy to navigate and maintain, internally consistent, and pleasing to view. Improvement and maintenance of the site is on-going.
- Implemented OpenTownHall to provide information to the public about District operations and development activity. The program is also used to engage the community by offering surveys.
- Posted surveys on a variety of topics to better inform the Board of the community's priorities and preferences.
- Posted information on road closures, community meetings and recreation events. Established an eblast subscription to sign up for topics of interest.
- Developed a variety of on-line fillable PDFs forms with options to pay to facilitate applications and processing.

Recreation

- Hosted first annual Juneteenth Celebration at Central Park for over 2,000 guests with over 30 food and retail vendors, live performances, history presentations, dancing, music, and local, regional, and national dignitaries in attendance.

- Established agreement with a local swim club to host a swim lesson program over Summer 2023.
- Hired a full time Recreation Coordinator to manage facility reservation program and district sponsored special events.
- Launched the Parks and Recreation Commission to provide a communication link between the community and the Board and staff.
- The Commission approved and recommended the updated Tennis Court, Athletic Field, Picnic, and Indoor Facility Rental Policies to the Board.
- Renamed and reorganized the Holiday event to "Light Up Main Street" with vendors, live music, and lights along Main Street from Town Hall to the tree at Central Park, increasing attendance and positive feedback.
- Surveyed seniors on the types of programming and events they'd like hosted in Mountain House via an online survey and at a "Coffee Chat" hosted at the Firehouse Community Room resulting in the creation of a "Senior Tuesday" recreation program and monthly social events at the Firehouse.
- Hosted the first Senior Health and Wellness Expo for Mountain House seniors and their caregivers at the Unity Center, kicking off "Older Americans Month".
- Updated website to include pages that promote the four pillars of recreation in Mountain House focusing on parks, facilities, programs, and events.
- Increased marketing and community involvement through more robust social media campaigns.
- Received sponsorships from local businesses for Holiday Tree Lighting and new Central Park Cinema special events. Received additional funds from community member donations to offset the costs of the Bike Rodeo and Senior Health and Wellness Expo.
- Established agreements with two local cricket groups to utilize a field along Providence for their additional needs.

Emergency Preparedness

- Completed Emergency Operations Plan and in the process of finalizing the Emergency Response Plan.

Public Works

- Worked with Mountain House Developers to monitor construction activity for the wastewater treatment plant expansion.
- Completed roadway repairs and resurfacing for arterials and Questa Neighborhood.
- Completed roadway repairs and resurfacing for Byron Road, Bethany Road, and Wicklund Neighborhood.
- Completed the railroad crossing and street traffic calming, signing and striping project.
- Completed Playground Installation Project at Central Park.
- Completed Basketball Courts Repair Projects in Bethany and Questa Neighborhoods.
- Completed Sidewalk Replacement Project in arterials and neighborhoods.
- Completed the FY 23/24 Traffic Safety Improvement, signing and stripping project.
- The District was awarded a Highway Safety Improvement Program Grant from the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) in the amount of \$249,930 to convert one travel lane in each direction on Great Valley Parkway from Byron Road to Grant Line Road; Arturo Boulevard from Great Valley Parkway to Central Parkway; and Main Street from Great Valley Parkway to Central Parkway to

- accommodate the implementation of Class IV bikeway facility. The application was approved by Caltrans on March 30, 2023.
- The District was awarded a Highway Safety Improvement Program Grant from the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) in the amount of \$151,000 to enhance the existing Rectangular Rapid Flash Beacons. Grant proceeds will be used to install additional beacons at the median and to modify signing and striping on Central Parkway at the intersections of Legacy Drive and Heritage Drive. The application was approved by Caltrans on March 30, 2023.

Operations & Maintenance

- Completed baseball field renovations and improvements to dugouts.
- Pruned 12,000 neighborhood trees.
- Installed AMAG security upgrades at WTP facility.
- Created a program to assist 6 Boy Scouts with projects to attain Eagle Scout badge.
- Repaired concrete patio at Unity Center.
- Rekeyed all park restrooms.
- Renovated Fire Station Community Room.
- Installed roadway regulatory signage.
- Assisted in GIS-EAM-CMMS program development.
- Replaced Creek Park Trail signage.
- Painted 6 miles of red curbs.
- Created temporary cricket field.
- Assisted in coordinated move of Operations & Maintenance and Utility offices to new location.
- Two staff members passed the State exam for California Playground Safety Inspector certification.
- Planned, budgeted and acquired Board approval for the Central Community Park playground.
- Released RFP, awarded and acquired Board approval for streetlight and traffic signal contract.
- Developed the Neighborhood ROW Tree Removal and Replacement Program.
- Expanded the District-wide security surveillance to include WTP and WWTP.
- Completed pest control injections for right-of-way trees in the Questa Neighborhood.
- Researched, selected, and acquired Board approval for 3 new Ford truck fleet vehicles.
- Designed, acquired Board approval, and installed 38 WeatherTrak smart irrigation controllers.
- Replaced tennis nets and repaired crank mechanisms.
- Completed 465 GovOutreach work requests.
- Extended Advanced Property Service's janitorial service agreement.
- Extended West Coast Arborist's tree maintenance agreement.

Community Development

- Incorporation process completed and approved through LAFCo and San Joaquin County.
- Completed a major and minor update to the CFF and TIF programs.
- Finalized annexations of two large projects into the CSD.
- Sent out an RFP, conducted interviews and brought on a consultant to run the Building Department.

 Continued work on Grant Line Road between Central Parkway and Great Valley Parkway, including construction of the sound wall between Grant Line Road and the frontage road.

Code Compliance

- New Homeowners Day.
- HOAs within the Mountain House Community Services District.
- Neighborhood Street Trees / Sidewalks within the Mountain House Community Services District.
- Outdoor Recreation Season / Non-Standard Vehicles.
- Launched the non-standard vehicle parking permit online system.
- Seamless Docs online system for permitting.

Community Preservation

- Established several the Neighborhood Watch units and working to expand the program with active recruitment.
- Prepared a Mountain House Business Watch Guide to provide tools and techniques for crime prevention.
- Coordinated National Night Out event at the Community Central Park with California Highway Patrol (CHP), San Joaquin County Sheriff's Office (SJCSO), French Camp McKinley Fire Department and other first responder agencies in attendance.
- Introduced McGruff the Crime Dog at the 4th of July Parade; the mascot has attended numerous Mountain House events and Neighborhood Watch meetings.
- Prepared an informational flyer advising residents what public safety agency to call for certain responses.

Public Safety

- CHP directed enforcement during morning school hours throughout the community based on resident concerns and district direction.
- CHP directed commercial vehicle enforcement during morning commute hours.
- SJSO Hosted 2 successful S.T.E.P. (Saturated Traffic Enforcement Program) operations in MH.
- SJCO and CHP successfully used cameras to seize vehicles and took appropriate action because of serious reckless driving investigations.
- A safety inspection /risk assessment was conducted at the Town Hall/Library with MH staff, SJSO and MHFD.
- Rank Public Safety was trained in an active shooter response at the Town Hall in April 2024.
- There are currently 31 surveillance cameras in the community positioned strategically throughout the community and 30 cameras in the Town Hall/Library. All the cameras in the community are multi-lens cameras and pan tilt zoom capabilities. All cameras can be accessed remotely by authorized staff and Public Safety agencies as well and remote monitoring by Rank Public Safety Dispatch Center.
- There are 21 Flock Falcon ALPR (Automated License Plate Recognition) cameras in the community.
- Sheriff's Deputies participated in programs commonly called Stop the Bleeding Training.
- Signage has been installed for Town Hall/Library doors and entrances indicated "Limited Public Access" "Authorized Personnel Only" "Employee Access Only".
- Staff received training in Active Incident procedures and 1st Amendment Auditing.

- All public safety agencies (SJCO, CHP & Rank PS) participated in numerous community outreach programs through the year to include NHW, Business Watch, Coffee with First Responders.
- Pedestrian Safety evaluations were conducted around schools and high traffic areas.
- A Mountain House Facilities Emergency Response Plan Developed and training will take place after August 2024 to include introduction of a smart phone application.
- Conducted 12 public safety partnership meetings with Sheriff, Security and Fire.
- Participated in 8 Public Safety Committee meetings with the public.
- Community Preservation Officer became a Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design Professional Designation.
- Rank Public Safety has increased camera monitoring and have direct connect/viewing body cameras for patrol officers.
- Attended all Board of Directors meetings for on-site security and safety reports.
- Participated in the Office of Emergency Services Emergency Preparedness and Bi-Weekly Multi-Jurisdiction Hazard Mitigation Plan.
- Rank Public Safety installed Automatic Defibrillator portable units in their patrol vehicles.
- Deputies and CHP officers attend mandatory training on Domestic Violence and other perishable skills as required by POST.

Fire & EMS Services

- Ordered two (2) new fire engines with anticipated delivery of August/September 2024.
- Placed a new type 6 (Brush Unit) in service (Used for grass fires and other emergency responses).
- 7,320 training hours in 2023.
- 9 CPR classes.
- 3 CERT classes.
- 1 Stop the Bleed classes.
- Provided mutual aid four (4) times to Alameda and Contra Costa Counties.
- Placed a new water rescue boat in service.
- Drone program with three (3) infrared drones and one (1) training drone.
- Drone training with Unmanned Tactical.
- Electric Vehicle Fire training with San Joaquin County Fire agencies.
- Performed fire hydrant maintenance.
- Participated in over 200 community events in 2023/24:
 - YAC meetings
 - MH July 4th Parade
 - Community pancake breakfast at firehouse
 - Eagle Scout Court of Honors
 - MH High School Career Fair
 - Public Awareness Events
 - Fire Station Open Houses (4)
- Fire Prevention assemblies at all elementary schools.
- Placed new Honda Pioneer utility vehicle into service (used for special events, grass fires, community outreach, water rescue, CERT and rescues).
- Coordinated efforts with the District to clear overgrown vegetation, weeds and tall grass in the large undeveloped lots in and around Mountain House.
- Placed new ladder truck (T16-1) in service.

- Participated in four (4) statewide fire deployments.
- Applied for and received a grant through the American Rescue Plan Act in the amount of \$285,000.00 to assist in water rescue training, CPR equipment, drones, drone training, radios and mobile radio repeaters.
- Maintained a 93% staffing rating in 2023.
- Applied and received the Cal Fire 50/50 grant for equipment and personnel protective equipment.
- Applied for Assistance for Firefighter grant to place a third person at the new firehouse No.2, awarding will take place in October 2024. If we are awarded the grant, FEMA would fully fund the position for three (3) years.
- Firehouse No.2 grounding breaking and planning for staffing.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report was made possible by the collaborative efforts of staff in the Administrative Services Department and other departments, as well as the District's audit firm, Richardson & Company, LLP. A special thanks and acknowledgement goes to our Finance staff for their work on the audit. We would also like to recognize the Board of Directors for their guidance and support in the District's pursuit of excellence in financial reporting.

Steven Pinkerton General Manager Sarah Ragsdale Administrative Services Director

Sarah Ragidale

Mountain House Community Services District

Principal Officers

Fiscal Year 2023/2024

President Matt Disko

Vice President Bernice King Tingle

DirectorManuel Moreno

Director Harry Dhillon **Director** Andy Su

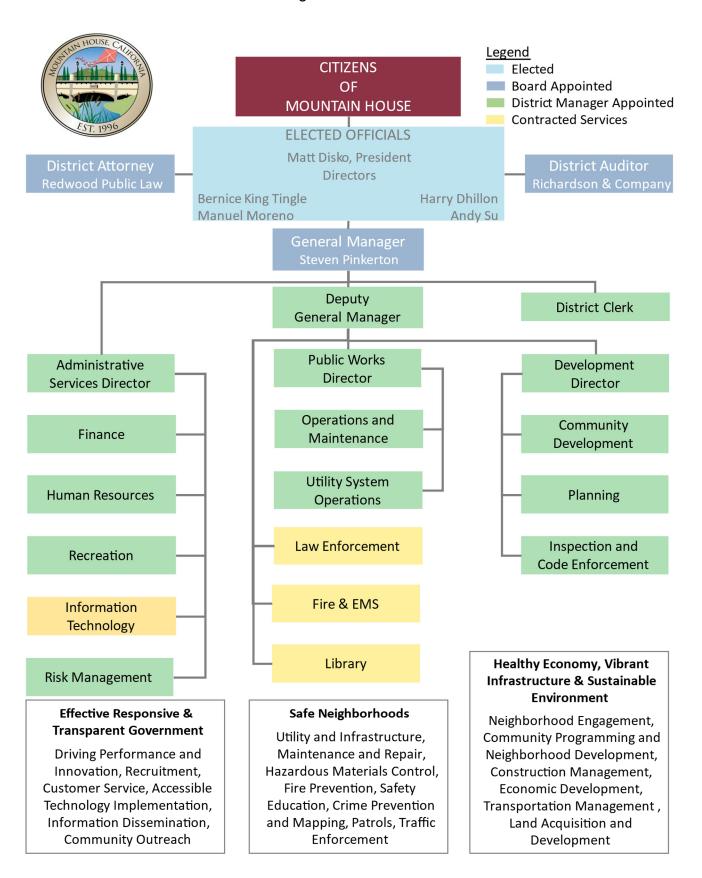
Administration Personnel

General Manager Steven Pinkerton

Deputy General Manager Jodi Almassy

Administrative Services Director Sarah Ragsdale

Mountain House Community Services District Organization Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Mountain House Community Services District California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





550 Howe Avenue, Suite 210 Sacramento, California 95825

Telephone: (916) 564-8727 FAX: (916) 564-8728

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District Mountain House, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Mountain House Community Services District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures response to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, consider in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of Contributions to the Pension Plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Unites States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

October 31, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

The Mountain House Community Services District (District) is an independent local government entity and a subdivision of the State of California guided by a five-member elected Board of Directors. As management of the District, we offer readers the District's financial statements and this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$67.7 million.
- The District's total net position increased by \$7.99 million. This is attributable to an increase in cash and investments from the General Fund and revenues exceeding expenditures.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$102.5 million. Approximately \$36.6 million or 36% of total fund balances is reported as Unassigned fund balance making it available for spending at the District's discretion (in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions - see Note A).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Unassigned (GASB No. 54) fund balance for the General Fund was \$36.6 million.
- The District's total liabilities decreased by \$384 thousand during the current fiscal year. The majority of the decrease was due to a decrease in unearned revenues. The key factor in the unearned revenue decrease was due to the amount of progress made on improvement projects. The majority of these improvement projects will be completed within the next two years. Some of the improvements include Grantline Road, Mustang Square, B4 and B5 Linear Park, and Village Parkway Corridor.

Using This Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities and performance of the District using accounting methods like those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's investments in resources (assets), deferred outflows of resources, the obligations to creditors (liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. It also provides the basis for computing a rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine the District's profitability and credit worthiness.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the net amount reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include general government, public safety, public ways and facilities, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the District include water, wastewater and storm system operations and developer activity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains ten individual governmental funds aggregated and grouped into four funds for reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special assessment fund, the impact fees fund, and the capital projects fund all of which are considered to be major funds. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 18 of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund, the special assessment fund, and the impact fees fund located on pages 50 - 52 to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds

The District maintains four proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater and stormwater system operations and developer activities. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 – 49 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* consisting of the budgetary schedules described above under Notes to the Required Supplementary Information and required disclosures related to the District's pension plan. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50 – 54 of this report. A budgetary comparison schedule for the major capital projects fund is included as other supplemental information.

Statistical Section

This report also contains a statistical section that presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary says about the District's overall financial health. The statistical section can be found on pages 56-72.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$67.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Mountain House Community Services District's Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental Business-Type				Tot	al		
	Activit	ies	Activities		Activities Total			Percent
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	Change	Change
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$107.91	\$85.56	\$39.64	\$42.10	\$147.55	\$127.66	\$19.89	16%
Capital assets	131.37	140.05	152.41	157.12	283.78	297.17	(13.39)	-5%
Total assets	239.28	225.61	192.05	199.22	431.33	424.83	6.50	2%
Deferred outflows:								
Pension plan								
Deferred outflow	3.45	2.65	1.95	1.70	5.40	4.35	1.05	24%
Total deferred outflows	3.45	2.65	1.95	1.70	5.40	4.35	1.05	24%
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities outstanding	124.02	115.99	217.03	218.87	341.05	334.86	6.19	2%
Other liabilities	5.85	5.20	20.95	28.18	26.80	33.38	(6.58)	-20%
Total liabilities	129.87	121.19	237.98	247.05	367.85	368.24	(0.39)	0%
Deferred inflows:								
Pension plan								
Deferred inflow	0.86	0.91	0.34	0.36	1.20	1.27	(0.07)	-6%
Total deferred inflows	0.86	0.91	0.34	0.36	1.20	1.27	(0.07)	-6%
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	75.48	88.95	21.80	25.06	97.28	114.01	(16.73)	-15%
Restricted	47.97	33.32	17.35	16.82	65.32	50.14	15.18	30%
Unrestricted	(11.46)	(16.10)	(83.48)	(88.36)	(94.94)	(104.46)	9.52	-9%
Total net position	\$111.99	\$106.17	\$(44.32)	\$(46.48)	\$67.67	\$59.69	\$7.98	13%

By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its \$97.3 million in net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of District's net position, \$65.3 million, is subject to constraints by bond financing agreements and enabling legislation.

The District's unrestricted net position was at a deficit of \$94.9 million generally because of financing charges accruing on pledged notes payable to developers for contributed infrastructure. In addition, the District is reporting a net pension liability at June 30, 2024 in the amount of \$10.6 million.

