Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2015



Audited Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District Mountain House, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Mountain House Community Services District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the Board of Directors Mountain House, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note K to the basic financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, during the year ended in June 30, 2015. Due to the implementation of these statements, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources, a pension liability and deferred inflows of resources for its cost-sharing pension plan in the financial statements as of July 1, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Report on Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

The Mountain House Community Services District (District) is an independent local government entity and a subdivision of the State of California guided by a five-member elected Board of Directors. As management of the District, we offer readers the District's financial statements and this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36.3 million
- The government's total net position decreased by \$13.9 million. This is attributable to depreciation expense on infrastructure and interest on long term debt and to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27."
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$26 million. Approximately \$3.9 million or approximately 15% of total fund balances are reported as Assigned (\$.1 million) or Unassigned (\$3.8 million) fund balance making them available for spending at the District's discretion (in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitionssee Note A).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Assigned and Unassigned (GASB No. 54) fund balance for the General Fund was \$3.9 million, or 150% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- The District's total long-term liabilities increased by \$7.2 million (2%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase was the financing charges applied to the outstanding balance of the pledged notes payable and the addition of \$3.9 million in net pension obligations, recorded for the year ended June 30, 2015 due to the implementation of GASB 68.

Using This Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities and performance of the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing a rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine the District's profitability and credit worthiness.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the District include water, wastewater and storm system operations and developer activity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains nine individual governmental funds aggregated and grouped into three funds for reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special assessment fund, and the impact fees fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 18 of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund, the special assessment fund and the impact fees fund located on pages 41-43 to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds

The District maintains four proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater and stormwater system operations and developer activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 40 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* consisting of the budgetary schedules described above under Notes to the Required Supplementary Information and also the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 41–45 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$36.3 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Mountain House Community Services District's Net Position (in millions)

	Govern			Business-Type				Total	
-	Activit		Activi		Tota		Dollar	Percent	
<u> </u>	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change	Change	
Assets:	007.47	000.00	#4.00	40.00	000.75	# 00.00	05.07	050/	
Current and other assets	\$27.47	\$22.28	\$1.28	\$0.80	\$28.75	\$23.08	\$5.67	25%	
Capital assets	148.18	155.94	185.84	190.37	334.02	346.32	(12.30)	-4%	
Total assets	175.65	178.22	187.12	191.17	362.77	369.40	(6.63)	-2%	
Deferred outflows:									
Pension contributions									
susequent to measurement									
date and unamortized losses									
on pension investments	0.28		0.07		0.35	0.00	0.35		
Total deferred outflow									
of resources	0.28	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.35		
_									
Liabilities:									
Long-term liabilities									
outstanding	111.69	107.60	211.21	208.80	322.90	316.40	6.50	2%	
Other liabilities	1.57	1.78	2.15	0.99	3.72	2.76	0.96	35%	
Total liabilities	113.26	109.37	213.36	209.79	326.62	319.16	7.37	2%	
D () . (
Deferred inflows:									
Unamortized gains on pension investments	0.17		0.04		0.21	0.00	0.21		
Total deferred outflow	0.17		0.04		0.21	0.00	0.21		
of resources	0.17	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.21		
-									
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	74.50	80.40	15.74	17.52	90.25	97.92	(7.67)	-8%	
Restricted	15.91	11.10	4.70	4.56	20.61	15.66	4.95	32%	
Unrestricted	(27.92)	(22.65)	(46.66)	(40.70)	(74.58)	(63.35)	(11.23)	18%	
Total net position	\$62.50	\$68.85	\$(26.22)	\$(18.62)	\$36.28	\$50.23	\$(13.95)	-28%	
· -									

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (249%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

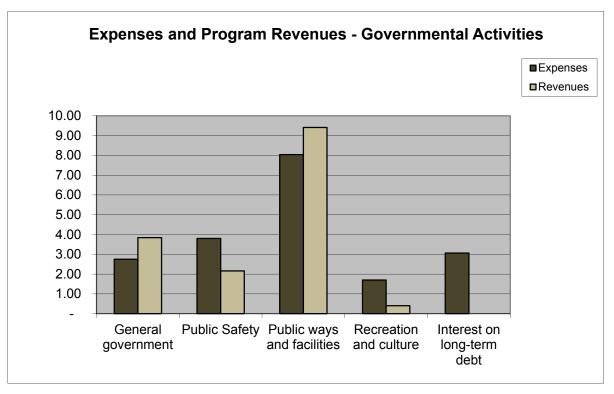
The restricted portion of District's net position, \$20.61 million, is subject to constraints by bond financing agreements and enabling legislation.

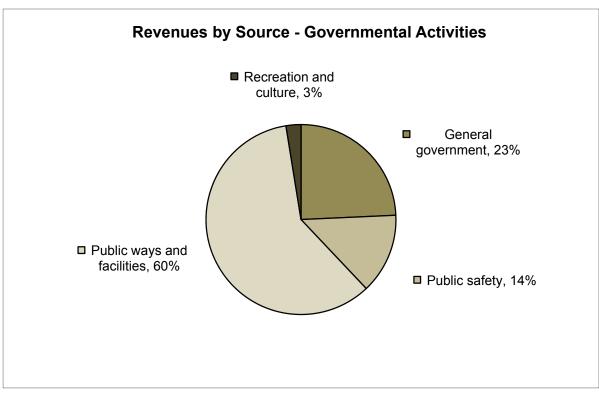
The District's unrestricted net position were deficit by \$74.58 million generally because of financing charges accruing on pledged notes payable to developers for contributed infrastructure. Financing charges accumulated on the pledged notes payable totaled \$72.75 million as of June 30, 2015. In addition, with the implementation of GASB 68, the District is reporting net pension obligations at June 30, 2015 in the amount of \$3.86 million.

Mountain House Community Services District's Change in Net Position (in millions)

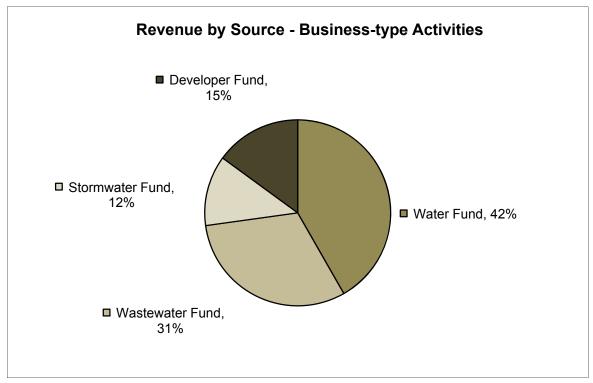
	Govern		Busines					Total	
_	Activi		Activi		Tota		Dollar	Percent	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change	Change	
Revenues: Program revenues:									
Fees, fines and charges for									
services	\$4.76	\$3.92	\$9.55	\$8.10	\$14.32	\$12.02	\$2.30	19%	
Special assessments	ъ4.76 7.24	ъз.92 6.84	φ9.55	ф0.10	۶۱4.32 7.24	6.84	φ2.30 0.40	19% 6%	
	7.24	0.04			7.27	0.04	0.40	070	
General revenue:									
Property taxes	3.06	2.13			3.06	2.13	0.93	44%	
Miscellaneous revenues	0.79	0.75			0.79	0.75	0.03	4%	
Total revenues	15.85	13.64	9.55	8.10	25.41	21.74	3.66	17%	
Expenses:									
General government	2.75	2.61			2.75	2.61	0.14	5%	
Public safety	3.80	3.68			3.80	3.68	0.14	3%	
Public ways and facilities	8.04	7.97			8.04	7.97	0.12	1%	
Recreation and culture	1.70	1.55			1.70	1.55	0.07	10%	
Interest on long-term debt	3.06	2.53			3.06	2.53	0.13	21%	
Water system	3.00	2.55	8.31	7.88	8.31	7.88	0.43	5%	
Wastewater system			5.00	4.70	5.00	4.70	0.30	6%	
Stormwater system			1.70	1.51	1.70	1.51	0.19	13%	
Developer projects			1.43	0.91	1.43	0.91	0.52	57%	
_			1.10	0.01	1.10	0.01	0.02	01.70	
Total expenses	19.36	18.35	16.44	15.01	35.79	33.36	2.44	7%	
Decrease in net position	(3.50)	(4.71)	(6.88)	(6.91)	(10.39)	(11.61)	(1.23)	11%	
Net position, beginning	68.85	73.56	(18.62)	(11.31)	50.24	62.24	(12.01)	-19%	
Restatement due to									
implementation of GASB 65				(0.40)	0.00	(0.40)	0.40	-100%	
Restatement due to implementation of GASB 68	(2.85)		(0.67)		(3.51)	0.00	(3.51)		
Reclassification of fixed asset purchases			(0.05)		(0.05)	0.00	(0.05)		
			(0.00)		(3.33)	3.50	(0.00)		
Net assets, beginning of year,									
as restated	66.00	73.56	(19.33)	(11.71)	46.67	61.85	15.18	25%	
Net assets, end of year	\$62.50	\$68.85	\$(26.22)	\$(18.62)	\$36.28	\$50.24	\$13.95	28%	
=	Ψ02.00	Ψ00.00	Ψ(ΣΟ.ΣΣ)	\$(10.02)	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	Ψ00.27	Ψ10.00	2070	