Mountain House Community Services District's Change in Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental		Business-Type				Total	
	Activities		Activ	Activities		Total		Percent
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	Change	Change
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$9.61	\$9.05	\$35.28	\$32.57	\$44.89	\$41.62	\$3.27	8%
Special assessments	15.95	15.10			15.95	15.10	0.85	6%
Capital contributions and grants	0.19				0.19		0.19	100%
General revenues:								
Change in estimate - pledge notes payable	0.00	0.72	0.00	10.41	0.00	11.13	(11.13)	0%
Property taxes	8.75	7.73			8.75	7.73	1.02	13%
Miscellaneous revenues	5.13	3.55	3.06	(0.07)	8.19	3.48	4.71	136%
Total revenues	39.63	36.16	38.33	42.91	77.96	79.07	(1.11)	-1%
Expenses:								
General government	4.42	3.56			4.42	3.56	0.86	24%
Public safety	7.14	6.48			7.14	6.48	0.66	10%
Public ways and facilities	13.92	13.80			13.92	13.80	0.12	1%
Recreation and culture	4.14	3.70			4.14	3.70	0.44	12%
Interest on long-term debt	4.18	5.48			4.18	5.48	(1.30)	-24%
Water system			12.23	11.02	12.23	11.02	1.21	11%
Wastewater system			7.56	8.02	7.56	8.02	(0.46)	-6%
Stormwater system			2.67	2.52	2.67	2.52	0.15	6%
Developer projects			13.72	12.67	13.72	12.67	1.05	8%
Total expenses	33.80	33.02	36.17	34.23	69.97	67.25	2.72	4%
Increase in net position	5.83	3.14	2.16	8.68	7.99	11.82	(3.83)	-32%
Net position, beginning of year	106.17	103.03	(46.48)	(55.16)	59.69	47.87	11.82	25%
Net position, end of year	\$111.99	\$106.17	\$(44.32)	\$(46.48)	\$67.67	\$59.69	\$7.98	13%

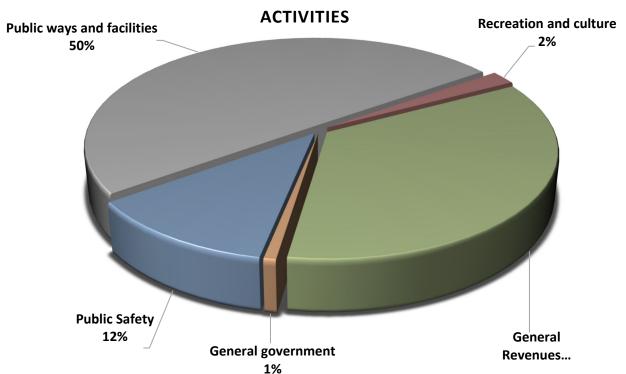
Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$5.8 million. This increase is primarily due to the increase in special taxes, property taxes, and impact fees from scheduled rate increases, an increase in the number of properties paying the taxes, and due to development within the District.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Total Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities

25.00
20.00
15.00
General Public Safety Public ways Recreation Interest on and culture long-term debt

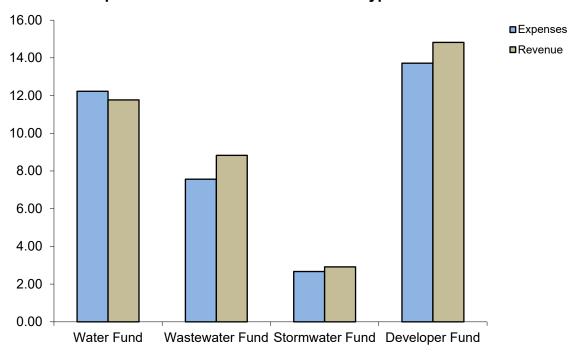
TOTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL



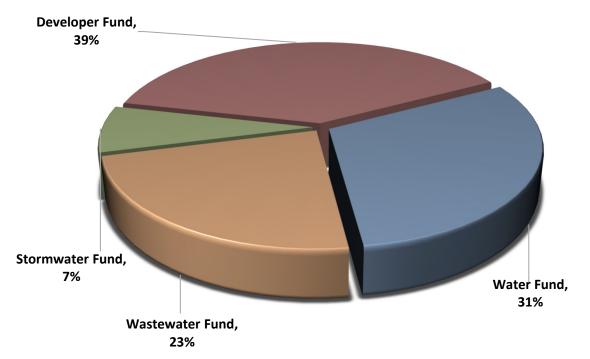
MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities increased the District's net position by \$2.2 million. This is primarily due to revenues exceeding expenditure. An increase in interest revenue was a major contributor to the increase.

Total Expenses and Revenues - Business-type Activities



REVENUE BY SOURCE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$102.5 million, an increase of \$21.7 million over the prior year.

The District reports the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable fund balance \$15.4 million (inherently nonspendable) included the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form, and the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance \$48.4 million (externally enforceable limitation on use) include amounts subject to limitation imposed by creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other government.
- **Committed fund balance** \$2.1 million (constrained to specific purpose) included amounts that cannot be used for any purpose unless government takes the same highest level action.
- **Unassigned fund balance** \$36.6 million (residual net resources) is the total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the main operational fund of the District. At June 30, 2024, the fund balance components were reported as nonspendable \$15.4 million, restricted \$2 million, committed \$2.1 million, and unassigned \$36.6 million. The fund balance increased by \$6.8 million to \$56.1 million compared to the prior year. The primary reason for the increase is due to revenues exceeding expenditures as the General Fund has done historically because taxes and franchise fees exceed the amount needed to fund expenditures.

The Special Assessments Fund is used to account for funding from property assessments to pay for roads, transportation, community services, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and landscaping and lighting district activity. Therefore, fund balance must be used for these designated services. At June 30, 2024, restricted fund balance of \$6.2 million was available to finance future appropriations. The fund balance increase \$423 thousand to \$6.2 million compared to the prior year. The primary reason for the increase is due to an increase in special assessment rates, increase in number of residential units, and an increase in interest revenue.

The Impact Fees Fund is used to account for fees collected from builders to mitigate the impact of development. The fees are used to reimburse developers for identified infrastructure projects. At June 30, 2024, the restricted fund balance was \$29 million. The fund balance increased by \$13.1 million to \$29 million compared to the prior year. The primary reason for the increase is due to unspent development fees.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for implementation of the District's capital improvement program. At June 30, 2024, the restricted fund balance was \$11.2 million. The fund balance increased by \$1.3 million to \$11.2 million compared to the prior year. The primary reason for the increase is due to unspent funding for future capital improvement projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Proprietary funds

The District's proprietary funds provide similar information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original Budget to Final Budget (in millions)

			Increase
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Decrease)
Estimated Revenues	\$9.42	\$9.42	\$0.00
Appropriations	5.57	5.57	0.00

Final Budget to Actual (in millions)

			Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Estimated Revenues	\$9.42	11.63	\$2.21
Appropriations	5.57	4.88	0.69

During the year, actual revenues were higher than budgetary estimates, which was mainly due to increases in taxes and investment earnings.

Actual expenditures were less than final budgeted estimates. The difference was due to conservative spending by the District.

Capital assets

The District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation is shown below. For additional information related to capital assets, see Note D in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Mountain House Community Services District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) in millions

	Governi	ment	Business	-Туре			Tot	tal
	Activit	Activities		Activities		al .	Dollar	Percent
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	Change	Change
Land	\$28.04	\$28.04	\$2.60	\$2.60	\$30.64	\$30.64	\$0.00	0%
Machinery and equipment	1.87	1.67	0.41	0.17	2.28	1.84	0.44	24%
Buildings	29.50	30.38	0.00	0.00	29.50	30.38	(88.0)	-3%
Infrastructure	71.96	79.96	149.40	154.35	221.36	234.31	(12.95)	-6%
Total	\$131.37	\$140.05	\$152.41	\$157.12	\$283.78	\$297.17	\$(13.39)	-5%

Governmental activities infrastructure increased during the year mainly due to accepting improvements that were constructed by developers. Business-type activities infrastructure decreased due to a reduction in certified costs, offset by accepting improvements that were constructed by developers. Buildings and equipment of both activities decreased during the year due to depreciation.

Long-term debt

The District's outstanding debt is shown below. The net increase to outstanding debt is \$5.8 million. The outstanding debt was increased by notes payable for infrastructure for improvement projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Mountain House Community Services District's Outstanding Debt

Pledged Notes and Revenue Bonds (in millions)

	Governmental		Business-Type		Tota	al		
	Activities		Activities		Tota	al	Dollar	Percent
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	Change	Change
Pledged Notes Payable	\$62.64	\$54.19	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$62.64	\$54.19	\$8.45	16%
Revenue Bonds	47.93	48.85	200.40	201.80	248.33	250.65	(2.32)	-1%
Total	\$110.57	\$103.04	\$200.40	\$201.80	\$310.96	\$304.84	\$6.13	2%

In addition to the long-term debt, the District also has a liability to pay future compensated absences in the amount of \$510 thousand and a net pension liability of \$10.6 million. For additional information related to long-term liabilities, see Note E in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During the current fiscal year, the District's overall financial position improved over the prior year. There were increases in both the Business-Type Activities and in the Government Activities. The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$5.3 million to \$36.6 million. The District has nonspendable funds of \$15.4 million for advances to Water, Wastewater, and Storm Water enterprise funds. The special assessment rates increased by 4% for the 2023/24 budget year. The water, wastewater, and stormwater operations and maintenance rates remained consistent with the rate study which was adopted in June, 2022. Resulting rate increases are necessary to keep up with inflation and to keep the District from having to institute large rate increases in future years.

Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position

Management is unaware of any conditions, which could have a significant impact on the District's current financial position, net position or operating results in terms of the past, present and future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Director, 251 East Main Street, Mountain House, CA 95391.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 90,891,234	\$ 25,575,429	\$ 116,466,663
Restricted cash and investments	7,450	15,825,321	15,832,771
Accounts receivable, net	498,390	9,493,384	9,991,774
Taxes receivable	181,987		181,987
Interest receivable	894,384	351,271	1,245,655
Prepaid expense		2,304,707	2,304,707
Internal balances	15,436,208	(15,436,208)	
Restricted interest receivable		105,400	105,400
Restricted accounts receivable		1,422,864	1,422,864
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	28,041,500	2,604,300	30,645,800
Depreciable, net	103,328,919	149,806,246	253,135,165
Total capital assets	131,370,419	152,410,546	283,780,965
TOTAL ASSETS	239,280,072	192,052,714	431,332,786
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Debt refunding		593,084	593,084
Pension plan	3,448,905	1,353,995	4,802,900
1 Villoton primi	3,448,905	1,947,079	5,395,984
	2,1.0,500	1,5 11,015	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	1,943,987	1,769,603	3,713,590
Retention payable	87,800		87,800
Accrued interest payable	479,250	671,121	1,150,371
Unearned revenues	2,612,733	18,251,657	20,864,390
Deposits from others	729,732	262,241	991,973
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year			
Bonds and notes payable	1,010,000	1,605,000	2,615,000
Compensated absences	509,951		509,951
Due in more than one year			
Bonds and notes payable	114,880,607	212,431,248	327,311,855
Net pension liability	7,620,956	2,991,889	10,612,845
TOTAL LIABILITIES	129,875,016	237,982,759	367,857,775
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan	863,949	339,174	1,203,123
	-		
NET POSITION	75 400 774	21 001 555	07.202.551
Net investment in capital assets	75,480,774	21,801,777	97,282,551
Restricted for:	44 400 003		44 400 003
Roads, transportation and community services	44,498,892	15 252 505	44,498,892
Debt service	1 002 222	17,353,585	17,353,585
Public works	1,082,323		1,082,323
Lighting and landscaping	2,348,276		2,348,276
Community services	36,872		36,872
Public Safety Unrestricted	4,644	(92 477 502)	4,644
Ollicstricted	(11,461,769)	(83,477,502)	(94,939,271)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 111,990,012	\$ (44,322,140)	\$ 67,667,872

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Program l	Revenues		(Expense) Revenue anges in Net Posit	
			Capital	P	rimary Governmen	nt
		Charges for	Contributions	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Grants	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$ 4,418,227	\$ 293,943	\$ 190,526	\$ (3,933,758)		\$ (3,933,758)
Public safety	7,144,018	4,662,508		(2,481,510)		(2,481,510)
Public ways and facilities	13,916,499	19,790,954		5,874,455		5,874,455
Recreation and culture	4,140,849	810,157		(3,330,692)		(3,330,692)
Interest on long-term debt	4,184,152			(4,184,152)		(4,184,152)
Total governmental activities	33,803,745	25,557,562	190,526	(8,055,657)		(8,055,657)
		- -				
Business-Type Activities						
Water Fund	12,225,741	11,192,289			\$ (1,033,452)	(1,033,452)
Wastewater Fund	7,562,006	7,955,518			393,512	393,512
Stormwater Fund	2,667,815	2,409,097			(258,718)	(258,718)
Developer Fund	13,718,461	13,718,461				
Total business-type activities	36,174,023	35,275,365			(898,658)	(898,658)
	•					
Total primary government	\$ 69,977,768	\$ 60,832,927	\$ 190,526	(8,055,657)	(898,658)	(8,954,315)
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes				8,753,957		8,753,957
Franchise and miscellaneous	taxes			1,360,135		1,360,135
Unrestricted interest and investr	ment earnings			3,553,329	3,055,065	6,608,394
Other				213,242		213,242
Total general revenues				13,880,663	3,055,065	16,935,728
Change in net position				5,825,006	2,156,407	7,981,413
Net position, beginning of year				106,165,006	(46,478,547)	59,686,459
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				\$ 111,990,012	\$ (44,322,140)	\$ 67,667,872

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Balance Sheets Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		Major Funds							
	General Fund	A	Special assessments Special Revenue Fund	1	mpact Fees Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 41,939,531	\$	7,393,242	\$	30,253,331	\$	11,305,130	\$	90,891,234
Accounts receivable, net	126,126		1,000		371,264				498,390
Taxes receivable	181,987								181,987
Interest receivable	426,927		110,784		245,888		110,785		894,384
Due from other funds	12,111								12,111
Advances to other funds	15,424,097				297,000				15,721,097
Restricted cash and investments				_	7,450				7,450
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 58,110,779	\$	7,505,026	\$	31,174,933	\$	11,415,915	\$	108,206,653
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 939,103	\$	269,320	\$	541,091	\$	194,473	\$	1,943,987
Retention payable	87,800								87,800
Unearned revenues	262,392		736,985		1,613,356				2,612,733
Deposits from others	729,732								729,732
Advances from other funds			297,000						297,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,019,027		1,303,305		2,154,447	_	194,473	_	5,671,252
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable Restricted for: Roads, transportation and community	15,424,097								15,424,097
services, operational and administrative	1 004 01 7		2 520 606		20.020.406		11 221 442		11066010
functions	1,994,815		2,729,606		29,020,486		11,221,442		44,966,349
Public works			1,082,323						1,082,323
Lighting and landscaping			2,348,276						2,348,276
Community Service			36,872						36,872
Public Safety	2 000 1 50		4,644						4,644
Committed	2,099,160								2,099,160
Unassigned	 36,573,680					_			36,573,680
Total fund balances	 56,091,752		6,201,721		29,020,486	. —	11,221,442		102,535,401
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 58,110,779	\$	7,505,026	\$	31,174,933	\$	11,415,915	\$	108,206,653

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund Balance - total governmental funds	\$ 102,535,401
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	131,370,419
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore,	
interest payable was not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(479,250)
Long-term assets and liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not	
due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements,	
but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan	3,448,905
Long-term debt	(115,890,607)
Compensated absences	(509,951)
Net pension liability	(7,620,956)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan	(863,949)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ 111,990,012

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Major Funds						
		General Fund	Special Assessments Special Revenue Fund	Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund			Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues	ď.	0.753.057						Ф	0.752.057
Taxes	\$	8,753,957	ф. 15 052 0 00					\$	8,753,957
Special assessments		7 000	\$ 15,952,088						15,952,088
Licenses and permits		7,999							7,999
Franchise fees		1,360,135	400						1,360,135
Intergovernmental			190,526						190,526
Developer and impact fees		494,113		\$	9,103,311				9,597,424
Investment earnings		985,012	606,930		1,330,684	\$	630,703		3,553,329
Other revenues		26,241	187,051						213,292
TOTAL REVENUES		11,627,457	16,936,595		10,433,995		630,703		39,628,750
Expenditures Current:									
General government		225,805							225,805
Public safety		223,003	6,626,915						6,626,915
Public ways and facilities		4,558,752	4,254,032						8,812,784
Recreation and culture		1,550,752	3,128,291						3,128,291
Debt service			0,120,251						5,120,271
Principal					1,679,694				1,679,694
Interest and fiscal charges			23,326		1,933,682				1,957,008
Capital outlay		99,188	88,690		1,755,002		1,717,667		1,905,545
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,883,745	14,121,254	_	3,613,376		1,717,667		24,336,042
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		6,743,712	2,815,341		6,820,619		(1,086,964)		15,292,708
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		00.100			6.205.222				6.004.411
Issuance of debt		99,188			6,285,223				6,384,411
Transfer in							2,392,837		2,392,837
Transfer out			(2,392,837)						(2,392,837)
Total other financing sources (uses)		99,188	(2,392,837)		6,285,223		2,392,837		6,384,411
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		6,842,900	422,504		13,105,842		1,305,873		21,677,119
Fund balance, beginning of year		49,248,852	5,779,217		15,914,644		9,915,569		80,858,282
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	56,091,752	\$ 6,201,721	\$	29,020,486	\$	11,221,442	\$	102,535,401

Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Charges in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 21,677,119
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	
the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures because such outlays	
use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports	
capital asset purchases as assets. The outlay is allocated over the assets'	
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expense	1,905,545
Depreciation expense	(10,581,772)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast,	
the Statement of Activities reports such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental	
funds report repayment of bond and note principal payments as an expenditures. In contrast,	
the Statement of Activities reports such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities.	
This is the the difference between debt proceeds, repayments and premium amortization.	(6,964,387)
Interest expenses accrued as part of pledged notes payable reported in the Government-wide Statement	
of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported	
as expenditures in the governmental funds. This amount represents the change in accrued interest on	
pledged notes plus accrued interest payable on governmental activities bonds payable.	9,200
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in net pension liability	(1,034,303)
Change in compensated absences	(28,507)
Change in deferred outflows/inflows of resources on the pension plan	 842,111

5,825,006

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Statements of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Developer	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 7,216,583	\$ 2,132,548	\$ 4,180,219	\$ 12,046,079	\$ 25,575,429
Accounts receivable	911,454	514,899	97,902	7,969,129	9,493,384
Prepaid expenses	1,111,730	882,469	310,508		2,304,707
Interest receivable	116,190	17,563	45,936	171,582	351,271
Due from other funds	190,836	14,809	1,719		207,364
Total current assets	9,546,793	3,562,288	4,636,284	20,186,790	37,932,155
Non-current assets:					
Restricted cash and investments	943,658	9,867,552	5,014,111		15,825,321
Restricted interest receivable	10	60,804	44,586		105,400
Restricted accounts receivable	683,519	553,286	186,059		1,422,864
Advances to other funds		10,030,443			10,030,443
Capital assets					
Non-depreciable	984,200	1,620,100			2,604,300
Depreciable, net	82,029,730	44,527,922	23,248,594		149,806,246
Total captial assets, net	83,013,930	46,148,022	23,248,594		152,410,546
Total non-current assets	84,641,117	66,660,107	28,493,350		179,794,574
TOTAL ASSETS	94,187,910	70,222,395	33,129,634	20,186,790	217,726,729
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Debt refunding	312,156	209,563	71,365		593,084
Pension plan	648,058	539,571	166,366		1,353,995
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	960,214	749,134	237,731		1,947,079
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	371,485	136,342	89,774	1,172,002	1,769,603
Accrued interest payable	325,272	256,671	89,178		671,121
Due to other funds		92,712	114,652	12,111	219,475
Unearned revenue				18,251,657	18,251,657
Deposits from others	262,241				262,241
Bonds, notes and loans payable, current portion	825,000	565,000	215,000		1,605,000
Total current liabilities	1,783,998	1,050,725	508,604	19,435,770	22,779,097
Long-term liabilities:					
Advances from other funds	19,409,224	5,408,323	636,993		25,454,540
Bonds, notes and loans payable	103,481,278	80,792,632	28,157,338		212,431,248
Net pension liability	1,431,997	1,192,278	367,614		2,991,889
Total long-term liabilities	124,322,499	87,393,233	29,161,945		240,877,677
TOTAL LIABILITIES	126,106,497	88,443,958	29,670,549	19,435,770	263,656,774
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Pension plan	162,338	135,162	41,674		339,174
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	11,638,220	3,092,804	7,070,753		21,801,777
Restricted for debt service	1,627,187	10,481,642	5,244,756		17,353,585
Unrestricted	(44,386,118)	(31,182,037)	(8,660,367)	751,020	(83,477,502)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (31,120,711)	\$ (17,607,591)	\$ 3,655,142	\$ 751,020	\$ (44,322,140)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Maior	Funde

	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Developer	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				'	
Charges for services	\$ 5,383,638	\$ 3,838,371	\$ 764,243	\$ 13,718,461	\$ 23,704,713
Charges for services - pledged	5,473,782	4,117,147	1,459,724		11,050,653
Penalty charges and other	334,869		185,130		519,999
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	11,192,289	7,955,518	2,409,097	13,718,461	35,275,365
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	964,084	916,085	259,850	503,715	2,643,734
Professional and special services	2,025,547	1,346,791	299,253	13,214,746	16,886,337
Utilities	1,330,495	372,806			1,703,301
Chemicals	352,470	131,363			483,833
Maintenance	652,097	384,963	380,255		1,417,315
Depreciation	2,820,101	1,474,562	715,944		5,010,607
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	8,144,794	4,626,570	1,655,302	13,718,461	28,145,127
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	3,047,495	3,328,948	753,795		7,130,238
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and investment revenue	576,175	873,597	505,600	1,099,693	3,055,065
Interest expense	(4,080,947)	(2,935,436)	(1,012,513)		(8,028,896)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING					
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(3,504,772)	(2,061,839)	(506,913)	1,099,693	(4,973,831)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(457,277)	1,267,109	246,882	1,099,693	2,156,407
Net position, beginning of year	(30,663,434)	(18,874,700)	3,408,260	(348,673)	(46,478,547)
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (31,120,711)	\$ (17,607,591)	\$ 3,655,142	\$ 751,020	\$ (44,322,140)

Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Business-ty	pe.	Activities - Er	nterpr	ise Funds		
		Water	V	Wastewater		Stormwater	D	eveloper		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Cash received from customers	\$	10,739,748	\$	7,995,853	\$	2,380,548		3,709,996		4,826,145
Cash paid to suppliers		(4,303,814)		(2,245,958)		(641,081)	(1	5,033,247)		2,224,100)
Cash paid to employees CASH PROVIDED (USD) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(927,971) 5,507,963		(886,017) 4,863,878		(250,580) 1,488,887		(503,715)	(2,568,283) 33,762
CASIT FROVIDED (USD) BT OFERATING ACTIVITIES		3,307,903		4,003,070		1,400,007		1,020,900)		33,702
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING										
ACTIVITIES:								4.724		4.724
Transfers from other funds CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL AND	_							4,724		4,724
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								4,724		4,724
RELATED THAT WEIGHT ACTIVITIES								7,727		7,727
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND										
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(20, 129)		(202 717)		((1 (15)				(20(500)
Payment for acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt		(29,138) (720,000)		(202,717) (490,000)		(64,645) (190,000)			((296,500) 1,400,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(4,410,123)		(3,151,575)		(1,095,054)				8,656,752)
Advances (to) from other funds		524,259		721,899		(1,075,054)			,	1,246,158
CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR CAPITAL AND	_	02.,200		,21,055	_					1,2 .0,100
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(4,635,002)		(3,122,393)		(1,349,699)			(9,107,094)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES:										
Interest received		459,985		795,237		415,080		928,111		2,598,413
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	_	157,705		170,251		113,000		720,111		2,570,115
CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,332,946		2,536,722		554,268	(1	0,894,131)	(6,470,195)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		6,827,295		9,463,378		8,640,062	2	22,940,210	4	7,870,945
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	8,160,241	\$	12,000,100	\$	9,194,330	\$ 1	2,046,079	\$ 4	1,400,750
,	_	3,200,212		,,	_	*,*** *,***		_,,,,,,,,		-,,,
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:										
Cash and investments	\$	7,216,583	\$	2,132,548	\$	4,180,219	\$ 1	2,046,079	\$ 2	5,575,429
Restricted cash and investments	•	943,658	•	9,867,552		5,014,111	•	,,		5,825,321
CASH AND INVESTMENTS	•	8,160,241	¢	12,000,100	•	9,194,330	\$ 1	2,046,079	\$ 1	1,400,750
	Ψ	0,100,241	Ψ	12,000,100	Ψ	7,174,330	Ψ	.2,040,077	ΨΤ	1,400,730
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET										
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	•	3,047,495	©	3,328,948	\$	753,795	\$		\$	7,130,238
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	φ	3,047,493	φ	3,328,948	Φ	133,193	φ	-	φ	7,130,236
to cash provided by operating activities:										
Depreciation		2,820,101		1,474,562		715,944				5,010,607
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(468,254)		40,335		(28,549)	((4,435,356)	(4	4,891,824)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		41,133		31,987		11,511				84,631
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(149,707)		(124,645)		(38,432)				(312,784)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		15,662		(42,022)		26,916		1,818,501)	(1,817,945)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue							(5,573,109)	(:	5,573,109)
Increase (decrease) in deposits from others		15,713								15,713
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		194,348		161,814		49,892				406,054
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(8,528)		(7,101)	_	(2,190)				(17,819)
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,507,963	\$	4,863,878	\$	1,488,887	\$ (1	1,826,966)	\$	33,762
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIE	ES									
Amortization of bond prepaid insurance	\$	41,133	\$	31,987	\$	11,511			\$	84,631
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding of bonds	\$	36,724	\$	24,655	\$	8,396			\$	69,775
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	\$	428,484	\$	303,751	\$	111,221	¢.	217 204	\$	843,456
Change in fair value of investments	\$	24,462	\$	68,898	\$	86,091	\$	317,394	\$	496,845

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The reporting entity refers to the scope of activities, organizations and functions included in the financial statements. The Mountain House Community Services District (District), formed in 1996, is a political subdivision created under Section 61000-61850 of the Government Code of the State of California and, as such, can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State of California. The District operates under the general laws of the State and is governed by an elected five-member Board of Directors (Board). In November 2008, Mountain House residents voted to have a locally elected Board of Directors. The Board consists of five members of the community elected at large. As described in Note K to the financial statements, the District became the City of Mountain House effective July 1, 2024.

The District provides general government, public safety, public ways and facilities, recreation and culture, water, wastewater, and storm drain services. Police services are provided through contracts with the County of San Joaquin and a private security company. Fire services are provided through contract with French Camp McKinley Rural Fire Protection District. Development inspections and plan checks are provided by the County of San Joaquin.

For financial reporting purposes, the District's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the Board. The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities.

The District entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated April 1, 2007, between the District and the County of San Joaquin for the purpose of creating the Mountain House Public Financing Authority (Authority). The Authority was created to facilitate the financing and refinancing of certain public programs and projects of the District through the issuance of the Utility Systems Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 and 2011. The District owns the underlying capital assets that were financed with the debt. The Bonds issued in the name of the Authority were refunded in December 2019 with the proceeds of the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A and B. The Authority has no other transactions and does not issue separate financial statements.

The District entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated June 1, 2019, between the District and the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) for the purpose of creating the Mountain House Financing Authority (MHFA). The MHFA was created to issue bonds and to purchase bonds issued by, or to make loans to, the District or CSCDA for financing public capital improvements, working capital, liability and other insurance needs, or projects whenever there are significant public benefits. The District owns any underlying capital assets financed with debt issued by the MHFA, as described in Note E. The accompanying basic financial statements of the District include the financial activities of the MHFA as a blended component unit of the District because the District's Board of Directors controls the MHFA, the District is financially accountable for the MHFA and the MHFA is financially dependent upon the District. Debt issued by the MHFA is reflected as debt of the District in these financial statements. The MHFA has no other transactions and does not issue separate financial statements.

<u>Basis of Presentation—Government-wide Statements</u>: The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

<u>Basis of Presentation—Fund Financial Statements</u>: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental and proprietary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds. All of the District's funds are considered major funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources and transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes certain special accounts that are used to accumulate resources for designated purposes.
- The Special Assessments Special Revenue Fund is used to account for funding from property assessments, levied per one hundred square feet of living area and per one hundred square feet of parcel area, to pay for roads, transportation, community services, public safety, public works, parks and recreation as a result of the adoption of Resolutions 96-1, 96-2, 96-3 and 96-4 and assessments from two landscaping and lighting districts as follows:
 - Ordinance No. 96-1 Transportation, Operations and Administration: Provides funding for capital and operating costs, including administrative costs, of providing public transportation, including, but not limited to, construction and maintenance of streets and roads rights of way, bus service and equipment and facilities, train station facilities, and programs for the provision of public transportation, including, but not limited to, such items as programs for transportation demand management and alternative transportation programs. Funding is also available for operational and administrative functions of the District to the extent these latter functions are not funded from other sources.
 - Ordinance No. 96-2 Public Safety Services: Provides funding for capital and operating costs, including administrative costs, of providing public safety services, including, but not limited to,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

fire protection, weed and pest abatement, police, ambulance services, security services, graffiti abatement, and animal control, and other programs for the provision of public safety services.

- Ordinance No. 96-3 Parks, Recreation, and Community Facilities Services: Provides funding for capital and operating costs, including administrative costs, of providing parks, recreation and community facilities and services, including, but not limited to, public recreation activities and facilities, landscaping, wildlife habitat and open space, information services, library services, public events, and the administration and enforcement of community covenants, conditions and restrictions.
- Ordinance No. 96-4 Public Works: Provides funding for capital and operating costs, including administrative costs, of providing public works services, including, but not limited to, flood control and prevention, stormwater and drainage, sewer services, water services, street lighting, utility undergrounding, and telecommunications services.
- Mountain House Community Services District Consolidated Landscape Maintenance Assessment District No. 2016 (District No. 2016): Established under the provisions of the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 to maintain landscaping and lighting improvements in Zone 1, Neighborhood D.
- Mountain House Community Services District Consolidated Landscape Maintenance Assessment
 <u>District No. 2008-1 (District No. 2008-1)</u>: Established under the provisions of the Landscaping
 and Lighting Act of 1972 to maintain landscaping and lighting improvements in Zone 1,
 Neighborhood H.
- Mountain House Community Services District Consolidated Landscape Maintenance District No. 2019 (District No. 2019): Established under the provisions of the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 to maintain landscaping and lighting improvements in District 2019.
- The Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund is used to account for fees collected from builders to mitigate the impact of development. The fees are used to reimburse developers for identified infrastructure projects.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

The District reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Water Fund is used to account for the revenues from water users and the associated expenses to provide water treatment and services, and debt service.
- The Wastewater Fund is used to account for the revenues from wastewater users and the associated expenses to provide wastewater treatment and services, and debt service.
- The Stormwater Fund is used to account for the revenues from stormwater line users and the associated expenses to provide stormwater treatment and services, and debt service.
- The Developer Fund is used to account for financial resources used and expended for new developments.

Basis of Accounting: The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, special assessments and franchise fees. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes, special assessments and franchise fees is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available ("susceptible to accrual"). The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Expenditures in the Special Assessment Special Revenue Fund are categorized consistently with the requirements of the related Ordinance. This results in general government expenditures being categorized with related expenditures rather than being reported separately as in the government-wide statements.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The statements of cash flows include both cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are defined as all cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less and the District's investment in the County of San Joaquin's pooled cash and investments.

Receivables, Unearned Revenue, and Unavailable Revenue: Receivables consist mostly of property taxes, developer reimbursements, and utility billings. Amounts in the Statements of Net Position for the Proprietary Funds are aggregated into a single accounts receivable. Below is the detail of the receivable for the proprietary funds:

	Water	W	astewater	St	ormwater	Developer	Total
Receivables Less: Allowance for	\$ 929,292	\$	529,394	\$	101,945	\$ 7,969,129	\$ 9,529,760
uncollectible accounts	(17,838)		(14,495)		(4,043)		(36,376)
Ending balance	\$ 911,454	\$	514,899	\$	97,902	\$ 7,969,129	\$ 9,493,384

The District reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, including developer deposits for plan checks and inspections, a police station, roads and a water treatment plant extension that are not considered earned until the permit is pulled. In subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized. The District also reports unavailable revenues on its financial statements, which arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Revenue is recognized when the revenue recognition criteria are met.

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: Certain resources set aside for repayment of revenue bonds and pledged notes payable are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement. The amounts reported as

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

restricted cash and investments consist of debt service reserves as well as accumulated pledged revenue in restricted accounts containing the portion of the enterprise fund utility bills that are pledged for repayment of the revenue bonds and the pledged notes payable.

The capital improvement fee portion of the District's utility bill collections from its customers is pledged to pay debt service on the bonds and to reimburse the developers for the cost of the construction of the utility infrastructure. The cash and investments and receivables not yet disbursed to the developer or to the bond trustee are reported as restricted assets. The cash and investments are held at Wells Fargo Bank to pay related debt service on the revenue bonds issued, with the remainder being used to pay the pledged notes payable to the developers.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 for equipment/furniture and \$5,000 for structures and improvements, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets acquired by the governmental funds are accounted for as expenditures of those funds and capitalized and recorded as assets in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date. Contributed capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, tract improvements, right of ways, and utility facilities.

Costs of assets sold or retired (and related amounts of accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss is included in the operating statement of the related fund. In governmental funds, the sale of general capital assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as proceeds from sale.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements that significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Structures and Improvements	10-50 years
Equipment and Machinery	2-10 years
Infrastructure	25 years

Compensated Absences: Compensated absences are comprised of unpaid vacation, floating and holiday pay, which are accrued as earned. Full-time employees accrue 80 to 184 hours of vacation and may accrue up to a maximum of 160 to 368 hours of vacation, depending on their years of service. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or such events take place. A liability for these amounts is

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Unused sick leave benefits generally do not vest with the employee upon separation and have not been accrued. Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, net of any related discounts. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Leases and Subscriptions</u>: The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset and a subscription liability and subscription asset in the government-wide and enterprise fund statements if the lease meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, or the subscription meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The District does not recognize short-term leases and subscriptions with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less. The District currently does not have any material leases or subscriptions.

Pledged Notes Payable: The District acquired various infrastructure facilities from developers through various Project Acquisition Agreements. In accordance with the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement and various Project Reimbursement Agreements, the District is obligated to reimburse for the accepted infrastructure based on agreed-upon amounts after costs are certified. In accordance with the agreements, financing charges are applied to the outstanding balance using the percentage increase in the Engineering News Record (ENR), a construction cost index. The rate used by the District during the year ended June 30, 2024 was 3.879%. Repayment of the governmental activities pledged notes payable are made as impact fees are collected. If fees collected are insufficient to completely reimburse the developers at the time of build-out, the District will not have further obligation for reimbursement. The District's service area was approximately one-third built-out at year-end. Repayment of the business-type activities pledged notes are made from the capital improvement fee included in the utility billings received from the customers. When the developers have been fully reimbursed, the capital improvement fee will be used by the District to refurbish or replace the infrastructure.

<u>Pension Plan</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense related to the pension plan, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's pension plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the County of San Joaquin's Pension Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund is used to liquidate the pension liability.

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u>: Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on July 1st and are payable in two installments on December 10th and April 10th.

The County of San Joaquin is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

formulas. The District recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

The District participates in an alternative method of distribution of property tax levies and assessments known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allows counties to distribute secured real property and assessment and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to districts each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments, penalties and interest during a fiscal year will revert to the County.