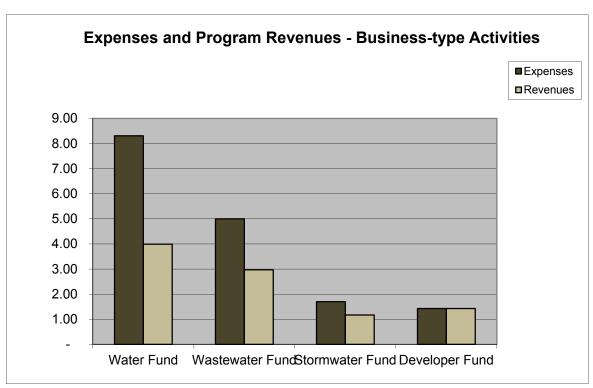
Governmental Activities: Governmental activities decreased District's net position by \$3.50 million. This reduction is primarily due to interest on pledged notes payable to developers and depreciation on infrastructure assets.





Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities decreased District's net position by \$6.88 million. This is primarily due to financing charges accruing on pledged notes payable to developers and depreciation on water, wastewater and stormwater utility infrastructure.





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2015, the District's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$25.89 million, an increase of \$5.39 million over the prior year.

The District reports the following components of fund balance:

- **Nonspendable fund balance** \$6.05 million (inherently nonspendable) included the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form, and the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance \$15.76 million (externally enforceable limitation on use) include amounts subject to limitation imposed by creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other government.
- Committed fund balance \$.15 million (limitation resulting from intended use) consists of amounts where the intended use is established by the highest level of decision making.
- **Assigned fund balance** \$.1 million (intended use of resources) consists of amounts where the intended use is established by the highest level of decision making.
- **Unassigned fund balance** \$3.83 million (residual net resources) is the total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, and assigned fund balance

The General Fund is the main operational fund of the District. At June 30, 2015, the fund balance components were reported as nonspendable \$6.05 million, assigned \$.1 million and unassigned \$3.83 million.

The Special Assessments Fund is used to account for funding from property assessments to pay for roads, transportation, community services, public safety, public works, parks and recreation. Therefore, fund balance must be used for these designated services. At June 30, 2015, the restricted fund balance of \$6.43 million was available to finance future appropriations and \$.15 was committed.

The Impact Fund is used to account for fees collected from builders to mitigate the impact of development. The fees are used to reimburse developers for identified infrastructure projects. At June 30, 2015, restricted fund balance was \$9.27 million.

Proprietary funds

The District's proprietary funds provide similar information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original Budget to Final Budget (in millions)

			increase
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Decrease)
Estimated revenue	\$ 3.07	\$ 3.70	\$.63
Appropriations	3.09	2.94	(.15)

Final Budget to Actual (in millions)

			increase
	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Decrease)
Estimated revenue	\$ 3.70	\$ 3.84	\$.14
Appropriations	2.94	2.58	(.36)

Increses

During the year, actual revenues were larger than budgetary estimates. The increase is an aggregation of various increases and decreases of revenue sources.

Actual expenditures were less than final budgeted estimates. A majority of the difference is from higher than anticipated cost allocations to developer funds and advances to other funds originally budgeted as transfers.

Capital assets

The District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation is shown below. There were no major capital asset acquisitions for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. For additional information related to capital assets, see Note D in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Mountain House Community Services District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) in millions

	Govern	ment	Business	s-Type			Tot	al
	Activi	ties	Activit	ties	Tota	al	Dollar	Percent
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change	Change
Land	\$28.04	\$28.04	\$2.60	\$2.60	\$30.65	\$30.65	\$0.00	0%
Infrastructure	120.09	127.85	183.23	187.71	303.31	315.56	(12.25)	-4%
Machinery and equipment	0.05	0.08	0.01	0.00	0.06	0.08	(0.02)	-25%
Total	\$148.18	\$155.97	\$185.84	\$190.32	\$334.02	\$346.29	\$(12.27)	-4%

Long-term debt

The District's outstanding debt is shown below. Net increases to outstanding debt were \$3.37 million. The outstanding debt was increased by financing charges of \$8.20 million which are applied to the outstanding balance of the pledged notes payable in accordance with acquisition agreements. Debt balances were reduced during the year by \$4.83 million in payments.

Mountain House Community Services District's Outstanding Debt

Pledged Notes and Revenue Bonds (in millions)

	Govern	ment	Business	s-Type			Tot	al
	Activit	ties	Activi	Activities Total		Total		Percent
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change	Change
Pledged Notes Payable	\$108.45	\$107.47	\$182.39	\$179.20	\$290.83	\$286.67	\$4.16	1%
Revenue Bonds	0.00	0.00	29.21	30.00	29.21	30.00	(0.79)	-3%
Total	\$108.45	\$107.47	\$211.60	\$209.20	\$320.04	\$316.67	\$3.37	1%

In addition to the long-term debt, the District also has a liability to pay future compensated absences in the amount of \$.12 million. For additional information related to long-term liabilities, see Note E in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27."

Effective beginning the year ended June 30, 2015, the District reported pension expense and liabilities In accordance with GASB 68, the District. For the purposes of this implementation, the District recorded \$.44 million in pension expense for the year and a net pension liability of \$3.86 million.

For additional information related to pension plans, see Note H in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$.99 million to \$3.83 million. The District has nonspendable funds of \$6.05 million for advances to other funds. The special assessment rates are anticipated to increase within a range of 0% to 4% for the 2016/2017 budget year. The water, wastewater, and stormwater rates are anticipated to remain at current levels pending a rate study. It is the intention of the District to study the cost of providing services to fund both debt service and operations and maintenance. Rate increases may be necessary to keep up with inflation and to keep the District from having to institute large rate increases in future years.

Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position

Management is unaware of any conditions, which could have a significant impact on the District's current financial position, net assets or operating results in terms of the past, present and future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Director, 230 S. Sterling Dr. Suite 100, Mountain House, CA 95391.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 20,848,276 \$ 1,831,083 \$ 22,679,387 Restricted cash 245,244 1,118,559 1,363,807 Internal balances 6,367,947 -6,676,7947 -7 Other receivables 5,000 14 14 Rent deposit 5,000 2,604,300 30,645,800 Capital assets: 8,000 2,604,300 30,645,800 Depreciable, net of accumulated 120,138,341 183,235,469 303,373,810 Total capital assets 175,646,308 187,120,188 362,766,409 Total capital assets 175,646,308 187,120,188 362,766,409 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,81 LAGALITIES Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts payable 1,463,929 333,722 3,861,581 <tr< th=""><th></th><th>Government Activities</th><th>Business-Type Activities</th><th>Total</th></tr<>		Government Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Restricted cash 4,698,710 4,698,710 Accounts receivable, net 245,244 1,118,559 1,363,803 Internal balances 6,367,947 (6,367,947) - Other receivables 5,000 14 14 Rent deposit 5,000 2,604,300 30,645,800 Capital assets: 28,041,500 2,604,300 30,645,800 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 120,138,341 183,235,469 303,373,810 depreciation 120,138,341 183,235,469 334,019,610 Total capital assets 148,179,841 183,839,769 334,019,610 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS September of the colspan="3">Total capital assets 175,646,308 187,120,188 362,766,496 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Let a count in investments 280,649 65,832 346,481 Let a count investments 280,649 65,832 346,481 Let a count investments 180,649 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts payable <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS			
Accounts receivable, net 245,244 1,118,559 1,363,803 Internal balances 6,367,947 (6,367,947) - Other receivables 5,000 14 14 Rent deposit 5,000 2,604,300 30,645,800 Capital assets: 8,28,041,500 2,604,300 30,645,800 Depreciable, net of accumulated 120,138,341 183,235,469 303,373,810 depreciation 120,138,341 183,235,469 303,373,810 Total capital assets 148,179,841 185,839,769 334,019,610 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,481 LAGA SETS 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts payable 1,909,89 73,582 48,671 Deposits from others 3,127,879 <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$ 20,848,276</td><td>, ,</td><td></td></t<>		\$ 20,848,276	, ,	
Internal balances 6,367,947 (6,367,947) 1				
Other receivables 14 14 Rent deposit 5,000 5,000 Capital assets: 3,000 2,604,300 30,645,800 Depreciable, net of accumulated 28,041,500 2,604,300 30,645,800 Depreciable, net of accumulated 120,138,341 183,235,669 303,373,810 depreciation 120,138,341 183,235,669 33,401,9610 TOTAL ASSETS 175,646,308 187,120,188 362,766,496 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,818 Losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,818 Losses on pension investments 280,649 351,511 1,815,440 Accrued interest payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accrued interest payable 109,089 739,582 848,671 Unearned revenues 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 3,127,879 733,702 386,158 Roset pension obligations <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td> <td>1,363,803</td>		*		1,363,803
Rent deposit		6,367,947		-
Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable Depreciable Deteroiable Deteroi		5,000	14	
Nondepreciable		5,000		5,000
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	•	20 041 500	2 (04 200	20 (45 900
Total capital assets	÷	28,041,500	2,604,300	30,645,800
Total capital assets		120 120 241	102 225 460	202 272 010
TOTAL ASSETS 175,646,308 187,120,188 362,766,496 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,481 LIABILITIES Accounds payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accrued interest payable 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 109,089 733,702 3,861,581 Deposits from others 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 32,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 72,583 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 27,258 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,688 DEFERED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 <th< td=""><td>÷</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	÷			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,481 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accrued interest payable 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due within one year 3 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674				
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,481	TOTAL ASSETS	175,646,308	187,120,188	362,766,496
measurement date and unamortized losses on pension investments 280,649 65,832 346,818 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accrued interest payable 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: 2 4,698,724 4,698,724 Capital projects 4,698,724 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
LIABILITIES 280,649 65,832 346,481 Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accounts interest payable 123,367 123,367 Unearned revenues 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Compensated absences 43,272 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 39,391 207,319 Net in mort inn in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512	•			
Accounts payable		200.640	65.022	246 401
Accounts payable 1,463,929 351,511 1,815,440 Accrued interest payable 123,367 123,367 Unearned revenues 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year 30,512,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects 8 14,729,423 14,729,423 Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 4,698,724 4,698,724 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 <td>losses on pension investments</td> <td>280,649</td> <td>65,832</td> <td>346,481</td>	losses on pension investments	280,649	65,832	346,481
Accrued interest payable 123,367 123,367 Unearned revenues 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year 305,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: 200,244,186 14,729,423 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,724 4,698,	LIABILITIES			
Unearned revenues 109,089 739,582 848,671 Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities Use within one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 9	Accounts payable	1,463,929	351,511	1,815,440
Deposits from others 204,999 204,999 Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities Due within one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167	Accrued interest payable		123,367	123,367
Net pension obligations 3,127,879 733,702 3,861,581 Long-term liabilities 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Due within one year 43,272 43,272 Bonds, capital leases and contracts 43,272 20,7878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Unearned revenues	109,089	739,582	848,671
Due within one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 DEFERRED INFLOWS Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 12jhting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Deposits from others		204,999	204,999
Due within one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 243,272 Due in more than one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 DEFERRED INFLOWS Capital projects Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132) Capital projects Capita	Net pension obligations	3,127,879	733,702	3,861,581
Bonds, capital leases and contracts 3,253,388 3,332,220 6,585,608 Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year 30,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Long-term liabilities			
Compensated absences 43,272 43,272 Due in more than one year 305,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Due within one year			
Due in more than one year Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638	Bonds, capital leases and contracts	3,253,388	3,332,220	6,585,608
Bonds, capital leases and contracts 105,192,885 207,878,232 313,071,117 Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects 14,729,423 14,729,423 Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Compensated absences	43,272		43,272
Compensated absences 72,583 72,583 TOTAL LIABILITIES 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects 14,729,423 14,729,423 Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Due in more than one year			
DEFERRED INFLOWS 113,263,025 213,363,613 326,626,638 Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Value of the contraction of th	Bonds, capital leases and contracts	105,192,885	207,878,232	313,071,117
DEFERRED INFLOWS Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)		72,583		72,583
Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	TOTAL LIABILITIES	113,263,025	213,363,613	326,626,638
Unamortized gains on pension investments 167,928 39,391 207,319 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	Unamortized gains on pension investments	167,928	39,391	207,319
Net investment in capital assets 74,501,674 15,744,512 90,246,186 Restricted for: Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	NET POSITION			
Restricted for: Capital projects 14,729,423 Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)		74 501 674	15 744 512	90 246 186
Capital projects Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	*	71,501,071	15,711,512	70,210,100
Roads, transportation and community services 14,729,423 14,729,423 Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)				
Debt service 4,698,724 4,698,724 Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	1 1 2	14 729 423		14 729 423
Public works 908,652 908,652 Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.,,22,,123	4.698 724	
Lighting and landscaping 272,167 272,167 Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)		908 652	-,020,721	
Unrestricted (27,915,912) (46,660,220) (74,576,132)				
			(46,660.220)	

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statement of Activities June 30, 2015

		Prograi Revenu			Expense) Revenue anges in Net Asse	
		Fees, Fine			rimary Governmen	nt
	-	Charges		Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Service	S	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$ 2,748,446		,491	\$ (2,695,955)		\$ (2,695,955)
Public safety	3,802,067	2,167		(1,634,441)		(1,634,441)
Public ways and facilities	8,042,278	9,414		1,372,426		1,372,426
Recreation and culture Capital expenditures	1,702,897	401	,901	(1,300,996)		(1,300,996)
Interest on long-term debt	3,059,381			(3,059,381)		(3,059,381)
Total governmental activities	19,355,069	12,036	,722	(7,318,347)	-	(7,318,347)
Business-Type Activities						
Water Fund	8,311,512	3,990	954		\$ (4,320,558)	(4,320,558)
Wastewater Fund	4,999,178	2,966			(2,032,512)	(2,032,512)
Storm Fund	1,698,797	1,167	•		(530,817)	(530,817)
Developer Fund	1,429,107	1,428			(802)	(802)
Total business-type activities	16,438,594	9,553			(6,884,689)	(6,884,689)
Total primary government	35,793,663	21,590	,627	(7,318,347)	(6,884,689)	(14,203,036)
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes				3,056,591		3,056,591
Franchise and miscellaneous taxes				655,006		655,006
Unrestricted interest and investment ear	rnings			58,675	3,153	61,828
Other				44,592		44,592
Total general revenues				3,814,864	3,153	3,818,017
Change in net assets				(3,503,483)	(6,881,536)	(10,385,019)
Net assets, beginning of year (as originally	y stated)			68,846,136	(18,617,713)	50,228,423
Restatement due to implementation of C				(2,846,649)	(667,735)	(3,514,384)
Reclassification of fixed asset purchase					(50,000)	(50,000)
Net assets, beginning of year, as restate	d			65,999,487	(19,335,448)	46,664,039
Net assets, end of year				\$ 62,496,004	\$ (26,216,984)	\$ 36,279,020

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		Major		
	General Fund	Special Assessments Fund	Impact Fees Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,763,559	\$ 6,783,240	\$ 10,301,477	\$ 20,848,276
Accounts receivable, net	231,934	5,868	7,442	245,244
Rent deposit			5,000	5,000
Due from other funds	319,231	-	-	319,231
Advances to other funds	6,048,716			6,048,716
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,363,440	\$ 6,789,108	\$ 10,313,919	\$ 27,466,467
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 263,140	\$ 160,257	\$ 1,040,532	\$ 1,463,929
Performance deposit	60,000	46,916		106,916
TOTAL LIABILITIES	323,140	207,173	1,040,532	1,570,845
Deferred inflows:				
Unearned property tax	2,173			2,173
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	325,313	207,173	1,040,532	1,573,018
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	6,048,716			6,048,716
Restricted for:				
Roads, transportation and community services, operational and administrative				
functions	54,920	5,251,116	9,273,387	14,579,423
Public works	-	908,652	-	908,652
Lighting and landscaping	-	272,167	-	272,167
Committed	-	150,000	-	150,000
Assigned				
Park monument	100,000	-	-	100,000
Unassigned	3,834,491	-	-	3,834,491
Total fund balances	10,038,127	6,581,935	9,273,387	25,893,449
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS A	AND			
FUND BALANCES	\$ 10,363,440	\$ 6,789,108	\$ 10,313,919	\$ 27,466,467