<u>Special Assessments</u>: There are five special taxes used to fund the services in the District. Each tax is levied per one hundred square feet of living area and per one hundred square feet of parcel area. The tax rates are subject to adjustment annually. The various assessments fund the capital and operating costs of providing roadways and other transportation infrastructure; public safety; parks, recreation, and community facilities; and public works services. The County of San Joaquin collects the special assessments as part of the property tax collection system and the District recognizes special assessment revenue when the installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

<u>Net Position/Fund Balances</u>: The government-wide and business-type activities financial statements report net position. Net position is categorized as the net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. These categories are described on the following page:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt and other payables that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category, with the exception of the accrued interest included in the pledged notes payable. The net investment in capital assets in the Water Enterprise Fund is negative due to the principal on pledged notes payable being paid slower than the capital assets are depreciated.
- Restricted Net Position This category represents net position that are subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's restrictions are listed on the face of the statements of net position.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

In the Governmental Fund Statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use by those external to the District, including creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments. It also includes constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a resolution of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors) and

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

that remain binding unless removed with another resolution. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period. The District's committed fund balance in the General Fund represents an amount committed for the construction of an aquatic center

- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making or by a body or an official designed for that purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance the residual classification that includes amounts not contained in the
 other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that reports positive unassigned fund balance
 while negative fund balance may be reported as unassigned fund balance if expenditures incurred for
 specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

The District's Board establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of a resolution. When restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed. The District's committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Pronouncements: In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and consistency in authoritative literature, including the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument; clarification of provisions of Statement 87, Leases, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset and identification of lease incentives; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement term, classification as short-term and recognition of a subscription liability; extension of the period during which the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt; accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP); disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysisfor State and Local Governments, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements; terminology updates related to provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position; and terminology used in Statement No. 53 to refer to resource flows statements. This Statement was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2024 and had no impact on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change, including changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates and changes to or within the financial reporting entity, and error corrections. This Statement requires changes in accounting principles and error corrections to be reported retroactively by restating prior periods; requires changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period; and requires changes in accounting estimates to be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement applies to the implementation of new pronouncements in absence of specific transition provisions in the new pronouncement. This Statement also requires the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance or fund net position, as applicable, to be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements. Furthermore, this Statement requires information presented in required supplementary information or supplementary information to be restated for error corrections, if practicable, but not for changes in accounting principles. The provisions of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. This statement was implemented by the District during the year ended June 30, 2024 and had no impact on the District's financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used that is attributable to services already rendered, accumulates and is more likely than not to be used for time off or paid in cash or settled through noncash means and leave that has been used but not paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in the liability for compensated absences. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences, including parental leave, military leave and jury duty leave, not be recognized until the leave commences. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities. With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Governments are allowed to disclose the net change in the liability if identified as such in the footnotes to the financial statements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for years beginning after December 15, 2023.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes a primary government, or reporting unit that reports a liability for revenue debt, vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact and to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If the criteria in the Statement have been met for a concentration or constraint, the government should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact. The provisions of this Statement are effective for years beginning after June 15, 2024.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

including 1) certain topics and disclosures in Management's Discussion and Analysis; 2) requiring the display of inflows and outflows of unusual and infrequent items to be reported separately as the last presented flow(s) of resources prior to the net change in resources flows in the government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statement of resources flows; 3) changing the definition of proprietary fund nonoperating revenues and expenses to include subsidies received and provided, contributions to permanent and term endowments, revenues and expenses related to financing, resources from the disposal of capital assets and inventory and investment income and expenses and defines operating revenues and expenses as revenue and expenses other than nonoperating revenue and expenses; 4) requires major component units to be presented separately in the reporting entity's statement of net position and statement of activities if it does not reduce the readability of the statements; and 5) requires budgetary comparison schedules to be reported as Required Supplementary Information (RSI), requires the presentation of variances between original and final budget amounts and final budget and actual amounts in the RSI and requires the explanation of significant variances to be reported in notes to the RSI. The provisions of this Statement are effective for years beginning after June 15, 2025.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets. This Statement requires lease assets recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, subscription assets recognized in accordance with GASB Statement. No 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and other intangible assets to be disclosed separately in capital assets footnote disclosures. This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. A capital asset is a capital asset held for sale if (a) the government has decided to pursue the sale of the capital asset and (b) it is probable that the sale will be finalized within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should disclose the ending historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major class of asset and the carrying amount of debt for which the assets are pledged as collateral by major class of asset held for sale under this Statement. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

The District is currently analyzing the impact of the required implementation of these new statements.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2024 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 90,891,234 7,450	\$ 25,575,429 15,825,321	\$ 116,466,663 15,832,771	
	\$ 90,898,684	\$ 41,400,750	\$ 132,299,434	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the District's total cash and investments at fair value were as follows:

Cash:		
Cash on hand	\$ 300)
Deposits in financial institutions	6,984,347	1
Total cash	6,984,647	7
Investments:		
Investment in County of San Joaquin Treasury	121,119,035	,
U.S. Agency securites	1,853,357	7
Money market mutual funds	45,215	,
Certificates of deposit	493,824	ŀ
Medium term corporate notes	1,803,356)
Total investments	125,314,787	7
Total cash and investments	\$ 132,299,434	ļ

Except for amounts held by fiscal agents in accordance with bond ordinances and the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement, all of the District's cash and investments are deposited in the County of San Joaquin Treasury. The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available to all funds for which the County Treasury is the depository, for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and consist of cash held in the bank or on hand, debt securities, and investments in third-party investment pools. The County of San Joaquin Treasury Oversight Committee (Committee) has oversight responsibility for the County of San Joaquin's cash and investment pool. The Committee consists of ten members as required by state law. The value of the pooled shares in the County of San Joaquin that maybe withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different that the fair value of the District's position in the pool. Deposits held in the County investment pool are subject to withdrawal restrictions that may require thirty days' notice of the intent to withdrawal funds.

The District's cash and investments are stated at fair value, determined using statements provided by custodial agents. Interest earned on the pooled funds is accrued and apportioned quarterly, based upon the average daily balance of each fund. Information regarding categorizing, ratings, and risk of investments and fair value reporting can be found in the County of San Joaquin's annual financial report, which can be obtained by contacting the Auditor-Controller's office at the County of San Joaquin.

<u>Investment Policy</u>: The County's Board of Supervisors approves an investment policy each year that was adopted by the District and provides oversight for all pooled investments in the County Treasury. California statutes authorize special districts to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issue
Local agency bonds	5 years	100%	None
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	100%	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	100%	None
California State Warrants on Bonds	5 years	100%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	100%	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Time deposits	1 year	30%	None
High grade commercial paper	270 days	30%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	1 year	30%	10%
Medium term corporate notes	3 years	30%	None
Mutual funds	N/A	20%	None
Specific securities	5 years	Per approval	Per approval
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Local government investment pools	N/A	None	\$75,000,000
Joint Powers Authority Programs	N/A	30%	None
Supranationals	5 years	10%	AA

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by the provision of the debt agreements rather than the California Government Code. However, the District's debt agreement authorizes investment in all investments that comply with the California Government Code with the following additional requirements: U.S. agencies and financial institutions in which the District invests must have a rating of "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating agencies and corporations in which the District invests must have total assets of at least \$500 million.

The District complied with the provisions of the California Government Code pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The District will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk in the market rate changes that could adversely affect the fair values of an investment. In general, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter- and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity date at June 30, 2024:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

			Weighted			
		12	2 Months	12 to 24	24 to 60	Average
	Total		or Less	Months	Months	Maturity
Investment in County of San						
Joaquin Treasury	\$ 121,119,035				\$ 121,119,035	748 days
U.S. Agency securities	1,853,357	\$	505,089	\$ 523,326	824,942	N/A
Money market mutual funds	45,215		45,215			39 days
Certificates of deposit	493,824				493,824	N/A
Medium term corporate notes	1,803,356		388,904	727,398	687,054	N/A
Total	\$ 125,314,787	\$	939,208	\$ 1,250,724	\$ 123,124,855	

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that the issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type as of June 30, 2024.

		Minimum	l							
	Total	Legal Rating	AAA	AA+	AA-	A+	A	A-	BBB+	Not Rated
Investment in County of San										
Joaquin Treasury	\$ 121,119,035	N/A								\$ 121,119,035
U.S. Agency securities	1,853,357	A		\$ 1,525,030						328,327
Money market mutual funds	45,215	A	\$ 45,215							
Certificates of deposit	493,824	N/A								493,824
Medium term corporate notes	1,803,356	A			\$ 117,716	\$ 272,094	\$ 244,585	\$ 780,057	\$ 388,904	
Total	\$ 125,314,787		\$ 45,215	\$ 1,525,030	\$ 117,716	\$ 272,094	\$ 244,585	\$ 780,057	\$ 388,904	\$ 121,941,186

<u>Custodial Credit Risk of Cash Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure the District's cash deposits by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The fair value of pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the District's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the District's total cash deposits.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount and the bank balance of the District's deposits was \$7,478.170. The District had balances in banks of \$8,220,338 above the federally insured limit of \$250,000, which were secured by a pledge of the financial institution's securities, but not in the name of the District.

<u>Funds Held by Fiscal Agents</u>: The District holds all of its restricted investments with a fiscal agent in various accounts for the purpose of paying principal and interest on its bonds, paying down the pledged notes payable and to establish a reserve for the bond issues. The fair value of investments is determined monthly based upon quoted market prices.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District had no investment policy limiting the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. At June 30, 2024, the District had no investments in one issuer (other than the San Joaquin Pooled Investment Fund) that represented 5% or more of total District investments.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: For investments and deposits held with fiscal agents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the District's cash and investments with fiscal agents had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u>: The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

		Level		
	Total	1	2	3
U.S. Agency securites Money market mutual funds Certificates of deposit Medium term corporate notes	\$ 1,853,357 45,215 493,823 1,803,357		\$ 1,853,357 45,215 493,823 1,803,357	
	4,195,752	\$ -	\$ 4,195,752	\$ -
Investments not categorized: Investment in County of San Joaquin Treasury	121,119,035			
Total	\$125,314,787			

For investments classified within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the District's custodians generally use a multi-dimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others.

NOTE C – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Due to/from other funds</u>: Amounts due to and from other funds are for temporary loans to cover deficit cash and other shortfalls. Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund Water Fund	Developer Enterprise Fund Wastewater Enterprise Fund	\$ 12,111 90,993
Wastewater Fund	Stormwater Enterprise Fund Stormwater Enterprise Fund	99,843 14,809
Stormwater Fund	Wastewater Enterprise Fund	 1,719
		\$ 219,475

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE C – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Advances to/from other funds: Advances to and from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	_
General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	\$ 7,083,595	(a)
	Wastewater Enterprise Fund	5,408,323	(a)
	Stormwater Enterprise Fund	636,993	(a)
	Water Enterprise Fund	2,295,186	(b)
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	10,030,443	(c)
Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	Special Assessments Special Revenue Fund	 297,000	(d)
		\$ 25,751,540	=

- (a) Advances to utility funds are the result of shortfalls of expenses over revenues in the early years where the utility funds cannot generate enough revenue in a start-up community to pay all the operating expenses. It is expected that at some point in the future the utility funds will generate revenues in excess of expenses, which will be used for the repayment of advances.
- (b) The General Fund advanced funds to the Water Enterprise Fund to finance future capital infrastructure projects.
- (c) The Wastewater Enterprise Fund advanced \$10,752,341 of Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023 proceeds to the Water Enterprise Fund on June 14, 2023 to repay developer notes payable in order to stabilize and reduce interest expense. Interest accrues annually on June 30 at the Local Agency Investment Fund rate. A principal payment of \$721,899 and an interest payment of \$422,244 was made on June 30, 2024 at 3.927%.
- (d) The Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund advanced funds to the Special Assessments Special Revenue Fund to purchase Fire Station 98. The total amount advanced was \$2,970,000 on August 11, 2015, and the outstanding balance is scheduled to be repaid by June 30, 2026. Principal payments of \$297,000 are due annually starting fiscal year 2015/16. Interest accrues annually on June 30 on the outstanding loan balance at the variable rates based on the Local Agency Investment Fund rate. Interest of \$23,326 was paid during the year ended June 30, 2024 at 3.927%.

<u>Transfer in/out</u>: Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Capital Projects Fund	Special Assessments Special Revenue Fund	\$ 2,392,837 (a)
		\$ 2,392,837

(a) The transfer to the Capital Projects Fund is for future construction projects under the five-year CIP plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

	Balance at June 30, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities	3 dife 30, 2023	7 Idditions	Detections	34He 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 28,041,500			\$ 28,041,500
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	28,041,500			28,041,500
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Equipment and furnishings	3,432,405	\$ 630,117	\$ (52,000)	4,010,522
Buildings	33,710,975			33,710,975
Infrastructure	217,086,070	1,275,428	(52,000)	218,361,498
Total capital assets, being depreciated	254,229,450	1,905,545	(52,000)	256,082,995
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment and furnishings	(1,761,352)	(428,440)	52,000	(2,137,792)
Buildings	(3,326,891)	(887,476)		(4,214,367)
Infrastructure	(137,136,061)	(9,265,856)		(146,401,917)
Total accumulated depreciation	(142,224,304)	(10,581,772)	52,000	(152,754,076)
Capital assets being depreciated, net GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	112,005,146	(8,676,227)		103,328,919
	\$ 140 046 646	\$ (8 676 227)	•	\$ 131,370,419
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 140,040,040	\$ (8,676,227)	\$ -	\$ 131,370,419
	Ralance at			Ralance at
	Balance at	Additions	Deletions	Balance at
Business-Type Activities	Balance at June 30, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2024
Business-Type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Additions	Deletions	
Business-Type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land		Additions	Deletions	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	June 30, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024 \$ 2,604,300
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300		Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439	Additions \$ 296,500	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218	\$ 296,500	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218		Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218	\$ 296,500	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property Total capital assets, being depreciated	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218 229,939,657 (1,102,685)	\$ 296,500 296,500 (58,731)	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218 230,236,157 (1,161,416)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment Other property Other property	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218 229,939,657 (1,102,685) (74,316,619)	\$ 296,500 296,500 (58,731) (4,951,876)	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218 230,236,157 (1,161,416) (79,268,495)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218 229,939,657 (1,102,685) (74,316,619)	\$ 296,500 296,500 (58,731)	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218 230,236,157 (1,161,416)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment Other property Total accumulated depreciation	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218 229,939,657 (1,102,685) (74,316,619) (75,419,304)	\$ 296,500 296,500 (58,731) (4,951,876) (5,010,607)	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218 230,236,157 (1,161,416) (79,268,495) (80,429,911)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment Other property Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218 229,939,657 (1,102,685) (74,316,619)	\$ 296,500 296,500 (58,731) (4,951,876)	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218 230,236,157 (1,161,416) (79,268,495)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Other property Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment Other property Total accumulated depreciation	June 30, 2023 \$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,275,439 228,664,218 229,939,657 (1,102,685) (74,316,619) (75,419,304) 154,520,353	\$ 296,500 296,500 (58,731) (4,951,876) (5,010,607)	Deletions	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 1,571,939 228,664,218 230,236,157 (1,161,416) (79,268,495) (80,429,911)

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 829,398
Public safety	7,993,230
Public ways	455,480
Culture and recreation	1,303,664

Total Governmental Activities \$\ \\$ 10,581,772

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:

Water	\$ 2,820,101
Wastewater	1,474,562
Stormwater	715,944

Total Business-type Activities \$\\$5,010,607

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities at June 30, 2024:

		Interest	Principal	Date of	Amount	Outstanding
	Maturity_	Rates	Installments	Issue	Authorized	June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities Debt						
Pledged notes payable	None	Agreement	Based on impact fee	Various	\$132,401,349	\$ 62,340,973
(to acquire infrastructure from developers)		based	receipts			
Mountain House Financing Authority	Oct 1					
2021 Lease Revenue Bonds	2051	4.00%	\$845,000-\$2,765,000	2021	49,690,000	47,925,000
(to finance the cost of improvements to						
construct roads, streets and other						
transporation improvements and						
paydown pledged notes payable)						
Total Governmental Activities					\$182,091,349	\$110,265,973

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities at June 30, 2024:

	Maturity	Interest Rates	Principal Installments	Date of Issue	Amount Authorized	Outstanding June 30, 2024
Business-type Activities Debt Mountain House Financing Authority Utility Systems Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A (to finance the cost of improvements to the water, wastewater, and storm drain system and paydown pledged notes payable)	Dec 1 2055	4.00%	\$1,065,000-\$6,780,000	2020	\$ 91,325,000	\$ 91,325,000
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds, Series 2020B (to finance the cost of improvements to the water, wastewater, and storm drain system and paydown pledged notes payable)	Dec 1 2043	4.00%	\$180,000-\$4,355,000	2020	37,300,000	36,800,000
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A (to finance the cost of improvements to the water, wastewater, and storm drain system and refund remaining Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 and 2007)	Dec 1 2041	3.0% - 5.0%	\$570,000-\$2,275,000	2019	25,185,000	25,185,000
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B (to finance the cost of improvements to the water, wastewater, and storm drain system and refund remaining Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 and 2007)	Dec 1 2028	2.316% - 3.671%	\$255,000-\$1,065,000	2019	8,505,000	4,310,000
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds, Series 2023 (to provide funds to repay developers for the cost of improvements to each system and to fund a Reserve Fund for the Bonds with a reserve fund insurance policy)	Dec 1 2052	4.125%-4.250%	\$3,240,000-\$6,465,000	2023	42,775,000	42,775,000
Total Business-type Activities	ı				\$205,090,000	\$200,395,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Changes to long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2024	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Direct borrowing:					
Pledged notes payable	\$ 54,189,808	\$ 9,205,220	\$ (759,693)	\$ 62,635,335	\$ 50,000
Lease revenue bonds	48,845,000		(920,000)	47,925,000	960,000
Add premium	5,891,412		(561,140)	5,330,272	
Total notes and bonds	108,926,220	9,205,220	(2,240,833)	115,890,607	1,010,000
Compensated absences	481,444	28,507		509,951	509,951
Net pension liability	6,586,653	1,034,303		7,620,956	
Total governmental activities					
long-term liabilties	\$115,994,317	\$ 10,268,030	\$ (2,240,833)	\$ 124,021,514	\$ 1,519,951
Business-type Activities					
Revenue bonds	\$201,795,000		\$ (1,400,000)	\$ 200,395,000	\$ 1,605,000
Add premium	15,963,603		(910,523)	15,053,080	
Less discount	(1,478,899)		67,067	(1,411,832)	
Total notes and bonds	216,279,704		(2,243,456)	214,036,248	1,605,000
Net pension liability	2,585,835	\$ 406,054		2,991,889	
Total business-type activities					
long-term liabilities	\$218,865,539	\$ 406,054	\$ (2,243,456)	\$ 217,028,137	\$ 1,605,000

Additions to governmental activities pledged notes payable consists of new notes issued totaling \$6,384,411 that are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds plus interest payable added to the principal balance that is not reported as a financing source.

The District adjusted certified costs and the outstanding balance of pledged notes payable in the governmental activities. The change in estimate in the pledged notes payable balance was an increase of \$594,190 in governmental activities pledged notes payable, including interest.

<u>Payment Requirements for Debt Service</u>: Due to the unknown amount and timing of future debt payments on the pledged notes payable, the future maturity schedules for these payables are not available. As of June 30, 2024, annual debt service requirements of all Utility System Revenue Bonds to maturity are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
June 30:	Principal			Interest		Total	
2025	\$	960,000	\$	1,897,800	\$	2,857,800	
2026		1,000,000		1,858,600		2,858,600	
2027		1,040,000		1,817,800		2,857,800	
2028		1,080,000		1,775,400		2,855,400	
2029		1,120,000		1,731,400		2,851,400	
2030-2034		6,320,000		7,933,000		14,253,000	
2035-2039		7,685,000		6,536,500		14,221,500	
2040-2044		9,355,000		4,838,100		14,193,100	
2045-2049		11,385,000		2,770,500		14,155,500	
2050-2052		7,980,000		487,200		8,467,200	
Totals	\$	47,925,000	\$	31,646,300	\$	79,571,300	
100015	-	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	31,010,300		, ,	
Year Ending							
				ss-type Activit		Total	
Year Ending June 30:	<u> </u>	Bi Principal		ss-type Activit Interest		Total	
Year Ending June 30:		В	usine	ss-type Activit	ies	Total 9,631,965	
Year Ending June 30:		Brincipal 1,605,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026		Bi Principal 1,605,000 1,815,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656	ies	Total 9,631,965	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026 2027		Principal 1,605,000 1,815,000 2,045,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656 7,899,379	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656 9,944,379	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026 2027 2028		Principal 1,605,000 1,815,000 2,045,000 2,290,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656 7,899,379 7,814,658	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656 9,944,379 10,104,658	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029		Brincipal 1,605,000 1,815,000 2,045,000 2,290,000 2,555,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656 7,899,379 7,814,658 7,711,636	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656 9,944,379 10,104,658 10,266,636	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034		Bi Principal 1,605,000 1,815,000 2,045,000 2,290,000 2,555,000 17,295,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656 7,899,379 7,814,658 7,711,636 36,502,081	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656 9,944,379 10,104,658 10,266,636 53,797,081	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039		Bi Principal 1,605,000 1,815,000 2,045,000 2,290,000 2,555,000 17,295,000 26,485,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656 7,899,379 7,814,658 7,711,636 36,502,081 32,026,881	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656 9,944,379 10,104,658 10,266,636 53,797,081 58,511,881	
Year Ending June 30: 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044		Brincipal 1,605,000 1,815,000 2,045,000 2,290,000 2,555,000 17,295,000 26,485,000 45,195,000	usine	ss-type Activit Interest 8,026,965 7,968,656 7,899,379 7,814,658 7,711,636 36,502,081 32,026,881 26,038,431	ies	Total 9,631,965 9,783,656 9,944,379 10,104,658 10,266,636 53,797,081 58,511,881 71,233,431	

Requirement for District to Issue Bonds to Repay Pledged Notes Payable: The Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreements between the District and developers require the District to issue bonds to repay pledged notes payable to developers when the District has capacity to issue revenue bonds until the pledged notes payable are fully reimbursed. The requirements reside in the District's "Revenue Bond Rules," which require the District to analyze bonding capacity every six months, with one review occurring not more than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year based on the previous 24-month period using the District's audited financial statements. The Revenue Bond Rules require the District to issue revenue bonds if the review indicates: 1) the District is in compliance with all covenants and other tests set forth to bond holders in previous revenue bond issues, and 2) a minimum of \$10 million face or par amount of additional revenue bonds can be issued in compliance with the rate covenant and additional indebtedness test described in the agreement. The requirement is subject to certain limitations discussed in the Revenue Bond Rules, including the ability of the District to obtain an investment grade rating (minimum of "Baa3", "BBB-" or "BBB" by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or Fitch, respectively).

\$ 160,209,317 \$ 360,604,317

Totals \$ 200,395,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Default Provisions</u>: The 2023 Utility System Revenue Bonds, 2021 Lease Revenue Bonds and the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A and B and Series 2019A and B, contain default provisions that allow the trustee to call the revenue bonds principal and interest immediately due and payable if the bonds remain past due more than 30 days after the District is provided a notice of default by the trustee.

Pledged Revenues: The District has pledged utility revenues in enterprise funds to secure the repayment of principal and interest on the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, Series 2020A and B, Series 2019A and B and pledged notes payable in accordance with the terms and the provisions of the bonds and other agreements. The Series 2023 Bonds have maturity dates of December 1, 2052, the Series 2020A and B Bonds have maturity dates of December 1, 2055 and December 1, 2043 respectively, and the Series 2019A and B Bonds have maturity dates of December 1, 2041 and December 1, 2028, respectively, and the pledged notes receivable have no stated maturity date. The District has a rate covenant under the 2020A and B agreements and pledged note payable agreements to collect revenues from the water, wastewater and stormwater systems at least equal to 110% of annual debt service payments allocated to those systems. Total principal and interest remaining on the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, Series 2020A and B and Series 2019A and B was \$360,604,317 at June 30, 2024, which is payable through December 2056. No enterprise fund pledged notes payable were outstanding at the end of the year. For the year ended June 30, 2024, combined cash basis principal and interest payments on the bonds with pledged revenue were \$9,549,877.

Total pledged utility revenues for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$11,050,653, which represents 100% of the "Charges for services – pledged" on the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position revenue that is pledged for repayment of the Series 2020A and B Bonds, Series 2019A and B Bonds and the pledged notes payable combined.

In addition, the District has pledged governmental activity impact fees to secure repayment of the pledged notes payable in accordance with the terms of the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement. Total principal and finance charges accrued at the ENR index rate on these pledged notes payable that were outstanding at June 30, 2024 were \$62,635,335. \$759,693 of payments were made during the year on the pledged notes payable, during the year ended June 30, 2024. Total pledged revenue for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$9,103,311 which represents total developer and impact fee revenue in the Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund.

Arbitrage: The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. During the current year, the District performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings and at June 30, 2024, does not expect to incur a liability.

NOTE F – NET POSITION DESIGNATIONS

Designations of unrestricted net position may be imposed by the Board of Directors to reflect future spending plans or concerns about the availability of future resources. Designations may be modified, amended or removed by Board action. As of June 30, 2024, the Board has designated \$1,400,000 for contingency funding in the event the District needs to make emergency water supply

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE F – NET POSITION DESIGNATIONS (Continued)

purchases. The Board of Directors also approved a cash reserve of three months of operating expenditures as part of the budget.

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association (SJCEA). The Plan consists of the Tier 1 and Tier 2 rate plans.

The County Employee's Retirement Act of 1937 is the statutory basis for the SJCERA. The Board of Retirement has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The SJCERA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available at www.sjcera.org or by writing to the Board of Retirement, San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association, 6 South El Dorado, Suite 400, Stockton, California 95202.

Benefits Provided: SJCERA provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (52 for Tier 2) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is the following: the 1957 Survivor Benefit or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	Tier 1 (Prior to	Tier 2 (On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013)	January 1, 2013)
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	2.0% @ 55 1/2	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 62	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.48% to 2.61%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates - 2023	5.67% - 10.12%	10.06%
Required employer contribution rates - 2023	46.77%	41.10%

The Tier 1 rate plan is closed to new members that are not already SJCERA eligible participants.

<u>Contributions</u>: Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of December 31 by SJCERA. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the contributions to the plan were \$1,668,052.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: As of June 30, 2024, the District reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$10,612,845.

The net pension liability as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023 rolled forward to December 31, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 (December 31, 2023 and 2022 measurement dates) was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.5398%
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.6353%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0955%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recorded pension expense of \$1,935,695. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 924,701		
Changes in assumptions	171,539	\$ (223,898)	
Change in employer's proportion	1,575,363		
Differences between the employer's contribution and			
the employer's proportionate share of contributions		(717,239)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	1,330,126		
Differences between actual and expected experience	801,171	(261,986)	
Total	\$ 4,802,900	\$ (1,203,123)	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as net deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ 867,108
2026	785,645
2027	1,134,517
2028	(112,194)
	\$ 2,675,076

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability at June 30, 2024 (according to January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation) was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2023
Measurement Date	December 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation	2.75%
Amortization Growth Rate	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.00% plus merit component
Cost of Living Salary Increase	2.60%
Investment Rate of Return/Discount Rate	6.75%
Mortality	Post-Retirement mortality: Gender distinct tables from
	2021 CalPERS' experience study with generational
	mortality improvements projected from 2017 using 80%
	of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% as of the December 31, 2023 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's plan net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023.

Change of Assumptions: There was not change in assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class for the Plan. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return (a)
Aggressive Growth	16.00%	9.80%
Traditional Growth	34.00%	7.85%
Stabilized Growth	30.00%	4.99%
Principal Protection	7.00%	2.05%
Crisis Risk Offset (CRO)	13.00%	1.95%
Cash	0.00%	0.15%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	5.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,585,249
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 6.75% 10,612,845
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 7.75% 6.514.207

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SJCERA financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan: As of June 30, 2024, there were no significant payables to the Plan.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The District participates in the County of San Joaquin Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (457 Plan). All employees are allowed to participate. The 457 Plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions and Nationwide Life Insurance Company.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements and withdrawals for the 457 Plan are established by the County of San Joaquin Board of Supervisors and are subject to limitations imposed by the IRC. Employees are permitted to make contributions to the 457 Plan, up to the applicable IRC limits. The District makes contributions based on a percentage of base salary. Contributions are 1% for management employees and employees who are members of its Supervisor/Confidential bargaining unit and 2% for persons designated as District Directors. The District contributes 5% on behalf of the General Manager in according with the related employment contract. All participant and employer contributions and earnings on the contributions vest immediately. Plan member and District contributions totaled \$48,613 and \$348,618 respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE H – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District participates in the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA) Property and Liability Insurance Program for risk of loss. The program provides general liability, property, commercial auto, boiler and machinery, employment practices, employee dishonesty coverage, employment benefits liability, public official errors and omissions and public official personal liability insurance coverage.

SDRMA is composed of California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The purpose of SDRMA is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance and administrative services. Liabilities of the District are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The District considers claims incurred and reported, as well as claims incurred but not reported, to be immaterial and has not accrued an estimate of such claims payable. The District's maximum coverage as of June 30, 2024 consisted of \$2.5 million for general liability, including bodily injury, property damage, employee benefits, public officials E&O and employment practices liability and auto bodily injury and property damage, \$500,000 for public official's personal liability. The District has property mobile/contractors equipment and catastrophic loss coverage of \$1.0 billion, boiler and machinery coverage of \$100 million and pollution coverage of \$2 million. Workers' compensation coverage includes \$5,000,000 for employer's liability and the statutory limit for workers' compensation.

The District insures through the County of San Joaquin's self-insurance programs for unemployment compensation, medical insurance, and dental insurance. The County also purchases commercial stop loss insurance for the health and dental insurance coverage in excess of the County-covered portion.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance and settled claims have not exceeded the County or the commercial insurance coverage limits in any of the past three fiscal years.

On June 12, 2024, the Board of directors approved membership in the Municipal Pooling Authority, which provides short-term and long-term disability, health, dental and vision insurance.

NOTE I – FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION DEFICIT

The following funds had deficit net position at June 30, 2024:

	De	eficit Amount
Water	\$	(31,120,711)
Wastewater		(17,607,591)

The deficit in these funds are expected to be eliminated in the future through increased charges for services revenues as the number of connections increase or through the collection of development fees.

NOTE J – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Byron-Bethany Irrigation District: The District entered into an agreement on June 22, 2015 with Byron-Bethany Irrigation District (Irrigation District) whereby the District, in addition to paying actual costs of

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE J – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

water delivered, agrees to indemnify the Irrigation District for any and all costs, including, but not limited to, any fines penalties, legal or other costs associated with any enforcement or other action brought by the State Water Resources Control Board or any other rent related to the Irrigation District's diversion of water to meet the water supply requirements of the District while the State Water Resources Control Board curtailment of the Irrigation District's pre-1914 appropriative water rights is in effect.

French Camp McKinley Rural Fire Protection District: The District entered into an agreement with French Camp McKinley Rural Fire Protection District to provide fire protection and emergency medical services extending through June 30, 2025. The annual fee will be negotiated based on the Fire District's proposed budget, or if unable to negotiate, the fee will be the current contract fee increased by 3%. The annual fee for year ended June 30, 2024 was \$3,407,061.

<u>Legal Actions</u>: The District is party to legal actions that arose in the normal operation of business. Management of the District believes that the legal actions will not have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the District.

Contingency on Developer Notes Payable: The District reports notes payable for governmental activities. The notes payable represent amounts due for infrastructure and improvements constructed by various developers. Some developers have taken issue with the amount reported for their individual note. They assert that the balance of their individual note payable should be increased and the balance of another developer should be decreased. However, if any adjustments of amounts payable were to be proven warranted, the changes would not impact the total of notes payable reported in these financial statements.

The District is responsible for reimbursement of certified costs of certain developer improvements under development agreements. The District records an estimate of the allowable costs as capital assets and developer notes payable when submitted to the District by developers and adjusts the costs when a final cost certification is completed. Developers may have incurred costs that are reimbursable under the development agreements that have not been submitted for reimbursement at year-end. Consequently, the capital assets and developer note payable submitted by developers are subject to change and certain costs have not been recorded as they are not estimable. Projects in the process of being completed by developers at June 30, 2024 include a wastewater treatment plant expansion project that is budgeted at \$60 million and water treatment plan infrastructure improvements budgeted at \$2 million.

<u>Fire Apparatus Purchase:</u> On June 8, 2022, the Board of Directors approved a contract to purchase two Rosenbauer Pumpers for fire services for \$1,857,921. The Rosenbauer Pumpers are scheduled to be delivered during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Contract Commitments: At June 30, 2024, the District had the following contract commitments:

Building and safety services	\$ 4,200,000
Land use planning	717,616
Purchase of three Ford F-150 pickups	157,099
	\$ 5,074,715

<u>Incorporation as a City</u>: The San Joaquin Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCo) approved the District's application to incorporate as a City in September 2023 and the voters approved the District to incorporate as a city on March 5, 2024 under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2024

NOTE K – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

<u>Incorporation as a City</u>: The San Joaquin Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCo) approved the District's application to incorporate as a City in September 2023 and the voters approved the District to incorporate as a city on March 5, 2024 under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City Council was sworn in on July 1, 2024 and the District became the City of Mountain House, California (the City). All of the real and personal property interests of the District and all obligations for outstanding bonds, including revenue bonds, contracts and obligations of the District transferred to the City upon incorporation except those powers and obligations related to the enforcement of conditions, covenants and restrictions (CC&Rs), which will remain with the District. There is a twelve-month transition period between the effective date of incorporation and the time when the City must assume full-service responsibility.

The City operates under a City Manager - Council form of government pursuant to California Government Code Sections 34851 - 34906 and provides the same services as previously performed by the District plus building and planning services. The elected officials consist of a five-member City Council with a directly elected mayor and four City Council members elected at large throughout the City.

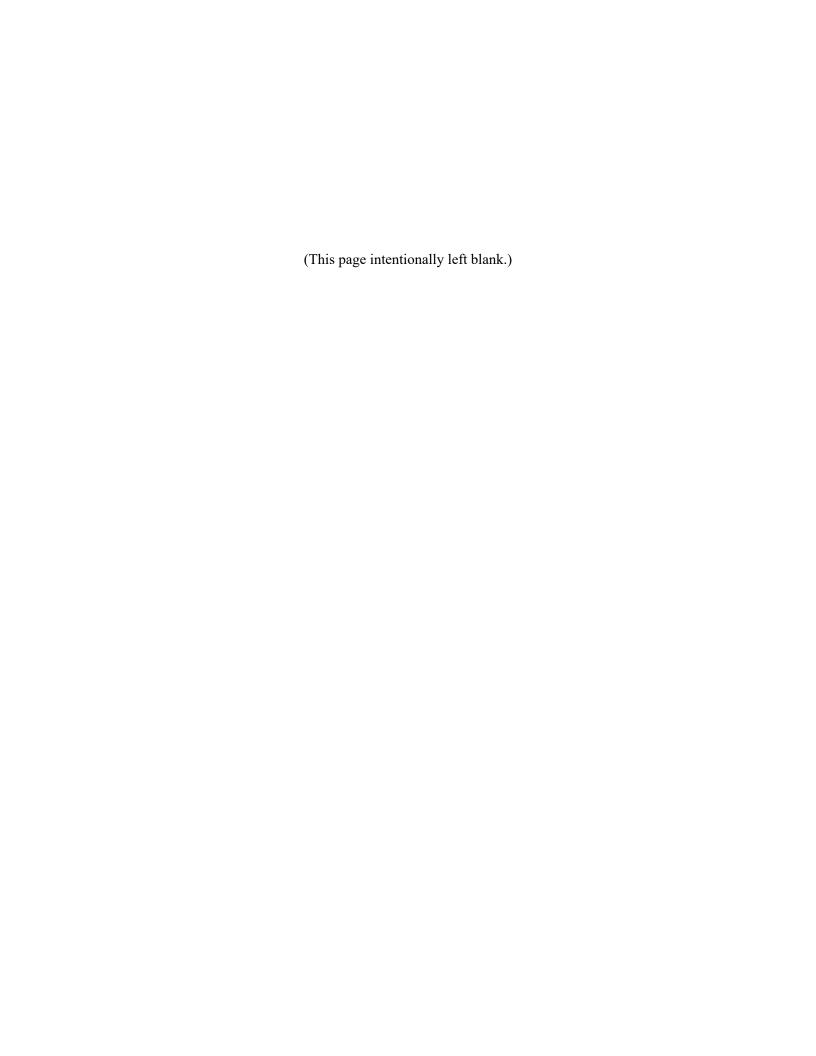
The District became a component unit of the City on July 1, 2024 and will be reported as a blended component unit during the year ended June 30, 2025 because the City has financial accountability for the District due the City Council becoming the Board of Directors of the District, having the ability to impose its will on the District and having a financial benefit or burden relationship. The City approves the District's operating budget and rates and charges and has operational responsibility for the District. The District will continue to enforce CC&Rs for the City as discussed above.

Approval of Joint Powers Agreement: On July 1, 2024, the City Council approved the San Joaquin Council of Governments (SJCOG) Joint Powers Agreement. SJCOG administers federal and state grants, Transportation Development Act (Local Transportation Fund and State Transit Assistance), State of Good Repair and San Joaquin County Measure K sales tax funds that will be made available to the City for use on transit programs, streets and roads costs, pedestrian and bicycle costs, transit capital costs and programs to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

Approval of Contracts: The City Council approved the following contracts subsequent to June 30, 2024:

Operations and maintenance of water, wastewater and stormwater facilities	\$ 17,604,491
Wickland Village Arterial Road Repair Project	1,604,143
Utility billing and collection services	1,474,818
	\$ 20,683,452

Approval of Community Facilities District: On February 14, 2024, the Board of Directors approved Resolution 2024-04 stating the intention to form Mountain House Community Facilities District No. 2024-1 (CFD No. 2024-1) and Improvement Areas No. 1 through 5 and a future annexation area of CFD No. 2024-1 pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, of the California Government Code. The purpose of CFD No. 2024-1 is to administer a special tax for the purpose of and expectation to use bonds to finance authorized facilities as described in the approving resolution. Resolution 2024-08 was also approved stating the amount of debt to be issued in one or more series within each improvement area shall not exceed \$1,830,700,000 with limits specified for each improvement area and future annexation area of CFD No. 2024-1. The amount of special taxes and debt that will ultimately be approved is not currently known.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2024

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District prepares and legally adopts an operating balanced final budget on or before July 1, of each year. Public hearings are conducted to review all proposed appropriations and the sources of financing before the adoption. Until the adoption of this balanced final budget, operations are governed by the prior budget, which is approved by the Board of Directors.