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund Balance - total governmental funds	\$	25,893,449
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Pension contributions subsequent to the valuation measurement date will reduce the pension liability in the future and are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.		280,649
Employee pension differences to be recognized in the future as pension expense are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.		(167,928)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.		148,179,841
Long-term assets and liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:		
Net pension liability Long-term debt	((3,127,879) (108,446,273)
Compensated absences	_	(115,855)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$	62,496,004

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Major Funds							
	General Fund		Assessm	pecial essments Impact Fund Fees Fund		•	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 3,05	6,591					\$	3,056,591
Special assessments		-	\$ 7,24	4,664				7,244,664
Licenses and permits		2,112		-				42,112
Franchise fees		5,006		-				655,006
Developer and impact fees		0,379		-	\$ 4	1,715,264		4,725,643
Investment earnings		8,408		2,750		17,517		58,675
Other		4,592		4,302				68,894
TOTAL REVENUES	3,83	7,088	7,28	1,716	4	1,732,781		15,851,585
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	2,57	4,440		-				2,574,440
Public safety		-	3,80	2,067				3,802,067
Public ways and facilities		-	1,18	9,208		12,000		1,201,208
Recreation and culture		-	77	1,241		-		771,241
Debt service								
Principal		-		-	2	2,082,132		2,082,132
Capital outlay		7,045	2	1,493		-		28,538
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,58	1,485	5,78	4,009	2	2,094,132		10,459,626
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,25	5,603	1,49	7,707	2	2,638,649		5,391,959
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer in	13	7,226		-		_		137,226
Transfer out		_		_		(137,226)		(137,226)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13	7,226				(137,226)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,39	2,829	1,49	7,707	2	2,501,423		5,391,959
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,64	5,298	5,08	4,228	6	5,771,964		20,501,490
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,03	8,127	\$ 6,58	1,935	\$ 9	9,273,387	\$	25,893,449

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 5,391,959
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' esitmated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. Some capital assets were contributed.	
Puchase of capital assets Depreciation expense	28,538 (7,792,400)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond and note principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	2,082,132
Pension expense reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not shown as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(168,509)
Interest expenses reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not shown as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(3,059,381)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Compensated absences	14,178
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (3,503,483)

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Developer	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 420,185	\$ 52,868	\$ 676,654	\$ 681,376	\$ 1,831,083
Accounts receivable	335,996	450,858	148,300	183,405	1,118,559
Total current assets	756,181	503,726	824,954	864,781	2,949,642
Non-current assets					
Restricted cash	2,383,018	1,750,358	565,334	-	4,698,710
Restricted interest receivable	8	5	1	-	14
Capital assets					-
Non-depreciable	984,200	1,620,100	-	-	2,604,300
Depreciable, net of accumulated					
depreciation	105,464,596	53,565,382	24,205,491		183,235,469
Total non-current assets	108,831,822	56,935,845	24,770,826		190,538,493
TOTAL ASSETS	109,588,003	57,439,571	25,595,780	864,781	193,488,135
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Pension contributions subsequent to					
measurement date and unamortized					
losses on pension investments	30,941	26,991	7,900		65,832
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	152,079	85,728	2,272	111,432	351,511
Accrued interest payable	61,055	47,093	15,192	27	123,367
Due to other funds	53,056	252,435	-	13,740	319,231
Deposits from others	204,999	-	-	-	204,999
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	739,582	739,582
Bonds, notes and loans payable, current portion	1,598,242	1,277,945	436,033		3,312,220
Total current liabilities	2,069,431	1,663,201	453,497	864,781	5,050,910
Long-term liabilities					
Advances from other funds	2,656,665	3,141,659	250,392	-	6,048,716
Net pension obligation	344,839	300,819	88,044		733,702
Bonds, notes and loans payable	122,327,711	65,221,870	20,348,651		207,898,232
Total long-term liabilities	125,329,215	68,664,348	20,687,087		214,680,650
TOTAL LIABILITIES	127,398,646	70,327,549	21,140,584	864,781	219,731,560
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Unamortized gains on pension investments	18,514	16,150	4,727		39,391
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	2,170,018	5,069,680	8,504,814		15,744,512
Restricted for:	, , .	, ,	, - ,-		, ,-
Debt service	2,383,026	1,750,363	565,335	-	4,698,724
Unrestricted	(22,351,260)	(19,697,180)	(4,611,780)		(46,660,220)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (17,798,216)	\$ (12,877,137)	\$ 4,458,369	\$ -	\$ (26,216,984)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Developer	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,315,089	\$ 1,347,271	\$ 408,237	\$ 1,428,305	\$ 4,498,902
Charges for services - pledged	2,311,151	1,618,645	565,175	-	4,494,971
Penalty charges and other	364,714	750	194,568	-	560,032
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,990,954	2,966,666	1,167,980	1,428,305	9,553,905
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Professional and special services	1,025,756	896,573	233,582	1,429,107	3,585,018
Utilities	624,308	216,076	-	-	840,384
Chemicals	199,365	48,299	-	-	247,664
Maintenance	83,558	320,160	195,900	-	599,618
Depreciation	2,524,802	1,366,542	594,005	-	4,485,349
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	4,457,789	2,847,650	1,023,487	1,429,107	9,758,033
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(466,835)	119,016	144,493	(802)	(204,128)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and investment revenue	844	109	1,398	802	3,153
Interest expense	(3,853,723)	(2,151,528)	(675,310)	-	(6,680,561)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES					
(EXPENSES)	(3,852,879)	(2,151,419)	(673,912)	802	(6,677,408)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(4,319,714)	(2,032,403)	(529,419)		(6,881,536)
Net position, beginning of year					
(as originally stated)	(13,164,666)	(10,570,962)	5,117,915	-	(18,617,713)
Deduct adjustment for prior periods:					
Restatement due to implementation of GASB 68	(313,836)	(273,772)	(80,127)		(667,735)
Reclassification of fixed asset purchases			(50,000)		(50,000)
Net position, beginning of year, as					
restated	(13,478,502)	(10,844,734)	4,987,788		(19,335,448)
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (17,798,216)	\$ (12,877,137)	\$ 4,458,369	\$ -	\$ (26,216,984)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Developer	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,051,897	\$ 2,846,189	\$ 1,123,932	\$ 1,952,695	\$ 9,974,713
Cash paid for interfund services provided	(311,764)	(271,965)	(79,599)	(378,051)	(1,041,379)
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,589,131)	(1,197,512)	(343,406)	(1,128,717)	(4,258,766)
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,151,002	1,376,712	700,927	445,927	4,674,568
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Due to other funds	23,719	129,662			153,381
Advances received	230,744	112,640			343,384
CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	254,463	242,302			496,765
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Payment for acquisition of capital assets	(2,349)	(2,348)	(2,348)	_	(7,045)
Principal paid on long term debt	(1,386,054)	(1,011,664)	(354,999)	_	(2,752,717)
Interest paid on long term debt	(751,511)	(580,214)	(187,126)	-	(1,518,851)
CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,139,914)	(1,594,226)	(544,473)		(4,278,613)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES:					
Interest received	844	109	795	802	2,550
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND					
INVESTMENTS	266,395	24,897	157,249	446,729	895,270
Cash and investments, beginning of year	2,536,808	1,778,329	1,084,739	234,647	5,634,523
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,803,203	\$ 1,803,226	\$ 1,241,988	\$ 681,376	\$ 6,529,793
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS					
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:					
Cash and investments	\$ 420,185	\$ 52,868	\$ 676,654	\$ 681,376	\$ 1,831,083
Restricted cash and investments	2,383,018	1,750,358	565,334	-	4,698,710
CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 2,803,203	\$ 1,803,226	\$ 1,241,988	\$ 681,376	\$ 6,529,793
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS					
TO THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (466,835)	\$ 119,016	\$ 144,493	\$ (802)	\$ (204,128)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	+ (:::,:::)	,	4,	+ (==)	((- 0 1, 1 - 0)
to cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	2,524,802	1,366,542	594,005		4,485,349
Pension expense			-		-
Bad debt expense	108	22,071	7,296		29,475
(Increase) decrease in customer receivables	60,386	(142,548)	(51,344)	652,988	519,482
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow	2,914	2,635	771		6,320
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - supplier	13,514	(4,575)	1,734	(77,661)	(66,988)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - interfund			-	(629,102)	(629,102)
Increase (decrease) in deposits from others	556			-	556
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	18,514	16,150	4,727	-	39,391
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue				500,504	500,504
Increase (decrease) in pension liability	(2,957)	(2,579)	(755)	_	(6,291)
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,151,002	\$ 1,376,712	\$ 700,927	\$ 445,927	\$ 4,674,568
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE ON NON-CASH ACTIVITIES					
Finance charge added to loan balance	\$ 3,093,388	\$ 1,565,616	\$ 486,333		\$ 5,145,337

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The reporting entity refers to the scope of activities, organizations and functions included in the financial statements. The Mountain House Community Services District (District), formed in 1996, is a political subdivision created by the State of California and, as such, can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State of California. The District operates under the general laws of the State and is governed by an elected five-member Board of Directors (Board). In November 2008, Mountain House residents voted to have a locally-elected Board of Directors. The Board currently consists of five members of the community elected at large.