The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Throughout the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations may be made by the Board when revenues are received from unanticipated sources, or from anticipated sources in excess of estimates thereof, or from contingency sources.

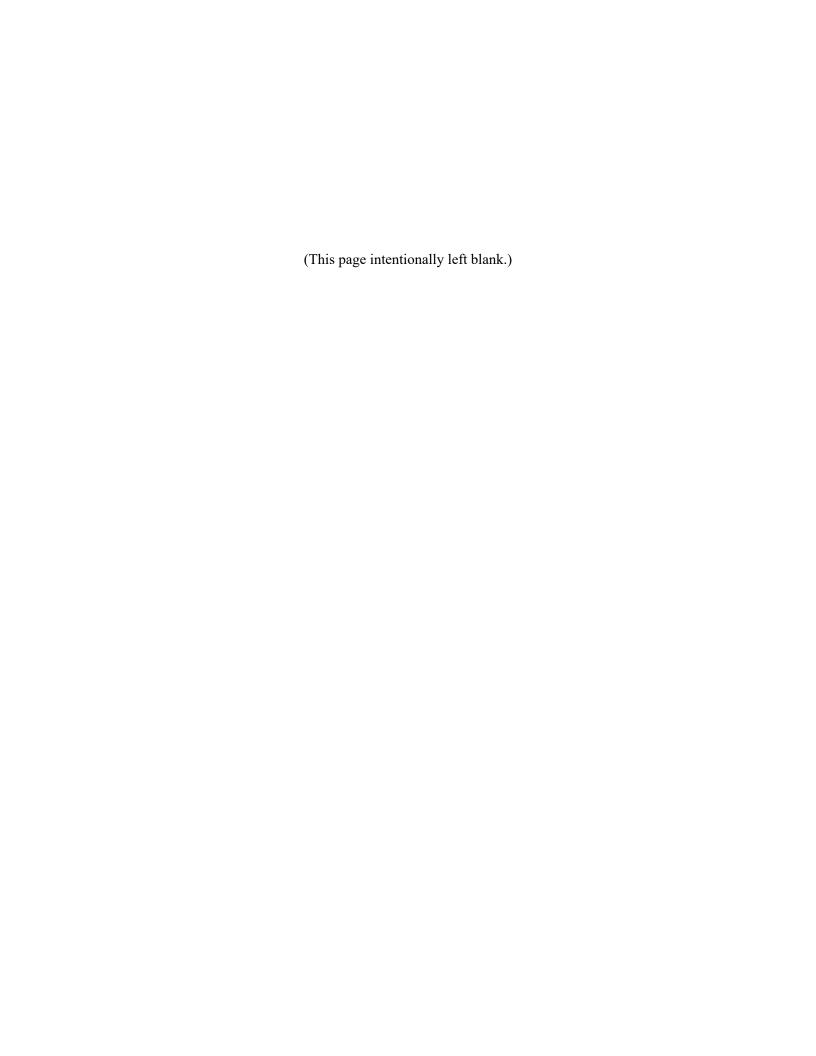
The legal level for budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations) is at the fund level.

All amendments or transfers of line-item appropriations within the same fund require the General Manager's approval. Amendments and transfers of appropriations between funds or that involve the addition or deletion of a project or piece of equipment must be approved by the General Manager. The Board of Directors has authorized the General Manager of the District to make year-end budget adjustments and appropriation transfers within the respective District budgets and funds to provide for expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts.

Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and amended during the fiscal year by resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

STATISTICAL SECTION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For	the	Year	Ended	June	30.	2024
1 01	uiic	1 Cui	Liiucu	June	00,	

Licenses and permits 5,000 5,000 7,999 Franchise fees 1,074,680 1,074,680 1,360,135 28	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
Taxes \$ 7,629,082 \$ 7,629,082 \$ 8,753,957 \$ 1,12 Licenses and permits 5,000 5,000 7,999 Franchise fees 1,074,680 1,074,680 1,360,135 28	ive)		
Licenses and permits 5,000 5,000 7,999 Franchise fees 1,074,680 1,074,680 1,360,135 28			
Licenses and permits 5,000 5,000 7,999 Franchise fees 1,074,680 1,074,680 1,360,135 28	4,875		
, , , , , ,	2,999		
	5,455		
Developer and impact fees 651,770 651,770 494,113 (15	7,657)		
Investment earnings 50,000 50,000 985,012 93	5,012		
Other revenues 14,000 14,000 26,241 1	2,241		
TOTAL REVENUES 9,424,532 9,424,532 11,627,457 2,20	2,202,925		
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government 361,626 371,279 225,805 14	5,474		
	4,266		
Capital outlay 13,000 13,000 99,188 (8	6,188)		
	3,552		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
	6,477		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
	9,188		
,	7,238		
() () () ()	6,426		
Total other financing sources (uses) $(2,147,230)$ $(2,147,230)$ $(2,247,230)$	3,720		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 1,709,997 1,709,997 6,842,900 5,13	2,903		
Fund balance, beginning of year 49,248,852 49,248,852 49,248,852			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 50,958,849 \$ 50,958,849 \$ 56,091,752 \$ 5,13	2,903		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

Special Assessments Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
_									
Revenues	Φ	15 022 221	Φ	15 022 221	Φ	1.5.0.5.2.0.0.0	Φ	10.067	
Special assessments	\$	15,932,221	\$	15,932,221	\$	15,952,088	\$	19,867	
Intergovernmental		22.500		22.500		190,526		190,526	
Investment earnings		22,500		22,500		606,930		584,430	
Other revenues		100,000		100,000		187,051		87,051	
TOTAL REVENUES		16,054,721		16,054,721		16,936,595		881,874	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety		6,718,418		6,718,418		6,626,915		91,503	
Public ways and facilities		4,186,318		4,186,318	4,186,318		(67,714		
Recreation and culture		3,495,396		3,644,896		3,128,291		516,605	
Debt service									
Interest and fiscal charges		2,000		2,000		23,326		(21,326)	
Capital outlay						88,690		(88,690)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		14,402,132		14,551,632		14,121,254		430,378	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		1,652,589		1,503,089		2,815,341		1,312,252	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer out		(3,580,400)		(3,580,400)		(2,392,837)		1,187,563	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,580,400)		(3,580,400)		(2,392,837)		1,187,563	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,927,811)		(2,077,311)		422,504		2,499,815	
Fund balance, beginning of year		5,779,217		5,779,217		5,779,217			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	3,851,406	\$	3,701,906	\$	6,201,721	\$	2,499,815	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Developer and impact fees	\$ 18,519,548	\$ 18,519,548	\$ 9,103,311	\$ (9,416,237)	
Investment earnings	32,000	32,000	1,330,684	1,298,684	
TOTAL REVENUES	18,551,548	18,551,548	10,433,995	(8,117,553)	
Expenditures					
Debt service					
Principal	18,519,548	18,519,548	1,679,694	16,839,854	
Interest and fiscal charges			1,933,682	(1,933,682)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,519,548	18,519,548	3,613,376	14,906,172	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	32,000	32,000	6,820,619	6,788,619	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of debt			6,285,223	6,285,223	
Total other financing sources (uses)			6,285,223	6,285,223	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	32,000	32,000	13,105,842	13,073,842	
Fund balance, beginning of year	15,914,644	15,914,644	15,914,644		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 15,946,644	\$ 15,946,644	\$ 29,020,486	\$ 13,073,842	

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2024

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District prepares and legally adopts an operating balanced final budget on or before July 1, of each year. Public hearings are conducted to review all proposed appropriations and the sources of financing before the adoption. Until the adoption of this balanced final budget, operations are governed by the prior budget, which is approved by the Board of Directors.

The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Throughout the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations may be made by the Board when revenues are received from unanticipated sources, or from anticipated sources in excess of estimates thereof, or from contingency sources.

The legal level for budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations) is at the fund level.

All amendments or transfers of line-item appropriations within the same fund require the General Manager's approval. Amendments and transfers of appropriations between funds or that involve the addition or deletion of a project or piece of equipment must be approved by the General Manager. The Board of Directors has authorized the General Manager of the District to make year-end budget adjustments and appropriation transfers within the respective District budgets and funds to provide for expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts.

Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and amended during the fiscal year by resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.6353%	0.5398%	0.5338%	0.4733%	0.4451%	0.4017%	0.3585%	0.3385%	0.2869%	0.2931%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 10,612,845	\$ 9,172,488	\$ 6,507,631	\$ 7,936,884	\$ 7,517,184	\$ 7,469,538	\$ 5,671,032	\$ 5,644,644	\$ 4,413,499	\$ 3,861,581
Covered payroll during measurement period	\$ 3,550,935	\$ 2,818,964	\$ 2,553,381	\$ 2,408,599	\$ 2,241,456	\$ 1,990,698	\$ 1,757,812	\$ 1,527,861	\$ 1,303,509	\$ 1,273,202
Proportionate share of the net pension liability										
as a percentage of covered payroll	298.87%	325.39%	254.86%	329.52%	335.37%	375.22%	322.62%	369.45%	338.58%	303.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total pension liability	71.62%	69.20%	74.10%	67.90%	65.76%	60.44%	64.54%	60.51%	61.07%	65.18%
Notes to Schedule: Change in Benefit Terms: None Changes in assumptions for measurement period:							- 4004			
Changes in discount rate	6.75%	6.75%	7.00%	7.00%	7.25%	7.25%	7.40%	7.40%	7.40%	7.40%
	S	CHEDULE OF	CONTRIBUTIO	NS TO THE PE	NSION PLAN (U	NAUDITED)				
			1	Last 10 Years						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution employer's fiscal year (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,668,052	\$ 1,332,850	\$ 1,142,040	\$ 996,604	\$ 894,751	\$ 776,891	\$ 641,658	\$ 505,575	\$ 410,518	\$ 367,300
determined contributions - employer fiscal year	(1,668,052)	(1,332,850)	(1,142,040)	(996,604)	(894,751)	(776,891)	(641,658)	(505,575)	(410,518)	(367,300)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	S -
Covered payroll - employer's fiscal year	\$ 4,405,523	\$ 3,588,560	\$ 2,742,437	\$ 2,702,903	\$ 2,366,125	\$ 2,125,488	\$ 1,790,011	\$ 1,548,017	\$ 1,336,539	\$ 1,059,358
Contributions as a percentage of covered - payroll	37.86%	37.14%	41.64%	36.87%	37.82%	36.55%	35.85%	32.66%	30.72%	34.67%
Notes to Schedule:										
Valuation date- January 1:	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Measurement date - December 31:	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:										
Actuarial cost method					Entry ac	e normal				
Asset valuation method			Exe	cess earnings smo			ridor around fair v	alue		
Amortization method				5	Level percentage					
Discount rate	6.75%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.25%	7.25%	7.40%	7.40%	7.40%	7.40%
Amortization growth rate	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%
Price inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.90%	2.90%	2.90%	2.90%	2.90%	2.90%	2.90%
Salary increases (plus merit component)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%
Mortality - prior to 2022	Gender distinct to	ables from CALP	ERS' 2013 exper	ience study, with g	generational morta	ality improvement	ts projected from	2010 using Projec	tion Scale MP-20	18.
Mortality - January 1, 2022	Gender distinct to	ables from Societ	y of Actuaries' ne	w Public mortality	y tables, with gene	erational mortality	improvements p	rojected from 201	0 using Projection	n Scale MP-2018.
Mortality - January 1, 2023	Gender distinct to	ables from the CA	ALPERS 2021 mo	ortality tables, with	n generational mo	rtality improveme	ents projected from	n 2017 using 80%	6 Projection Scale	MP-2020

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Major Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Investment earnings			\$ 630,703	\$ 630,703	
TOTAL REVENUES			630,703	630,703	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	\$ 2,985,400	\$ 7,974,859		7,974,859	
Capital outlay	2,985,400	3,064,891	1,717,667	1,347,224	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,970,800	11,039,750	1,717,667	9,322,083	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,970,800)	(11,039,750)	(1,086,964)	9,952,786	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer in	3,580,400	3,580,400	2,392,837	(1,187,563)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,580,400	3,580,400	2,392,837	(1,187,563)	
Net change in fund balance	(2,390,400)	(7,459,350)	1,305,873	8,765,223	
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,915,569	9,915,569	9,915,569		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,525,169	\$ 2,456,219	\$ 11,221,442	\$ 8,765,223	

STATISTICAL SECTION

Mountain House Community Services District Statistical Section

Table of Contents

This part of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information to aid in understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

A. Financial trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance has changed over time:

- 1. Net position by component
- 2. Changes in net position
- 3. Fund balances of governmental funds
- 4. Changes in fund balances of governmental funds

B. Revenue capacity

These schedules give information on the District's most significant local revenue sources:

- 1. Water utility system ten largest customers
- 2. Water utility system rates
- 3. Property tax valuations and rates
- 4. Property and franchise taxes
- 5. Special tax levies and rates
- 6. Principal property taxpayers

C. Debt capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the Districts' ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of outstanding debt by type
- 2. Computation of direct and overlapping debt
- 3. Revenue bond coverage

D. Demographic and economic information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place:

1. Demographic and economic statistics

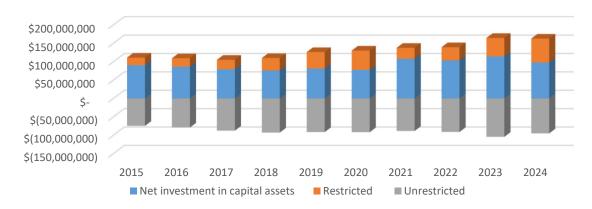
E. Operating information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-time District employees by function
- 2. Capital asset statistics by function/program

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the audited financial statements for the relevant year.

Mountain House Community Services District Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)



	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 74,501,674	\$ 72,172,012	\$ 66,219,990	\$ 63,551,020	\$ 69,069,002	\$ 65,354,553	\$ 96,861,978	\$ 91,517,660	\$ 88,951,441	\$ 75,480,774
Restricted	15,910,242	17,503,312	20,155,037	28,010,993	37,721,051	43,033,670	23,842,393	29,929,824	33,314,754	47,971,007
Unrestricted	(27,915,912)	(28,022,197)	(28,920,852)	(28,891,469)	(23,100,430)	(20,349,760)	(19,551,827)	(18,417,182)	(16,101,189)	(11,461,769)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 62,496,004	\$ 61,653,127	\$ 57,454,175	\$ 62,670,544	\$ 83,689,623	\$ 88,038,462	\$101,152,543	\$103,030,302	\$106,165,006	\$111,990,012
Business-Type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,744,512	\$ 14,020,884	\$ 13,051,286	\$ 12,147,222	\$ 11,970,183	\$ 12,351,729	\$ 10,677,879	\$ 11,749,591	\$ 25,064,102	\$ 21,801,777
Restricted	4,698,724	5,411,210	5,322,884	5,999,236	7,201,355	9,279,464	6,039,806	5,891,040	16,821,547	17,353,585
Unrestricted	(46,660,220)	(51,011,009)	(58,655,092)	(63,875,644)	(68,324,151)	(71,463,109)	(68,895,466)	(72,800,562)	(88,364,196)	(83,477,502)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ (26,216,984)	\$ (31,578,915)	\$(40,280,922)	\$(45,729,186)	\$(49,152,613)	\$(49,831,916)	\$ (52,177,781)	\$ (55,159,931)	\$ (46,478,547)	\$ (44,322,140)
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 90,246,186	\$ 86,192,896	\$ 79,271,276	\$ 75,698,242	\$ 81,039,185	\$ 77,706,282	\$107,539,857	\$103,267,251	\$114,015,543	\$ 97,282,551
Restricted	20,608,966	22,914,522	25,477,921	34,010,229	44,922,406	52,313,134	29,882,199	35,820,864	50,136,301	65,324,592
Unrestricted	(74,576,132)	(79,033,206)	(87,575,944)	(92,767,113)	(91,424,581)	(91,812,869)	(88,447,293)	(91,217,744)	(104,465,385)	(94,939,271)
Total primary government net position	\$ 36,279,020	\$ 30,074,212	\$ 17,173,253	\$ 16,941,358	\$ 34,537,010	\$ 38,206,546	\$ 48,974,763	\$ 47,870,371	\$ 59,686,459	\$ 67,667,872

Note: Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

Mountain House Community Services District <u>Changes in Net Position</u> Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015 2016 20		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses										
Government activites:										
General government	\$ 2,748,446	\$ 2,013,876	\$ 1,455,982	\$ 3,172,793	\$ 3,234,369	\$ 4,899,573	\$ 4,170,256	\$ 3,056,773	\$ 3,561,394	\$ 4,418,227
Public safety	3,802,067	3,579,024	3,497,616	3,412,355	2,773,076	4,398,335	4,972,476	5,524,846	6,483,232	7,144,018
Public ways and facilities	8,042,278	8,529,010	10,822,663	8,826,980	9,366,325	9,658,600	11,988,424	13,296,078	13,797,202	13,916,499
Recreation and culture	1,702,897	1,732,013	2,348,502	2,115,365	2,160,765	2,121,593	2,792,760	3,251,153	3,704,672	4,140,849
Capital expenditures	-	-	-	3,316,231	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	3,059,381	2,334,136	3,956,850	-	2,910,827	1,572,512	2,347,775	3,043,406	5,481,297	4,184,152
Total governmental activities expense	19,355,069	18,188,059	22,081,613	20,843,724	20,445,362	22,650,613	26,271,691	28,172,256	33,027,797	33,803,745
Business-Type Activities:										
Water Fund	8,311,512	8,083,278	9,932,771	9,804,272	9,846,232	8,800,063	10,151,539	12,798,136	11,018,662	12,225,741
Wastewater Fund	4,999,178	4,635,738	6,177,871	5,946,255	5,802,012	5,330,204	6,238,672	5,956,128	8,020,144	7,562,006
Storm Fund	1,698,797	1,457,272	1,921,292	1,703,506	1,724,368	1,587,633	3,052,697	2,224,542	2,524,959	2,667,815
Developer Fund	1,429,107	1,516,447	2,600,066	3,384,006	4,392,076	4,308,647	3,608,206	8,706,525	12,672,511	13,718,461
Total business-type activities expense	16,438,594	15,692,735	20,632,000	20,838,039	21,764,688	20,026,547	23,051,114	29,685,331	34,236,276	36,174,023
T (1)	e 25.702.662	£ 22.000.704	. 42.712.612	f 41 (01 7(2	£ 42.210.050	£ 42.677.160	£ 40.222.805	Ф. 57.057.507	£ 67.264.072	¢ (0.077.7(0
Total primary government expenses	\$ 35,793,663	\$ 33,880,794	\$ 42,713,613	\$ 41,681,763	\$ 42,210,050	\$ 42,677,160	\$ 49,322,805	\$ 57,857,587	\$ 67,264,073	\$ 69,977,768
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services	ф. 52.401	Ø 40.450	0.7.274	ф 225.002	ф 000 27 4	n 170.051	Ø 560 104	A 262.607	Φ 255.021	Ф 202.042
General government	\$ 52,491	\$ 40,459	\$ 87,374	\$ 225,902	\$ 899,374	\$ 170,951	\$ 568,184	\$ 263,687	\$ 277,021	\$ 293,943
Public safety	2,167,626	2,318,311	2,592,544	2,702,572	3,154,205	3,609,729	3,788,208	4,251,835	4,396,034	4,662,508
Public ways and facilities	9,414,704	10,435,975	9,891,159	17,122,382	29,959,109	14,921,264	26,739,974	17,526,290	18,708,028	19,790,954
Recreation and culture	401,901	444,413	521,048	515,002	615,278	664,738	658,948	739,222	764,115	810,157
Operating grants and contributions	12.025.522	12.220.150	12.002.125	20.555.050	24.625.066	10.255.502	24.555.244	35,556	-	190,526
Total governmental activities program revenues	12,036,722	13,239,158	13,092,125	20,565,858	34,627,966	19,366,682	31,755,314	22,816,590	24,145,198	25,748,088
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services	2000051		4 == = 000		6 0 = 0 60 4	= <1.10==	0.622.206	0.000.000	0.000.005	44.400.000
Water Fund	3,990,954	4,251,147	4,775,333	5,942,185	6,879,604	7,614,955	8,632,286	9,398,230	9,930,385	11,192,289
Wastewater Fund	2,966,666	3,251,615	3,573,826	4,189,463	4,846,667	5,398,879	6,105,102	6,727,728	7,806,059	7,955,518
Storm Fund	1,167,980	1,254,773	1,413,122	1,811,899	1,979,853	1,843,165	2,294,921	2,188,846	2,163,244	2,409,097
Developer Fund	1,428,305	1,511,418	2,593,295	3,378,023	4,390,829	4,308,647	3,608,656	8,706,521	12,672,514	13,718,461
							-			-
Total business type activities program revenues	9,553,905	10,268,953	12,355,576	15,321,570	18,096,953	19,165,646	20,640,965	27,021,325	32,572,202	35,275,365
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 21,590,627	\$ 23,508,111	\$ 25,447,701	\$ 35,887,428	\$ 52,724,919	\$ 38,532,328	\$ 52,396,279	\$ 49,837,915	\$ 56,717,400	\$ 61,023,453
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (7,318,347)	\$ (4,948,901)	\$ (8,989,488)	\$ (277,866)	\$ 14,182,604	\$ (3,283,931)	\$ 5,483,623	\$ (5,355,666)	\$ (8,882,599)	\$ (8,055,657)
Business-type activities	(6,884,689)	(5,423,782)	(8,276,424)	(5,516,469)	(3,667,735)	(860,901)	(2,410,149)	(2,664,006)	(1,664,074)	(898,658)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (14,203,036)	\$ (10,372,683)	\$ (17,265,912)	\$ (5,794,335)	\$ 10,514,869	\$ (4,144,832)	\$ 3,073,474	\$ (8,019,672)	\$ (10,546,673)	\$ (8,954,315)

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

(continued)

Mountain House Community Services District <u>Changes in Net Position</u> Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
General revenues & other changes in net position											
Governmental activities:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes	\$ 3,056,591	\$ 3,100,699	\$ 3,460,372	\$ 3,750,725	\$ 4,576,597	\$ 5,211,254	\$ 6,076,030	\$ 6,926,727	\$ 7,732,189	\$ 8,753,957	
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	655,006	701,898	750,332	836,508	1,024,749	1,048,786	1,088,748	1,145,319	1,106,275	1,360,135	
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings	58,675	119,607	234,577	513,438	1,225,989	1,335,586	443,313	(1,061,706)	2,009,733	3,553,329	
Change in estimate - pledged note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	722,347	-	
Other	44,592	183,820	38,828	393,564	142,224	37,144	22,368	223,084	446,759	213,242	
Transfers			457,648								
Total governmental activities	3,814,864	4,106,024	4,941,757	5,494,235	6,969,559	7,632,770	7,630,459	7,233,424	12,017,303	13,880,663	
Business-type activities:											
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings	3,153	15,489	32,065	68,205	111,224	181,598	64,284	(318,144)	(72,229)	3,055,065	
Change in estimate - pledged note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,417,687	-	
Transfers			(457,648)								
Total business-type activities	3,153	15,489	(425,583)	68,205	111,224	181,598	64,284	(318,144)	10,345,458	3,055,065	
Total primary government	\$ 3,818,017	\$ 4,121,513	\$ 4,516,174	\$ 5,562,440	\$ 7,080,783	\$ 7,814,368	\$ 7,694,743	\$ 6,915,280	\$ 22,362,761	\$ 16,935,728	
Change in net assets	. (2.502.402)	. (0.42.0 	n (4.04 = =24)								
Governmental activities	+ (0,000,000)	\$ (842,877)	\$ (4,047,731)	\$ 5,216,369	\$ 21,152,163	\$ 4,348,839	\$ 13,114,082	\$ 1,877,758	\$ 3,134,704	\$ 5,825,006	
Business-type activities	(6,881,536)	(5,408,293)	(8,702,007)	(5,448,264)	(3,556,511)	(679,303)	(2,345,865)	(2,982,150)	8,681,384	2,156,407	
Total primary government	\$ (10,385,019)	\$ (6,251,170)	\$ (12,749,738)	\$ (231,895)	\$ 17,595,652	\$ 3,669,536	\$ 10,768,217	\$ (1,104,392)	\$ 11,816,088	\$ 7,981,413	

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

Mountain House Community Services District Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 6,048,716	\$ 6,919,396	\$ 9,601,868	\$ 11,151,252	\$ 11,298,699	\$ 11,277,165	\$ 11,348,342	\$ 13,128,911	\$ 14,177,939	\$ 15,424,097
Restricted	54,920	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,446,198	1,705,324	1,994,815
Committed	-	-	-	-	2,099,160	2,099,160	2,099,160	2,099,160	2,099,160	2,099,160
Assigned	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	3,834,491	5,252,815	5,587,981	7,946,908	14,913,684	19,836,935	25,055,033	26,272,052	31,266,429	36,573,680
Total General Fund	\$ 10,038,127	\$ 12,272,211	\$ 15,189,849	\$ 19,098,160	\$ 28,311,543	\$ 33,213,260	\$ 38,502,535	\$ 42,946,321	\$ 49,248,852	\$ 56,091,752
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 2,673,000	\$ 2,376,000	\$ 2,080,008	\$ 1,833,054	\$ 1,499,790	\$ 1,188,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	15,705,322	14,830,312	17,779,037	25,930,985	35,750,869	41,533,969	21,134,705	28,483,626	31,609,430	46,443,649
Committed	150,000									
Total other governmental funds	\$ 15,855,322	\$ 17,503,312	\$ 20,155,037	\$ 28,010,993	\$ 37,583,923	\$ 43,033,759	\$ 22,322,705	\$ 28,483,626	\$ 31,609,430	\$ 46,443,649

Note: The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

Mountain House Community Services District Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Revenues								-		
Taxes	\$ 3,056,591	\$ 3,102,872	\$ 3,460,372	\$ 3,750,725	\$ 4,576,597	\$ 5,211,254	\$ 6,076,030	\$ 6,926,727	\$ 7,732,189	\$ 8,753,957
Special assessment	7,244,664	7,745,965	8,657,551	9,023,810	10,555,005	12,071,805	13,005,628	14,537,793	15,101,756	15,952,088
Licences and permits	42,112	14,300	12,543	8,985	7,685	8,730	10,830	6,925	8,364	7,999
Franchise fees	655,006	701,898	750,332	836,508	1,024,749	1,048,786	1,088,748	1,145,319	1,106,275	1,360,135
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	190,526
Developer and impact fees	4,725,643	5,431,291	4,278,126	11,272,221	19,687,037	7,282,634	18,736,624	8,228,828	9,034,602	9,597,424
Investment earnings	58,675	119,315	234,577	513,438	1,225,989	1,335,586	444,569	(1,054,830)	2,009,733	3,553,329
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other revenues	68,894	224,410	179,473	643,686	485,566	96,435	23,344	259,252	447,235	213,292
Contributions from developers	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	15,851,585	17,340,051	17,572,974	26,049,373	41,562,628	27,055,230	39,385,773	30,050,014	35,440,154	39,628,750
Expenditures								_		
Current										
General government	2,574,440	1,930,112	-	297,991	286,548	178,366	383,904	347,250	141,437	225,805
Public safety	3,802,067	3,475,095	3,923,703	4,505,383	3,994,712	4,141,477	4,693,489	5,290,562	6,071,136	6,626,915
Public ways and facilities	1,201,208	1,665,889	4,467,049	3,154,397	3,424,391	6,035,240	6,788,719	7,475,476	8,311,202	8,812,784
Recreation and culture	771,241	820,995	1,468,136	1,320,164	1,350,166	1,753,601	1,856,903	2,379,381	2,745,236	3,128,291
Debt service										
Principal	2,082,132	2,374,551	1,838,522	4,472,682	13,105,932	2,745,732	40,587,084	58,381,422	5,102,274	1,679,694
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	47,110	34,464	7,425	902,274	1,924,896	1,957,008
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	902,741	-	-
Capital outlay	28,538	3,191,335	154,980	534,489	434,372	32,814,797	2,929,642	4,947,380	16,630,492	1,905,545
Total expenditures	10,459,626	13,457,977	11,852,390	14,285,106	22,643,231	47,703,677	57,247,166	80,626,486	40,926,673	24,336,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	5,391,959	3,882,074	5,720,584	11,764,267	18,919,397	(20,648,447)	(17,861,393)	(50,576,472)	(5,486,519)	15,292,708
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	31,000,000	2,439,614	54,233,382	14,914,854	6,384,411
Debt premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,947,797	-	
Transfer in	137,226	2,342,792	2,369,734	4,200,519	3,407,547	3,401,180	2,201,564	5,668,889	4,831,339	2,392,837
Transfer out	(137,226)	(2,342,792)	(2,369,734)	(4,200,519)	(3,407,547)	(3,401,180)	(2,201,564)	(5,668,889)	(4,831,339)	(2,392,837)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-			31,000,000	2,439,614	61,181,179	14,914,854	6,384,411
Net change in fund balances	5,391,959	3,882,074	5,720,584	11,764,267	18,919,397	10,351,553	(15,421,779)	10,604,707	9,428,335	21,677,119
Fund balances, July 1	20,501,490	25,893,449	29,775,523	35,344,886	47,109,153	65,895,466	76,247,019	60,825,240	71,429,947	80,858,282
Restatements	-	-	(151,221)	-	(133,084)	-	-	-		, , -
Fund balance, restated	20,501,490	25,893,449	29,624,302	35,344,886	46,976,069	65,895,466	76,247,019	60,825,240	71,429,947	80,858,282
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 25,893,449	\$ 29,775,523	\$ 35,344,886	\$ 47,109,153	\$ 65,895,466	\$ 76,247,019	\$ 60,825,240	\$ 71,429,947	\$ 80,858,282	\$ 102,535,401
	7 23,033,443	, Z3,113,3Z3	7 33,344,000	7 47,103,133	7 03,033,400	7 70,247,019	y 00,623,240	7 /1,423,34/	7 00,030,202	γ 102,333, 4 01
Debt service as a percentage of non capital expenditures	19.96%	23.13%	15.72%	32.53%	59.22%	18.67%	74.74%	78.34%	28.92%	16.21%
non capital expenditures	13.30%	25.15%	15.72%	32.33%	33.22%	10.07%	74.74%	70.34%	20.32%	10.21%

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

Mountain House Community Services District Water Utility System - Ten Largest Customers Current Year and Four Years Ago

-	2023-24				2019-20									
	(1)					(1)								
				% of Total					% of Total					
	Usage	% of Total	Water Sales	Water Sales		Usage	% of Total	Water Sales	Water Sales					
Customer	(ccf)	Usage	Revenue	Revenue	Customer	(ccf)	Usage	Revenue	Revenue					
Mountain House CSD	237,753	12.96%	\$ 624,635	11.60%	Mountain House CSD	205,137	12.97%	\$ 380,535	11.00%					
School District	152,047	8.29%	580,095	10.78%	School District	136,664	8.64%	266,842	7.72%					
Cambridge Place HOA	29,144	1.59%	224,969	4.18%	Cambridge Place HOA	17,531	1.11%	150,382	4.35%					
Mountain House APMT Owners LLC	264	0.01%	74,831	1.39%	San Joaquin Delta College	6,166	0.39%	30,988	0.90%					
San Joaquin Delta College	2,324	0.13%	68,184	1.27%	Gable Lane HOA	16,851	1.07%	21,971	0.64%					
Mountain House Investors	15,639	0.85%	48,695	0.90%	Cobblestone Owners Association	7,258	0.46%	13,890	0.40%					
Mountain House Retail LLC	5,361	0.29%	50,732	0.94%	Creston Park HOA	7,945	0.50%	12,588	0.36%					
Mountain House DeveloperscLLC	12,331	0.67%	38,227	0.71%	Century Communities	4,865	0.31%	11,152	0.32%					
Century Communities	14,258	0.78%	32,165	0.60%	Mountain House Developers LLC	4,492	0.28%	8,677	0.25%					
Gable Lane HOA	10,839	0.59%	22,010	0.41%	Shea Homes	2,326	0.15%	6,415	0.19%					
Top Ten Total	479,960	26.16%	\$ 1,764,543	32.78%	Top Ten Total	409,235	25.87%	\$ 903,440	26.12%					

Total Flate/Metered Revenues (Water Sales)

\$ 5,383,638

Total Flate/Metered Revenues (Water Sales)

\$ 1,755,032.08

(1) CCF means "hundred cubic feet"

Water Utility System Rates	Water Utility System Rates
(As of July 1, 2023)	(As of July 1, 2019)

(AS OI July 1, 202	(3)	(AS OF July 1, 2019)						
Meter Size	Amount	Meter Size	Amount					
Water - Low Den	\$ 30.80	Water - Low Den	\$ 23.68					
Water - Med Den	24.11	Water - Med Den	17.83					
Standard Water 0.625 inch	40.02	Standard Water 0.625 inch	30.66					
Standard Water 0.75 inch	59.43	Standard Water 0.75 inch	43.76					
Standard Water 1 inch	98.26	Standard Water 1 inch	69.96					
Standard Water 1.5 inch	195.33	Standard Water 1.5 inch	135.48					
Standard Water 2 inch	311.81	Standard Water 2 inch	214.09					
Standard Water 3 inch	680.68	Standard Water 3 inch	423.73					
Standard Water 4 inch	1,360.16	Standard Water 4 inch	659.58					
Standard Water 6 inch	3,107.41	Standard Water 6 inch	1,314.71					
Standard Water 8 inch	5,437.08	Standard Water 8 inch	2,100.86					
Fire Protection 0.625 inch	1.76	Fire Protection 0.625 inch	4.81					
Fire Protection 8 inch	46.69	Fire Protection 8 inch	55.38					

Note (1): In addition to these minimum charges, accounts are also charged a volumetric charge for 100 cubic feet of water used. Information was not available prior to fiscal year 2019-20 and will be added prospectively as it becomes available.

Source: Mountain House Community Service District – Utility Division

Mountain House Community Services District Property Tax Valuations and Rates

Assessed Valuation

(Last Seven Fiscal Years)

<u>Year</u>	Local Secured	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016-17	\$2,139,221,800	\$0	\$2,885,723	\$2,142,107,523
2017-18	2,359,684,956	0	3,107,598	2,362,792,554
2018-19	2,760,427,065	0	3,409,051	2,763,836,116
2019-20	3,167,577,710	0	2,534,630	3,170,112,340
2020-21	3,625,595,443	0	3,466,798	3,629,062,241
2021-22	4,026,478,524	0	3,994,084	4,030,472,608
2022-23	4,564,475,477	0	5,028,913	4,569,504,390
2023-24	5,094,152,567	0	12,918,322	5,107,070,889

2023-24 Total Local Secured Assessed Valuation Breakdown

Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Total Local
<u>Property</u>	<u>Property</u>	Property	Property	Secured Property
\$4,993,887,126	\$43,513,089	\$52,657,405	\$4,094,947	\$5,094,152,567

Typical Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation (TRA 92-018)

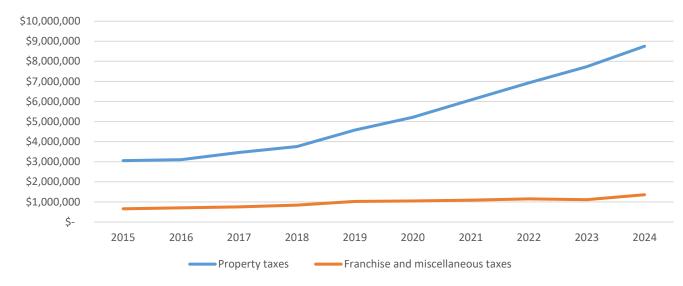
	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2017-18</u>	<u>2018-19</u>	<u>2019-20</u>	2020-21	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2022-23</u>	2023-24
General	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Lammersville Joint Unified School District	-	0.0534	0.0550	0.0487	0.0395	0.0388	0.0467	0.0441
Tracy Unified School District	0.0185	0.0172	0.0162	0.0151	0.0139	0.0137	0	0
San Joaquin Delta Community College Dist.	<u>0.0180</u>	<u>0.0180</u>	0.0225	0.0199	0.0183	0.0163	0.0144	0.0135
Total	1.0365	1.0886	1.0937	1.0837	1.0717	1.0688	1.0611	1.0576

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Note: Information was not available prior to fiscal year 2016-17.