For financial reporting purposes, the District's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the Board. The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities.

The District entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated April 1, 2007, between the District and the County of San Joaquin for the purpose of creating the Mountain House Public Financing Authority (Authority). The Authority was created to facilitate the financing and refinancing of certain public programs and projects of the District through the issuance of the Utility Systems Revenue Bonds. The District owns the underlying capital assets that were financed with this debt. The accompanying basic financial statements of the District include the financial activities of the Authority as a blended component unit of the District, because financial operations are closely related and the District is financially accountable for the Authority. Debt issued by the Authority is reflected as debt of the District in these financial statements. The Authority has no other transactions and does not issue separate financial statements

<u>Basis of Presentation—Government-wide Statements</u>: The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function, and allocated indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

<u>Basis of Presentation—Fund Financial Statements</u>: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental and proprietary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds. The District has only one non-major fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources and transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes certain special accounts that are used to accumulate resources for designated purposes.
- The Special Assessments Fund is used to account for funding from property assessments to pay for roads, transportation, community services, public safety, public works, parks and recreation as a result of the adoption of Resolutions 96-1, 96-2, 96-3 and 96-4.
- The Impact Fees Fund is used to account for fees collected from builders to mitigate the impact of development. The fees are used to reimburse developers for identified infrastructure projects.

The District reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Water Fund is used to account for the revenues from water users and the associated expenses to provide water treatment and services, and debt service.
- The Wastewater Fund is used to account for the revenues from wastewater users and the associated expenses to provide wastewater treatment and services, and debt service.
- The Stormwater Fund is used to account for the revenues from stormwater line users and the associated expenses to provide stormwater treatment and services, and debt service.

Basis of Accounting: The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, special assessments and franchise fees. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes, special assessments and franchise fees is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available ("susceptible to accrual"). The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

For its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles Board or any accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The statements of cash flows include both cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are defined as all cash and investments with maturities of 90 days or less and the District's investment in the County of San Joaquin's pooled cash and investments.

Receivables, Unearned Revenue, and Unavailable Revenue: Receivables consist mostly of property taxes, developer reimbursements, and utility billings. Amounts in the Statement of Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Funds are aggregated into a single accounts receivable. Below is the detail of the receivable for the proprietary funds:

	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Developer Projects	Total
Receivable	\$ 406,599	\$ 475,409	\$ 154,445	\$ 183,405	\$ 1,219,858
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	(70,603)	(24,551)	(6,145)		(101,299)
Ending balance	\$ 335,996	\$ 450,858	\$ 148,300	\$ 183,405	\$ 1,118,559

The District reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arises when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized. The District also reports unavailable revenues on its financial statements, which arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Revenue is recognized when the revenue recognition criteria are met.

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: Certain resources set aside for repayment of revenue bonds and pledged notes payable are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement. The amounts reported as restricted cash consistent of debt service reserves as well as accumulated pledged revenue restricted accounts containing the portion of the utility bills that are pledged for repayment of the revenue bonds and the pledged notes payable.

The capital improvement fee portion of the District's utility bill collections from its customers is pledged to pay debt service on the bonds and to reimburse the developers for the cost of the construction of the utility infrastructure. The cash and receivables not yet disbursed to the developer or to the bond trustee are reported as restricted assets. This cash is held at Wells Fargo Bank to pay related debt service on the revenue bonds issued, with the remainder being used to pay the pledged notes payable to the developers.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical costs or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 for equipment/furniture and \$5,000 for structures and improvements, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets acquired by the governmental funds are accounted for as expenditures of those funds and capitalized and recorded as assets in the government-wide financial statements. Contributed fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Contributed capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, tract improvements, right of ways, and utility facilities.

Costs of assets sold or retired (and related amounts of accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss is included in the operating statement of the related fund. In governmental funds, the sale of general capital assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as proceeds from sale.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements that significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of fixed assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Structures and Improvements	10-50 years
Equipment and Machinery	2-10 years
Infrastructure	25 years

Compensated Absences: Compensated absences are comprised of unpaid vacation and certain compensated time off, which are accrued as earned. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or such events take place. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The District's liability for compensated absences is recorded in the General Fund. Unused sick leave benefits generally do not vest with the employee upon separation and have not been accrued. Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, net of any related discounts. Issuance costs are reported as deferred outflows and are amortized over the life of the related debt.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pledged Notes Payable: The District acquired various infrastructure facilities from developers through various Project Acquisition Agreements. In accordance with the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement and various Project Reimbursement Agreements, the District is obligated to reimburse for the accepted infrastructure based on agreed-upon amounts. In accordance with the agreements, financing charges are applied to the outstanding balance using the percentage increase in the Engineering News Record (ENR), a construction cost index. The rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 2.412%. Repayment of the governmental activities pledged notes payable are made as impact fees are collected. If fees collected are insufficient to completely reimburse the developers at the time of build-out, the District will not have further obligation for reimbursement. Repayment of the business-type activities pledged notes are made from the capital improvement fee included in the utility billings received from the customers. When the developers have been fully reimbursed, the capital improvement fee will be used by the District to refurbish or replace the infrastructure.

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u>: Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on July 1st and are payable in two installments on December 10th and April 10th.

The County of San Joaquin is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. The District recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

The District participates in an alternative method of distribution of property tax levies and assessments known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allows counties to distribute secured real property and assessment and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to districts each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments, penalties and interest during a fiscal year will revert to the County.

Special Assessments: There are five special taxes used to fund the services in the District. Each tax is levied per one hundred square feet of living area and per one hundred square feet of parcel area. The tax rate is subject to adjustment annually. The various assessments fund the capital and operating costs of providing roadways and other transportation infrastructure; public safety; parks, recreation, and community facilities; and public works services. The County of San Joaquin collects the special assessments as part of the property tax collection system and the District recognizes special assessment revenue when the installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

<u>Net Position/Fund Balances</u>: The government-wide and business-type activities financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. These categories are described on the following page:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category represents net position that are subject to constraints either
 (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or
 regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling
 legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

In the Governmental Fund Statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use by those external to the District, including creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments. It also includes constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making or by a body or an official designed for that purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance the residual classification that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications

The District's Board establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of a resolution. When restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed. The District's committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>New Pronouncements</u>: In February 2015, the GASB approved Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and will require additional disclosures about assets and liabilities measure at fair value. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2015 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$ 20,848,276	\$ 1,831,083 4,698,710	\$ 22,679,359 4,698,710
	\$ 20,848,276	\$ 6,529,793	\$ 27,378,069

At June 30, 2015, the District's total cash and investments at fair value were as follows:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 5,300
Deposits in financial institutions	2,069,623
Total cash	2,074,923
Investments:	
Pooled in County Treasury	22,541,836
Restricted with fiscal agent	2,761,310
Total investments	25,303,146
Total cash and investments	\$ 27,378,069

Except for amounts held by fiscal agents in accordance with bond ordinances and the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement, all of the District's cash is deposited in the County Treasury. The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available to all funds for which the County Treasury is the depository, for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and consist of cash held in the bank or on hand, debt securities, and investments in third-party investment pools. The San Joaquin County Treasury Oversight Committee (Committee) has oversight responsibility for San Joaquin County's cash and investment pool. The Committee consists of ten members as required by state law. The value of the pooled shares in San Joaquin County that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different that the fair value of the District's position in the pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District's cash and investments are required to be stated at fair value at June 30, 2015, determined using statements provided by custodial agents. Interest earned on the pooled funds is accrued and apportioned quarterly, based upon the average daily balance of each fund. Information regarding categorizing, ratings, and risk of investments and fair value reporting can be found in the County of San Joaquin's annual financial report, which can be obtained by contacting the Auditor-Controller's office at the County of San Joaquin.

<u>Investment Policy</u>: The District has not adopted an investment policy, but the County's Board of Supervisors approves an investment policy each year and provides oversight for all pooled investments in the County Treasury. California statutes authorize special district to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issue
Transfized investment Type		0110110110	III OHE IBBUE
Local agency bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	100%	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	None	None
California Local Agency debt	5 years	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
High grade commercial paper	270 days	30%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	None
Medium term corporate notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage pass-through securities	5 years	20%	None
Collateralized negotiable investments	5 years	None	None
Repurchase agreements	92 days	100%	None
LAIF	N/A	50mil	None
Local government investment pools	N/A	None	None

The District complied with the provisions of California Government Code pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The District will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk of Cash Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure the District's cash deposits by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the District's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the District's total cash deposits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,069,623 and the bank balance was \$2,076,712. The District had balances of \$1,826,712 above the federally insured limit of \$250,000.

<u>Funds Held by Fiscal Agents</u>: The District holds all of its restricted investments with a fiscal agent in various accounts for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the 2007 Revenue Bonds and the 2011 Revenue Bonds, paying down the pledged notes payable and to establish a reserve for the bond issues. The fair value of investments is determined monthly based upon quoted market prices.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changed in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of its investments by maturity as of June 30, 2015:

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 2,761,310	32 days
	\$ 2,761,310	

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the instrument. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type as of June 30, 2015:

	Minimum Legal Rating	Rating	Amount
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	\$ 2,761,310
			\$ 2,761,310

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District had no investment policy limiting the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. At June 30, 2015, the District had no investments in one issuer (other than mutual funds and the San Joaquin Pooled Investment Fund) that represented 5% or more of total District investments.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: For investments and deposits held with fiscal agents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the District's cash and investments with fiscal agents had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE C – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables represent borrowing between funds at year-end. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Amount due to and from other funds are for temporary loans to cover deficit cash and other shortfalls.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund Wastewater Fund Developer Projects Fund	\$ 53,056 252,435 13,740
		\$ 319,231

Advances to/from other funds:

Advances to utility funds are the result of shortfalls of expenses over revenues in the early years where the utility funds cannot generate enough revenue in a start-up community to pay all the operating expenses. It is expected that at some point in the future the utility funds will generate revenues in excess of expenses, which will be used for the repayment of advances.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund Wastewater Fund Stormwater Fund	\$ 2,656,665 3,141,659 250,392
		\$ 6,048,716

Transfer in/out:

Interfund transfers, which is to reimburse the General Fund for administrative costs, for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
General Fund	Impact Fee Fund	\$ 137,226

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

		Balance at June 30, 2014	Δ	Additions	1	Deletions		Balance at ine 30, 2015
Governmental Activities	S	June 30, 2014		raditions		Cictions	30	1110 30, 2013
Capital assets, not bein	 '							
Land	<i>C</i> 1	\$ 28,041,500					\$	28,041,500
Total capital assets		<u> </u>						
	not being depreciated	28,041,500						28,041,500
Capital assets, being de	preciated:							
Equipment		664,013	\$	16,873				680,886
Infrastructure		194,107,540		11,665				194,119,205
Total capital as	ssets, being depreciated	194,771,553		28,538				194,800,091
Less accumulated depre	eciation for:							
Equipment		(600,115)		(27,611)				(627,726)
Infrastructure		(66,269,235)		(7,764,789)				(74,034,024)
Total ac	ccumulated depreciation	(66,869,350)		(7,792,400)		-		(74,661,750)
	s being depreciated, net	127,902,203		(7,763,862)				120,138,341
	MENTAL ACTIVITIES	Ф 155 042 502	Ф	(7.7(2.0(2)	Φ		Φ	140 170 041
C	CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 155,943,703	<u> </u>	(7,763,862)	\$		\$	148,179,841
		Balance at June 30, 2014	A	dditions	Ι	Deletions		Balance at ine 30, 2015
Business-Type Activitie			A	dditions	I	Deletions		
Capital assets, not being			A	dditions	I	Deletions		ine 30, 2015
	g depreciated:		A	dditions	I	Deletions		
Capital assets, not being	g depreciated: Total capital assets,	June 30, 2014 \$ 2,604,300	A	dditions	I	Deletions		2,604,300
Capital assets, not being	g depreciated:	June 30, 2014	A	dditions	I	Deletions		ine 30, 2015
Capital assets, not being Land	depreciated: Total capital assets, not being depreciated	June 30, 2014 \$ 2,604,300	A	dditions	I	Deletions		2,604,300
Capital assets, not being	depreciated: Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300			<u>I</u>			2,604,300 2,604,300
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de	depreciated: Total capital assets, not being depreciated	June 30, 2014 \$ 2,604,300		<u> </u>				2,604,300
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment	depreciated: Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300		<u> </u>				2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated:	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300		<u> </u>				2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment Other property	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 964,443 224,267,451		7,045		(50,000)		2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being der Equipment Other property Less accumulated depre	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 964,443 224,267,451 225,231,894		7,045		(50,000)		2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451 225,188,939
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment Other property	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 964,443 224,267,451		7,045		(50,000)		2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment Other property Less accumulated depre Equipment Other property	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,443 224,267,451 225,231,894 (914,443)		7,045		(50,000)		2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451 225,188,939 (914,443)
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment Other property Less accumulated depre Equipment Other property	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated ciation for: cumulated depreciation Capital assets being	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,443 224,267,451 225,231,894 (914,443) (36,553,678)		7,045 7,045 (4,485,349)		(50,000)		2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451 225,188,939 (914,443) (41,039,027)
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment Other property Less accumulated depre Equipment Other property Total ac	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated ciation for: cumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,443 224,267,451 225,231,894 (914,443) (36,553,678)		7,045 7,045 (4,485,349)		(50,000)		2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451 225,188,939 (914,443) (41,039,027)
Capital assets, not being Land Capital assets, being de Equipment Other property Less accumulated depre Equipment Other property Total ac	Total capital assets, not being depreciated preciated: Total capital assets, being depreciated ciation for: cumulated depreciation Capital assets being	\$ 2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 964,443 224,267,451 225,231,894 (914,443) (36,553,678) (37,468,121) 187,763,773	\$	7,045 7,045 (4,485,349) (4,485,349)		(50,000)	\$	2,604,300 2,604,300 2,604,300 921,488 224,267,451 225,188,939 (914,443) (41,039,027) (41,953,470)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government		\$ 19,674
Public ways		6,841,070
Culture and recreation		931,656
	Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,792,400
Depreciation expense was charged to the business	-type functions as follows:	
Water		\$ 2,524,802
Wastewater		1,366,542

Total Business-type Activities \$_\$4,485,349

594,005

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Stormwater

The following is a summary of long-term debt of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Maturity	Interest Rates	Principal Installments	Date of Issue	Amount Authorized	Outstanding June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities Debt						
Pledged notes payable (to acquire infrastructure from developers)	None	Agreement based	Based on impact fee receipts	Various	\$ 132,401,349	\$ 108,446,273
Business-type Activities Debt						
Revenue bonds, Series 2007 (to refinance the acquisition and construction of water, wastewater, and storm drain improvements)	2033	4.0% - 5.2%	\$430,000-\$1,680,000	2007	\$ 24,365,000	\$ 20,425,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2011 (to refinance the acquisition and construction of water, wastewater, and storm drain improvements)	2036	2.00% - 5.75%	\$100,000 - \$2,200,000	2011	10,000,000	8,785,000
Pledged notes payable (to acquire water, wastewater, and storm drain infrastructure and utilities)	None	Agreement based	Based on utility revenue receipts	Various	185,085,788	182,387,423
Total Business-type Activities					\$ 219,450,788	\$ 211,597,423

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Pledged notes payable Compensated absences Pension liability	\$107,469,024 130,033 3,154,699	\$ 3,059,381 120,829 281,231	\$(2,082,132) (135,007) (308,051)	\$108,446,273 115,855 3,127,879	\$ 3,253,388 43,272
Total governmental activities long-term liabilties	\$110,753,756	\$ 3,461,441	\$(2,525,190)	\$111,690,007	\$ 3,296,660
Business-type Activities Revenue bonds Less discount Pledged notes payable Pension liability	\$ 30,000,000 (406,575) 179,204,802 739,993	\$ 5,145,338 65,968	\$ (790,000) 19,604 (1,962,717) (72,259)	\$ 29,210,000 (386,971) 182,387,423 733,702	\$ 830,000 2,502,220
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 209,538,220	\$ 5,211,306	\$(2,805,372)	\$211,944,154	\$ 3,332,220