Mountain House Community Services District Property and Franchise Taxes - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

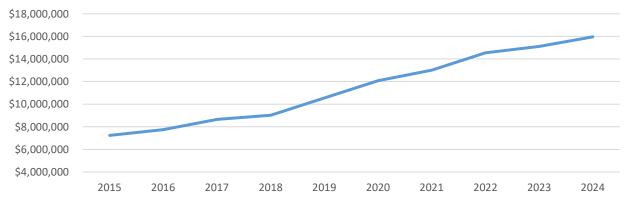


	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 3,056,591	\$ 3,100,699	\$ 3,460,372	\$ 3,750,725	\$ 4,576,597	\$ 5,211,254	\$ 6,076,030	\$ 6,926,727	\$ 7,732,189	\$ 8,753,957
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes	655,006	701,898	750,332	836,508	1,024,749	1,048,786	1,088,748	1,145,319	1,106,275	1,360,135
Total	\$ 3,711,597	\$ 3,802,597	\$ 4,210,704	\$ 4,587,233	\$ 5,601,346	\$ 6,260,040	\$ 7,164,778	\$ 8,072,046	\$ 8,838,464	\$ 10,114,092

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

Mountain House Community Services District <u>Special Tax Levies and Rates - Governmental Funds</u> Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)



	 2015		2016	2017			2018	2019		2020	2021		2022			2023		2024
Special Tax Levies					_	,				_						_		
Special Tax No. 1: Roads	\$ 4,252,003	\$	4,547,589	\$	5,086,928	\$	5,302,562	\$	6,188,080	\$ 7,079,610	\$	7,430,993	\$	8,342,798	\$	8,673,183	\$	9,154,394
Special Tax No. 2: Public Safety	2,167,626		2,318,311		2,592,544		2,702,572		3,154,205	3,609,729		3,788,208		4,251,835		4,396,034		4,662,508
Special Tax No. 3: Parks	377,599		403,823		451,974		471,077		544,646	629,991		658,740		738,610		763,639		810,157
Special Tax No. 4: Public Works	399,319		427,052		475,572		497,067		579,153	662,779		693,753		776,709		802,949		851,980
Lighting & Landscaping District 1	48,117		49,191		50,532		50,532		52,045	52,411		52,411		53,849		56,643		59,657
Lighting & Landscaping District 2	-		-		-		-		36,875	37,284		37,284		38,341		40,329		40,329
Lighting & Landscaping District 3	-		-		-		-		-	 -		344,239		335,651	_	368,979		373,063
Total	\$ 7,244,664	\$	7,745,965	\$	8,657,551	\$	9,023,810	\$ 1	0,555,005	\$ 12,071,805	\$	13,005,628	\$	14,537,793	\$	15,101,756	\$	15,952,088
		_				_					_				_			

2023-24 Special Tax Rates

	Lot Size <	6,000 sq ft	Lot Size > 6,000 sq ft							
	Living Area - Rate per 100 sq ft	Parcel Area - Rate per 100 sq ft	Living Area - Rate per 100 sq ft	Parcel Area - Rate per 100 sq ft						
Special Tax No. 1: Roads	37.10	6.48	37.10	1.02						
Special Tax No. 2: Public Safety	19.07	3.18	19.07	0.49						
Special Tax No. 3: Parks	3.18	0.62	3.18	0.14						
Special Tax No. 4: Public Works	3.39	0.62	3.39	0.14						

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements and Finance Department

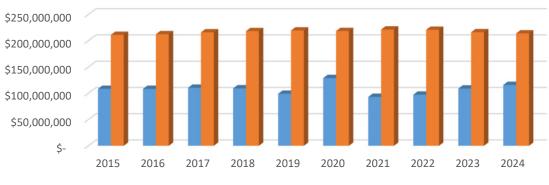
Mountain House Community Services District Principal Property Taxpayers Largest Local Secured Taxpayers Current Year and Four Years Ago

		2023-24	% of			2019-20	% of
		Assessed				Assessed	
Property Owner	Primary Land Use	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Total (1)</u>	Property Owner	Primary Land Use	<u>Valuation</u>	Total (1)
1 Shea Homes LP / Shea Mountain House	Residential Development	\$136,702,166	2.68%	1 Shea Homes LP	Residential Development	\$84,901,961	2.68%
2 AG EHC II LEN CA 1 L P	Residential Development	32,640,000	0.64	2 Mountain House Investors LLC	Residential Development	25,552,208	0.81%
3 Mountain Technology Center A LLC	Warehouse	23,910,082	0.47	3 Richmond American Homes Maryland Inc.	Residential Development	24,237,985	0.77%
4 Mountain House Apartments Owner LLC	Apartments	14,790,000	0.29	4 Arroyo Cap I LLC	Residential Development	23,460,759	0.74%
5 Mountain House Investors LLC	Residential Development	13,729,151	0.27	5 Taylor Morrison California LLC	Residential Development	19,428,060	0.61%
6 Mountain House Developers LLC	Residential Development	11,893,248	0.23	6 Trimark Communities LLC	Residential Development	16,864,565	0.53%
7 Trimark Communities LLC	Residential Development	10,884,515	0.21	7 BMCH California LLC	Residential Development	16,569,554	0.52%
8 Mountain House Retail LLC	Shopping Center	10,802,277	0.21	8 Tri Pointe Homes Inc.	Residential Development	14,878,070	0.47%
9 Mountain House Apartments Phase II Owner	Apartments	8,616,960	0.17	9 MH Village D 94 Lots LLC	Residential Development	9,561,464	0.30%
10 Mountain Technology Center B LLC	Industrial Land	8,348,566	0.16	10 MH Motor Courts 71 Lots LLC	Residential Development	9,171,090	0.29%
11 Sunchaser Real Estate One LLC	Commercial Land	7,812,202	0.15	11 Mountain House Developers LLC	Residential Development	7,480,040	0.24%
12 Ameen Housing Cooperative Cal Inc.	Residential Properties	7,606,370	0.15	12 Sunchaser Real Estate One LLC	Commercial Land	6,944,127	0.22%
13 Mountain Technology Center C LLC	Warehouse	6,946,519	0.14	13 Mountain Technology Center B LLC	Industrial Land	6,336,131	0.20%
14 Sunchaser Real Estate Two	Office Building	6,200,000	0.12	14 Woodside 05N LP	Residential Development	5,926,260	0.19%
15 Mountain House Square Inc.	Residential Development	4,905,324	0.10	15 Sunchaser Real Estate Two	Office Building	5,450,000	0.17%
16 Amanjit S. Sandhu	Residential Land	4,730,302	0.09	16 K Hovnanian Meadow View Mt. House	Residential Development	5,006,920	0.16%
17 Mountain Technology Center E LLC	Warehouse	4,266,203	0.08	17 Meritage Homes of California Inc.	Residential Development	2,953,999	0.09%
18 GKG Mountain House Apartments LLC	Residential Land	3,984,732	0.08	18 Mountain Technology Center A LLC	Industrial Land	2,226,891	0.07%
19 Pinderjit Sandhu	Residential Land	3,766,248	0.07	19 Bishwajit Nag, Trust	Residential	2,212,352	0.07%
20 Sudheer and Parisineti Venkatannagari	Residence	3,149,599	0.06	20 Christopher Wai Cheung and Oi Lan Lau, Trust	Residential	<u>1,938,690</u>	0.06%
		\$325,684,464	6.37%			\$291,101,126	9.19%

Note (1): 2019-20 Local Secured Assessed Valuation: \$3,167,577,710. Information was not available prior to fiscal year 2019-20 and will be added prospectively as it becomes available. 2023-24 Total Secured Assessed Valuation: \$5,094,152,567

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Mountain House Community Services District Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years



■ Governmental activites ■ Business-Type Activities

		2015		2016		2017	2018			2019	19		2021		2022		2023		2024
Governmental activites																			
Revenue Bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 56	5,175,218	\$ 54	1,736,412	\$ 53,255,272
Notes Payable	10	8,446,273	108	3,405,858	110	,524,186	109	9,367,735	9	9,125,520	12	8,952,300	9	3,152,605	4:	1,160,106	54	1,189,808	62,635,335
Total	\$10	8,446,273	\$108	3,405,858	\$110	,524,186	\$10	9,367,735	\$ 9	9,125,520	\$12	8,952,300	\$ 9	3,152,605	\$ 97	7,335,324	\$108	3,926,220	\$ 115,890,607
Business-Type Activities																			
Revenue Bonds	\$ 2	8,823,029	\$ 28	3,012,633	\$ 27	,167,237	\$ 2	6,276,842	\$ 2	5,351,446	\$ 3	5,741,291	\$17	8,663,707	\$176	5,757,614	\$216	5,279,704	\$ 214,036,248
Notes Payable	18	2,387,423	184	,432,002	188	,891,138	19	2,065,188	19	4,268,477	18	32,829,201	4	2,757,753	44	4,105,767		-	
Total	\$21	1,210,452	\$212	,444,635	\$216	,058,375	\$21	8,342,030	\$219,619,923		\$218,570,492		\$221,421,460		\$220,863,381		\$216,279,704		\$ 214,036,248
Debt Per Capita	\$	22,197	\$	19,402	\$	19,843	\$	17,483	\$	16,361	\$	14,786	\$	12,182	\$	11,705	\$	11,647	\$ 11,757
Debt to Personal Income	\$	2,988	\$	2,732	\$	2,702	\$	2,487		N/A		N/A	\$	2,365	\$	1,975	\$	2,107	\$ 1,978

Source: Mountain House Community Services District Audited Finacial Statements

Note: Not available = N/A.

Mountain House Community Services District <u>Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt</u> June 30, 2024

2023-24 Assessed Valuation: \$5,107,070,889

	Total Debt		District's Share of	
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2024	% Applicable (1)	Debt 6/30/24	
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$162,660,000	4.35%	\$7,082,216	
Lammersville Joint Unified School District	55,650,000	66.19%	36,833,622	
Lammersville School District Community Facilities District No. 2002	59,690,000	100.00%	59,690,000	
Lammersville School District Community Facilities District No. 2007-1 I.A. No. 1	22,055,000	100.00%	22,055,000	
Lammersville School District Community Facilities District No. 2014-1 I.A. No. 1	55,095,000	100.00%	55,095,000	
Lammersville School District Community Facilities District No. 2019-1	23,415,000	100.00%	23,415,000	
Mountain House Community Services District - Notes & Bonds	276,671,583	100.00%	276,671,583	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			<u>\$480,842,421</u>	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:				
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation	\$49,210,000	4.71%	\$2,317,299	
Lammersville Joint Unified School District General Fund Obligations	13,930,000	66.19%	9,219,988	
Mountain House Community Services District General Fund Obligations	47,925,000	100.00%	53,255,272	
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			<u>\$64,792,559</u>	
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			<u>\$53,255,272</u>	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$492,379,708	
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			<u>\$545,634,980</u> (2)	

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the district is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the community services district divided by the overlapping district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2023-24 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt

Total Direct Debt

Combined Total Debt

11.93%

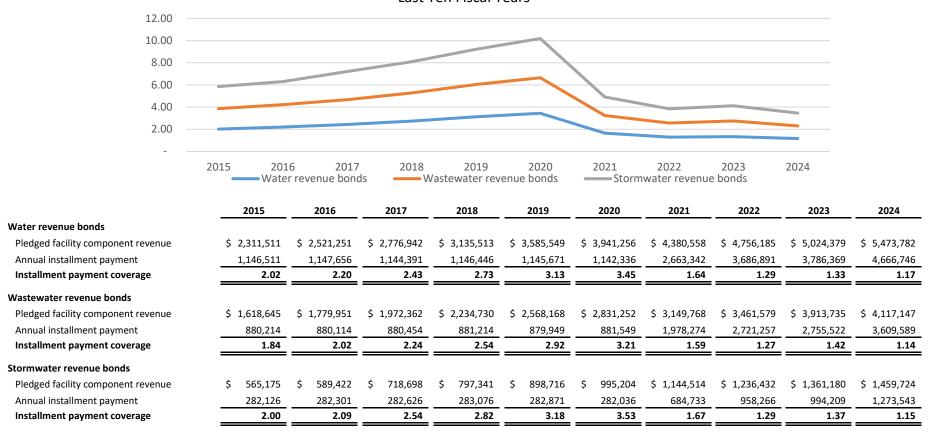
1.32%

13.54%

Legal Debt Margin Information does not pertain to special districts.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Mountain House Community Services District Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years



Note: Revenues represent charges for services pledged as reported in the audited financial statements. Debt service payments represent cash basis principal and interest payments from the debt service payment schedule. Source: Finance Department

Mountain House Community Services District <u>Demographic and Economic Statistics</u> Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>-</u>	2015		2016	 2017	2018	 2019	2020	 2021	 2022	 2023		2024
Population (1)	14,	,401	16,537	16,458	18,745	19,482	23,504	25,823	27,185	27,923		28,063
Housing units (2)	4	,128	4,455	4,684	5,335	6,008	6,438	6,984	7,330	7,386		7,684
Median home sales price (3)	\$ 490	,000	\$ 534,000	\$ 566,000	\$ 604,000	\$ 645,000	\$ 680,000	\$ 950,000	\$ 977,500	\$ 930,000	\$	1,212,500
Median household income (4)	\$ 106	,976	\$ 117,433	\$ 120,868	\$ 131,766	N/A	N/A	133,000	161,086	154,357		166,821

Note: Not available = N/A.

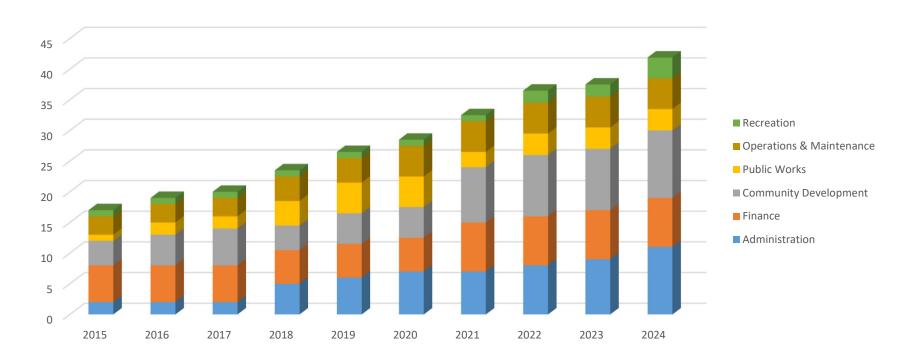
⁽¹⁾ Source: California Department of Finance

⁽²⁾ Source: San Joaquin County Community Development Department

⁽³⁾ Source: Zillow.com for information for years through 2020; Redfin.com for years after 2020

⁽⁴⁾ Source US Census Bureau; US Census Bureau for Economic Studies; ESRI Business Analyst On-Line; Kosmont Companie:

Mountain House Community Services District Full-time District Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years



Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Administration	2	2	2	5	6	7	7	8	9	11
Finance	6	6	6	5.5	5.5	5.5	8	8	8	8
Community Development	4	5	6	4	5	5	9	10	10	11
Public Works	1	2	2	4	5	5	2.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Operations & Maintenance	3	3	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Recreation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3.4
Total	17	19	20	23.5	26.5	28.5	32.5	36.5	37.5	41.9

Source: Finance Department

Mountain House Community Services District Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Five Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Number of :					
District trees	22,000	22,000	15,980	14,240	14,240
Traffic signals intersections	19	19	11	10	10
Street lights	3,000	3,000	1,673	1,598	1,598
Pool vehicles	9	9	9	9	9
Square feet of landscaping maintained	11,600,000	11,600,000	8,470,964	7,936,900	7,936,900
Number of Parks:					
Regional	1	1	1	1	1
Neighborhood	11	11	7	6	6
Fire apparatus					
Ladder truck	1	1	1	1	1
Fire engine	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency response vehicle	2	2	1	1	1
Roads:	Lane miles				
Arterial	70.86	70.86	70.86	70.86	70.86
Collector	45.53	45.53	45.53	29.51	29.51
Residential/local	94.31	94.31	94.31	80.14	80.14
Total	210.7	210.7	210.7	180.51	180.51
Arterial	Center-line miles				
Collector	17.75	17.75	17.75	17.75	17.75
Residential/local	21.76	21.76	21.76	14.23	14.23
Total	47.16	47.16	47.16	41.32	41.32
	86.67	86.67	86.67	73.3	73.3
Water system					
Miles of lines	122	122	99	90	90
Treated water storage tanks	4	4	4	3	3
Million gallons/day capacity	19	19	19	15	15
Water supply available in acre feet	9,813	9,813	9,813	9,813	9,813
Water supplied by Byron-Bethany Irrigation District; pre-1914 water rights	3,023	3,013	3,013	3,010	3,010
Approval from the State Water Resouces Control Board					
Conventional surface water treatment plant with UV and chloramines disinfection					
Wastewater system					
Miles of pipeline - gravity system	88	88	74	67	67
Pipelne diameter range	8" - 24"	8" - 24"	8" - 24"	8" - 24"	8" - 24"
Millions of gallons/day capacity	3	3	3	3	3
Millions of gallons/day average demand	1	1	1	1	1
System consists of headworks, anoxic reactors, sequencing batch reactors, cloth media filtration, and UV light disinfection	-	-	-	-	-
Tertiary effluent from the plan is discharged into Old River pursuant to a permit from the Regional Water Quality Control Board					
Storm drain system					
Miles of pipeline - gravity system	98	98	70	70	70
Detention basins serve as regulation storage of first flush runoff and the discharge into Mountain House Creek and eventually into Old River	36	38	70	70	70
become a serve as regulation storage of this than runon and the distribute mountain mouse creek and eventually lifte our liver					

 $[\]hbox{ (1) Source: Mountain House Community Services District Public Works Department } \\$

A state of the art system that includes primary filtration at street level collection sites using carbon-based filters for treatment of

Note: Information was not available prior to fiscal year 2019-20.

contaminants and debris

COMPLIANCE REPORT





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District Mountain House, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Mountain House Community Services District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District

financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

October 31, 2024