<u>Payment Requirements for Debt Service</u>: Due to the unknown amount and timing of future debt payments on the pledged notes payable, the future maturity schedules for these payables are not available. As of June 30, 2015, annual debt service requirements of the revenue bonds to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-type Activities					
June 30:		Principal		Interest		Total
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2031-2035	\$	830,000 865,000 905,000 945,000 990,000 5,730,000 7,330,000 9,410,000	\$	1,480,071 1,442,471 1,405,736 1,363,491 1,315,921 5,771,457 4,131,633 1,986,704	\$	2,310,071 2,307,471 2,310,736 2,308,491 2,305,921 11,501,457 11,461,633 11,396,704
2031-2033		2,205,000		63,250		2,268,250
Totals	\$	29,210,000	\$	18,960,734	\$	48,170,734

<u>Pledged Revenues</u>: The District has pledged utility revenues to secure the repayment of principal and interest on the revenue bonds and the pledged notes payable in accordance with the terms and the provisions of the bonds and other agreements. Total principal and interest remaining on the revenue bonds is \$48,170,734, payable through December 2035. Total principal and finance charges accrued through June 30, 2015 on the pledged notes payable is \$182,387,423. For the current year ended, principal and interest paid on the revenue bonds was \$790,000 and \$1,518,851, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE E – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Payments totaling \$1,962,717 were made during the year on the pledged notes payable. Total pledged utility revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$4,494,971, which represents 100% of the revenue pledged for repayment of the revenue bonds and the pledged notes payable.

In addition, the District has pledged impact fees to secure repayment of the pledged notes payable in accordance with the terms of the Master Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement. Total principal and finance charges accrued through June 30, 2015 on these pledged notes payable is \$108,446,273. Payments totaling \$2,082,132 were made during the year on the pledged notes payable. Total pledged revenue for the fiscal year end June 30, 2015 was \$2,082,132, which represents 100% of the revenue pledged for this use.

Arbitrage: The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. During the current year, the District performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings and at June 30, 2015, does not expect to incur a liability.

NOTE F - OPERATING LEASES

The District has two operating leases to rent space for the administration and library buildings. The administration building lease expires in December, 2019. The library lease expires in January, 2019. The minimum future lease obligations are listed below:

	Govermental Activities	
Year Ended June 30:		
2016	\$	351,298
2017		363,341
2018		381,592
2019		382,063
Thereafter		191,787
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,670,081

Total rent expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$573,428.

NOTE G-PENSION PLANS

<u>Plan Descriptions</u>: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association (SJCEA).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE G –PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The County Employee's Retirement Act of 1937 is the statutory basis for the SJCERA. The Board of Retirement has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The SJCERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the SJCERA. A copy of the financial report may be obtained by writing to the Board of Retirement, San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association, 6 South El Dorado, Suite 400, Stockton, California 95202.

Benefits Provided: SJCERA provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (52 for Tier 2) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is the following: the 1957 Survivor Benefit or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Tier 1 (Prior to	Tier 2 (On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013)	January 1, 2013)
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	2.0% @ 55 1/2	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 62	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.48% to 2.61%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates - 2015	5.27% - 8.39%	9.38%
Required employer contribution rates - 2015	34.64%	29.47%

The Tier 1 Plan is closed to new members that are not already SJCERA eligible participants.

Contributions: Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of December 31 by SJCERA. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plans were as follows:

	 Tier 1 Tier		Tier 2
Contributions - employer	\$ 440,052	\$	133,376

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE G –PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>: As of June 30, 2015, the District reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$3,861,581.

The net pension liability as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013 rolled forward to December 31, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans as of December 31, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

Proportion - December 31, 2013	0.3113%
Proportion - December 31, 2014	0.2931%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(0.2000%)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recorded pension expense of \$781,464 for all Plans combined. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to all Plans combined from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ows Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	193,119		
Change in employer's proportion and differences between				
the employer's contribution and the employer's				
proportionate share of contributions		153,362	\$	(180,849)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments				(26,470)
Total	\$	346,481	\$	(207,319)

The \$193,119 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as net deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ (15,369) (15,369) (15,369) (7,850)
	\$ (53,957)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total pension liabilities in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuations for each of the Plans were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date December 31, 2013
Measurement Date December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation 3.00%
Amortization Growth Rate 3.25%
Salary Increases 3.25% plus merit component
Cost of Living Salary Increase 2.60%
Investment Rate of Return 7.5% (1)
Mortality RP-2000 Combined Mortality, projected with

generational improvements using Scale BB

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's plan net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as both December 31 2014 and 2013.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class for each of the Plans. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return (a)
Fixed Income	24.00%	1.20%
U.S. Equity	16.25%	5.80%
Non U.S. Equity	16.25%	6.20%
Global Equity	1.50%	6.20%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.40%
Real Assets	7.00%	1.80%
Global Opportunistic	15.00%	7.50%
Risk Parity	10.00%	4.50%
Total	100.0%	

⁽a) An expected inflation of 3.0% used.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	6.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,354,990
Current Discount Rate	7.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,861,579
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	8.50% \$ 2,632,335

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SJCERA financial reports.

NOTE H – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters and employees' health. The District purchases commercial insurance for liability, property, error and omissions, and workers' compensation.

The District insures through the County of San Joaquin's self-insurance programs for unemployment compensation, medical insurance, and dental insurance. The County also purchases commercial stop loss insurance for the health and dental insurance coverage in excess of the County-covered portion. Settled claims have not exceeded the County coverage or the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE I – FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION DEFICIT

The following funds had deficit net position at June 30, 2015:

	Deficit
	Amount
Water	\$ (17,798,216)
Wastewater	(12,877,137)

The deficit in these funds are expected to be eliminated in future years through future revenues.

NOTE J – COMMITMENTS

During May 2015, the District entered into service agreement with French Camp Rural County Fire Protection District (Fire District) for fire protection and emergency medical services. The term of agreement began on September 15, 2015 through September 14, 2029. The initial annual fee for the contract is \$1,842,000, and will be renegotiated by April 30 of each year. If the District and the Fire District cannot agree on an amount, the current annual fee will be increased by 3%.

The District entered into an agreement on June 22, 2015 with Byron-Bethany Irrigation District (Irrigation District) whereby the District, in addition to paying actual costs of water delivered, agrees to indemnify the Irrigation District for any and all costs, including, but not limited to, any fines penalties, legal or other costs associated with any enforcement or other action brought by the State Water Resources Control Board or any other rent related to the Irrigation District's diversion of water to meet the water supply requirements of the District while the State Water Resources Control Board curtailment of the Irrigation District's pre-1914 appropriative water rights is in effect.

NOTE K – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

During the year ended June 30, 2015 the District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. These Statements required the District to recognize in its accrual basis financial statements the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the District's pension plans. These Statements also required contributions made after the June 30, 2014 measurement date used in the actuarial valuations for the pension plans to be reported as deferred outflows of resources.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

NOTE K – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

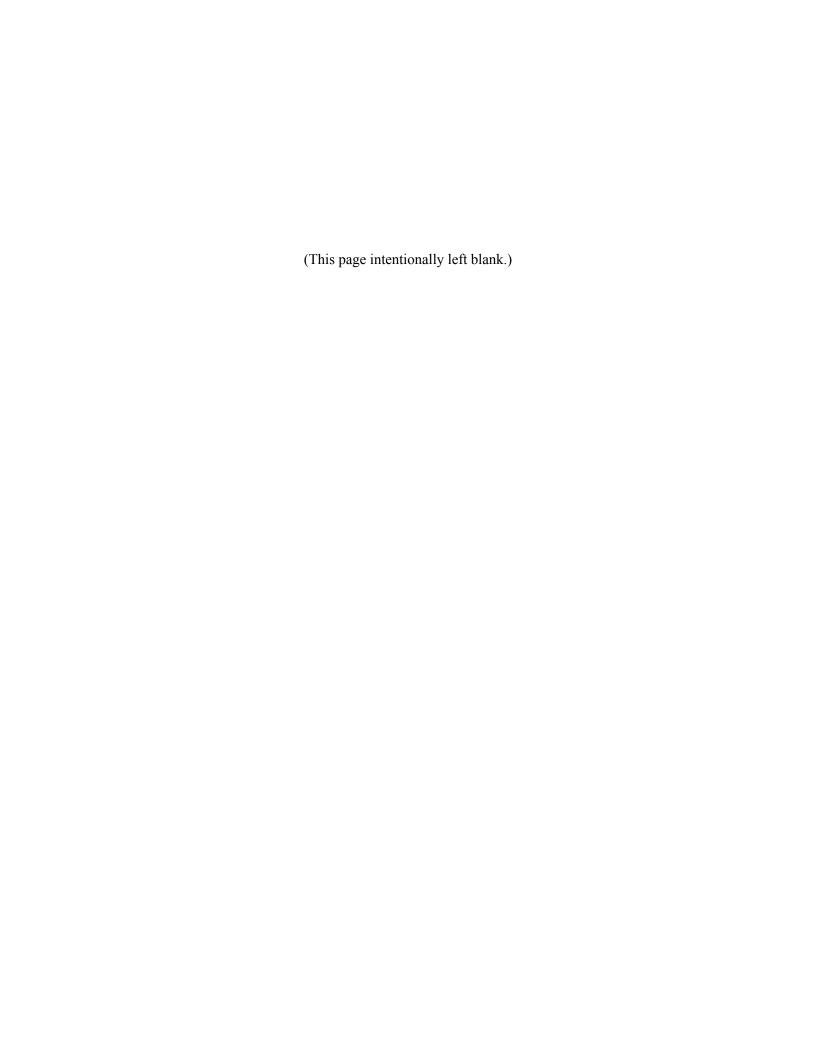
Due to the implementation of these Statements, the balances previously reported as of July 1, 2014 changed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Changes due to new Standards - Increase (Decrease):			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 308,050	\$ 72,258	
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,154,699	\$ 739,993	
Net Position	\$ 2,846,649	\$ 667,735	

NOTE L – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District restated net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 for the Stormwater Fund by \$50,000 due to the misclassification of expenses as capital assets in the prior year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,372,000	\$ 3,005,000	\$ 3,056,591	\$ 51,591
Licenses and permits	134,000	134,000	42,112	(91,888)
Franchise fees	535,000	535,000	655,006	120,006
Developer and impact fees	-	-	10,379	10,379
Investment earnings	3,000	3,000	28,408	25,408
Other revenues	25,000	25,000	44,592	19,592
Total revenues	3,069,000	3,702,000	3,837,088	135,088
Expenditures				
Current:				
	2 002 720	2 022 247	2 574 440	257 907
General government Capital outlay	3,082,728	2,932,247	2,574,440 7,045	357,807 (7,045)
Total expenditures	3,082,728	2,932,247	2,581,485	350,762
Total experiences	3,002,720	2,732,217	2,501,105	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(13,728)	769,753	1,255,603	485,850
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer in	151,465	159,763	137,226	(22,537)
Transfers out	(309,588)	(1,132,397)	-	1,132,397
Total other financing sources (uses)	(158,123)	(972,634)	137,226	1,109,860
Net change in fund balances	(171,851)	(202,881)	1,392,829	1,595,710
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,645,298	8,645,298	8,645,298	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,473,447	\$ 8,442,417	\$ 10,038,127	\$ 1,595,710

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

Special Assessments Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Special Assessment	\$ 7,475,731	\$ 7,235,731	\$ 7,244,664	\$ 8,933
Investment earnings	4,000	4,000	12,750	8,750
Other revenues	-	5,250	24,302	19,052
Total revenues	7,479,731	7,244,981	7,281,716	36,735
Expenditures Current:				
Public safety	4,073,100	4,073,100	3,802,067	271,033
Public ways and facilities	1,385,500	1,420,500	1,189,208	231,292
Recreation and culture	2,494,385	1,120,185	771,241	348,944
Capital outlay	2,474,363	1,120,103	21,493	(21,493)
Capital Odday			21,473	(21,475)
Total expenditures	7,952,985	6,613,785	5,784,009	829,776
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(473,254)	631,196	1,497,707	866,511
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer in	160,000	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	160,000			
Net change in fund balances	(313,254)	631,196	1,497,707	866,511
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,084,228	5,084,228	5,084,228	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,770,974	\$ 5,715,424	\$ 6,581,935	\$ 866,511

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Impact Fees Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Developer and impact fees	\$ 3,480,650	\$ 3,480,650	\$ 4,715,264	\$ 1,234,614
Investment earnings	14,500	14,500	17,517	3,017
Total revenues	3,495,150	3,495,150	4,732,781	1,237,631
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public ways and facilities	12,000	12,000	12,000	-
Debt service				
Principal	1,554,000	1,554,000	2,082,132	(528,132)
Total expenditures	1,566,000	1,566,000	2,094,132	(528,132)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	1,929,150	1,929,150	2,638,649	709,499
(Onder) Experientares	1,727,130	1,727,130	2,030,047	707,477
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer out	(101,100)	(101,100)	(137,226)	(36,126)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(101,100)	(101,100)	(137,226)	(36,126)
Net change in fund balances	1,828,050	1,828,050	2,501,423	673,373
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,771,964	6,771,964	6,771,964	
F 11	e 0.000.014	e 0.000.014	e 0.272.207	e (72.272
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,600,014	\$ 8,600,014	\$ 9,273,387	\$ 673,373

MOUNTAIN HOUSE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2015

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District prepares and legally adopts an operating balanced final budget on or before July 1, of each year. Public hearings are conducted to review all proposed appropriations and the sources of financing before the adoption. Until the adoption of this balanced final budget, operations are governed by the prior budget, which is approved by the Board of Directors.

The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Throughout the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations may be made by the Board when revenues are received from unanticipated sources, or from anticipated sources in excess of estimates thereof, or from contingency sources.

The legal level for budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations) is at the index level. An "index" for legal appropriation purposes may be (1) a single department (2) a division of a large department having multiple divisions, or (3) an entire fund.

All amendments or transfers of line item appropriations within the same index require the General Manager's approval. Amendments and transfers of appropriations between indexes or that involve the addition or deletion of a project or piece of equipment must be approved by the General Manager. The Board of Directors has authorized the General Manager of the District to make year-end budget adjustments and appropriation transfers within the respective District budgets and funds to provide for expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts.

Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and amended during the fiscal year by resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	June 30, 2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	29.31000%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,861,581
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 1,273,202
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	303.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.18%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after December 31, 2014 as they have minimal cost impact.

Changes in assumptions: None.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 367,300
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(367,300)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 1,273,202
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	28.85%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: January 1, 2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Asset valuation method Excess earnings smoothed over 5 years, 80%/120% corridor around market

value

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Discount rate 7.50%
Amortization growth rate 3.25%
Price inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.25%, plus merit component based on employee classification and years of

service

Mortality Healthy: RP2000 Combined Healthy Table with Generational Projection

using Projection Scale BB

Disabled: RP2000 Combined Healthy Table with Generational Projection using Projection Scale BB, Set-forward 8 Years for males and females

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date.



OTHER REPORT





Telephone: (916) 564-8727 FAX: (916) 564-8728

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District Mountain House, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain House Community Services District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the following items to be significant deficiencies:

<u>District Closing Procedures</u>: The District's closing procedures were delayed resulting in 5 adjustments made during the audit process to properly close the District's general ledger. This is a significant improvement over the prior where we noted 24 adjustments were needed to properly close the District's general ledger. We propose that the District continue with the proposal of developing accounting procedures to ensure that the District is able to identify all closing entries prior to the audit field work.

To the Board of Directors Mountain House Community Services District

<u>Management Response</u>: We agree that the closing process can be improved. As noted by the auditor, we implemented procedures, checklists and templates to ensure that routine tasks are performed in a consistent and timely manner. We will develop a formal closing procedure for yearend closing, taking into account the issues that were identified during the audit process.

<u>Journal Entries</u>: Currently, the District does not have in place an individual who has the ability to review general ledger journal entries performed by the business manager. We recommend the District implement controls to ensure that all adjusting journal entries are subsequently reviewed and approved by a separate individual.

<u>Management Response</u>: The accountant reviews and updates journal entries prepared by the business manager. The accountant has gained knowledge and experience with the general ledger during the first year of her appointment. The accountant had previously processed accounts payable and cash receipting and, as a result, was familiar with the general ledger accounts and transaction processing. We will continue to emphasize training in the management of the general ledger.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 16, 2016